

Package ‘MTurkR’

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Description Provides R access to the Amazon Mechanical Turk (MTurk) Requester API.

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Description

This package provides access to the Amazon Mechanical Turk (MTurk) API via R, including all the basic API calls, plus additional wrappers to simplify multiple sequential calls and transform the XML returned by the API requests into R data structures (especially, dataframes). The package provides users of the MTurk Requester User Interface (RUI) with access to a variety of functions currently unavailable to them (the creation and maintenance of worker Qualifications, email notifications to workers through [ContactWorker](#), and streamlined bonus payments through [GrantBonus](#)). It also provides users with all functions available in the RUI directly in R as well as a large number of other functions, with a relatively simple command-line interface.

The core functionality is enacted through [request](#) and [authenticate](#), though most users are unlikely to use these functions directly. (And, the needs of even advanced users can probably be satisfied by the functionality of [request](#) for making arbitrary API requests.) Instead, most users will find themselves using four principal functions: [credentials](#), [CreateHIT](#), [GetAssignments](#), and [ApproveAssignments](#), to define one's MTurk (AWS) credentials, to create one or more HITs on the MTurk server, to retrieve completed assignments, and to approve assignments (and thus pay workers), respectively. Critically important, nothing in MTurkR will work during a given session without either first setting AWS credentials with the [credentials](#) function or specifying those credentials atomically within each function.

There are five common parameters that can be specified in most MTurkR functions: `keypair`, `print`, `log.requests`, and `sandbox`. The first of these is the AWS credentials parameter just described (whose default can be set globally with [credentials](#)), and the latter four are logicals. `print` causes certain information to be displayed on the standard output when functions are executed. `log.requests` records details of API calls in the working directory (see [readlogfile](#)). Setting the parameter `sandbox=TRUE` executes requests in the developer sandbox rather than the live server. This can be set globally with `options('MTurkR.sandbox')`, where the default is `FALSE`.

A lightweight menu-based Wizard (called by [MTurkR.Wizard](#)) is also available for beginners to interactively connect with MTurk. The wizard is designed to quickly create HITs, approve and reject work, contact or bonus workers, grant Qualifications, and so forth. While helpful, the wizard is intended only to facilitate beginners and is not intended to mimic anything near the full functionality of individual MTurkR functions.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

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References

[MTurkR homepage](#)

[Amazon Mechanical Turk](#)

[Amazon Mechanical Turk API Documentation](#)

AccountBalance	<i>Retrieve MTurk account balance</i>
----------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Retrieves the amount of money (in US Dollars) in your MTurk account. `SufficientFunds` provides a wrapper that checks whether your account has sufficient funds based upon specified characters of your HIT.

Usage

```
AccountBalance(verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

```
SufficientFunds(amount = NULL, assignments = NULL, hits = NULL,
                bonus.ct = NULL, bonus.amount = NULL, masters = FALSE,
                turkfee = 0.1, turkmin = 0.005, mastersfee = 0.2, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>amount</code>	Intended per-assignment payment amount.
<code>assignments</code>	Number of intended assignments (per HIT, if multiple HITs).
<code>hits</code>	Number of HITs.
<code>bonus.ct</code>	Number of intended bonuses.
<code>bonus.amount</code>	Amount of each bonus.
<code>masters</code>	A logical indicating whether MTurk Masters will be used. Default is FALSE.
<code>turkfee</code>	Amazon's fee as percentage of payments. Default is 10-percent (as 0.10).
<code>turkmin</code>	Amazon's minimum per-assignment fee. Default is \$0.005.
<code>mastersfee</code>	Amazon's additional charge for use of MTurk Masters. Default is 20-percent (as 0.20).
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

`AccountBalance` takes no substantive arguments. `SufficientFunds` is a wrapper for `AccountBalance` that accepts as inputs information about intended payments and bonuses to check whether your account has sufficient funds. If `sandbox=TRUE`, `AccountBalance` always returns “\$10,000.00”.

`accountbalance()` and `getbalance()` are aliases for `AccountBalance`.

Value

Return value is an object of class “`MTurkResponse`”, including an additional character string (`balance`) containing the balance of the account in US Dollars. Note: object is returned invisibly.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References[API Reference](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
AccountBalance()
SufficientFunds(amount = ".25", assignments = "50", hits = "5")
SufficientFunds(bonus.ct = "150", bonus.amount = ".75")

## End(Not run)
```

ApproveAssignment	<i>Approve Assignment(s)</i>
-------------------	------------------------------

Description

Approve one or more submitted assignments, or approve all assignments for a given HIT or HIT-Type. Also allows you to approve a previously rejected assignment. This function spends money from your MTurk account.

Usage

```
ApproveAssignment(assignments, feedback = NULL, rejected = FALSE,
                  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)

ApproveAllAssignments(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
                      feedback = NULL,
                      verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

assignments	A character string containing an AssignmentId, or a vector of multiple character strings containing multiple AssignmentIds, to approve.
hit	A character string containing a HITId all of whom's assignments are to be approved. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit.type	A character string containing a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds) all of whose HITs' assignments are to be approved. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.

annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to approve all assignments for all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “73832” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
feedback	An optional character string containing any feedback for a worker. This must have length 1 or length equal to the number of workers. Maximum of 1024 characters. For ApproveAllAssignments, must be length 1.
rejected	A logical indicating whether the assignment(s) had previously been rejected (default FALSE). Approval of previously rejected assignments must be conducted separately from other approvals.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Approve assignments, by AssignmentId (as returned by [GetAssignment](#) or by HITId or HITTypeId. Must specify assignments xor hit xor hit.type. ApproveAllAssignments approves all assignments of a given HIT or HITType without first having to perform [GetAssignment](#).

ApproveAssignments() and approve() are aliases for ApproveAssignment. approveall() is an alias for ApproveAllAssignments.

Value

A dataframe containing the list of AssignmentIds, feedback (if any), and whether or not each approval request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Approve Assignment](#)

[API Reference: Approve Rejected Assignment](#)

See Also

[RejectAssignment](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Approve one assignment
ApproveAssignment(assignments = "26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE")
```

```
# Approve multiple assignments with the same feedback
ApproveAssignment(assignments = c("26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE1",
                                  "26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE2"),
                  feedback = "Great work!")

# Approve all assignments for a given HIT
ApproveAllAssignments(hit = "2MQB727M0IGF304GJ16S1F4VE3AYDQ")
# Approve all assignments for a given HITType
ApproveAllAssignments(hit.type = "2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW")
# Approve all assignments for a given batch from the RUI
ApproveAllAssignments(annotation="BatchId:78382;")

## End(Not run)
```

AssignQualification *Assign Qualification*

Description

Assign a Qualification to one or more workers. The QualificationType should have already been created by [CreateQualificationType](#), or the details of a new QualificationType can be specified atomically. This function also provides various options for automatically specifying the value of a worker's QualificationScore based upon a worker's statistics.

Usage

```
AssignQualification(qual, workers, value = "1", notify = FALSE,
                   name = NULL, description = NULL, keywords = NULL,
                   status = NULL, retry.delay = NULL,
                   test = NULL, answerkey = NULL, test.duration = NULL,
                   auto = NULL, auto.value = NULL,
                   conditional.statistic = NULL, conditional.comparator = NULL,
                   conditional.value = NULL, conditional.period = NULL,
                   set.statistic.as.value = FALSE,
                   verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId.
workers	A character string containing a WorkerId, or a vector of character strings containing multiple WorkerIds.
value	A character string containing the value to be assigned to the worker(s) for the QualificationType.
notify	A logical indicating whether workers should be notified that they have been assigned the qualification. Default is FALSE.

name	An optional character string specifying a name for a new QualificationType. This is visible to workers. Cannot be modified by UpdateQualificationType.
description	An optional character string specifying a longer description of the QualificationType. This is visible to workers. Maximum of 2000 characters.
keywords	An optional character string containing a comma-separated set of keywords by which workers can search for the QualificationType. Cannot be modified by UpdateQualificationType. Maximum of 1000 characters.
status	A character vector of “Active” or “Inactive”, indicating whether the QualificationType should be active and visible.
retry.delay	An optional time (in seconds) indicating how long workers have to wait before requesting the QualificationType after an initial rejection.
test	An optional character string consisting of a QuestionForm data structure, used as a test a worker must complete before the QualificationType is granted to them.
answerkey	An optional character string consisting of an AnswerKey data structure, used to automatically score the test.
test.duration	An optional time (in seconds) indicating how long workers have to complete the test.
auto	A logical indicating whether the Qualification is automatically granted to workers who request it. Default is FALSE.
auto.value	An optional parameter specifying the value that is automatically assigned to workers when they request it (if the Qualification is automatically granted).
conditional.statistic	An optional character string containing the name of a statistic (see ListStatistics) that should be used to conditionally assign the QualificationType to workers.
conditional.comparator	An optional character string containing a comparator by which a worker’s score of a qualification is compared to the specified value. One of <, <=, >, >=, ==, !=, Exists.
conditional.value	An optional numeric or character string value against which workers scores will be compared. The QualificationType will only be assigned to those whose score on the specified statistic meet the comparison to this value.
conditional.period	An optional character string specifying the period for the statistic. Must be one of: “OneDay”, “SevenDays”, “ThirtyDays”, “LifeToDate”. Default is “LifeToDate”.
set.statistic.as.value	An optional logical specifying whether the worker’s value of the statistic should be used as the value they are assigned for the QualificationType. Default is FALSE and value is used instead.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A very robust function to assign a Qualification to one or more workers. The simplest use of the function is to assign a Qualification of the specified value to one worker, but assignment to multiple workers is possible. Workers can be assigned a Qualification previously created by [CreateQualificationType](#) or with the characteristics of a new QualificationType specified atomically. Qualifications can also be assigned conditional on each worker's value of a specified statistic (including assigning the value of the specified statistic as the worker's score for the Qualification).

AssignQualifications() and assignqual() are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the list of workers, the QualificationTypeId, the value each worker was assigned, whether they were notified of their QualificationType assignment, and whether the request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateQualificationType](#)

[UpdateQualificationScore](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
CreateQualificationType(name="Worked for me before",
  description="This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
  status = "Active",
  keywords="Worked for me before")

# assign qualification to single worker
AssignQualification(qual1$QualificationTypeId, "A1R09UJNWXMU65", value = "50")

# assign a new qualification (defined atomically)
AssignQualification(workers = "A1R09UJNWXMU65",
  name = "Worked for me before",
  description = "This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
  status = "Active",
  keywords = "Worked for me before")

# assign a qualification to a workers based upon their worker statistic
AssignQualification(qual1$QualificationTypeId,
  workers="A1R09UJNWXMU65",
```

```

conditional.statistic="NumberAssignmentsApproved",
conditional.comparator=">",
conditional.value="5",
conditional.period="LifeToDate",
set.statistic.as.value=TRUE)

DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)

```

authenticate

Authenticate an MTurk Request

Description

An internal function to authenticate requests, deprecated as of v0.5.

Usage

```

authenticate(operation, secret,
             service = "AWSMechanicalTurkRequester", version = "2012-03-25")

```

Arguments

operation	A character string containing the operation to be performed.
secret	The AWS Secret Access Key used to encode the authentication signature.
service	The MTurk service to which the authenticated request will be sent. Supplied only for advanced users.
version	The version of the MTurk API that will be used. Default is the most current version.

Details

This is a former function that authenticated MTurk API requests. It is now deprecated because [request](#) now calculates the authentication signature internally and has added `service` and `version` arguments.

Value

A list containing the operation to be performed, a base64 encoded, HMAC signature character string, and a formatted timestamp.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References[API Reference](#)**See Also**[request](#)

 Blocking Workers *Block/Unblock Worker(s)*

Description

Block or unblock a worker. This prevents a worker from completing any HITs for you while they are blocked, but does not affect their ability to complete work for other requesters or affect their worker statistics. `GetBlockedWorkers` retrieves your list of currently blocked workers.

Usage

```
BlockWorker(workers, reasons, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

```
UnblockWorker(workers, reasons = NULL, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

```
GetBlockedWorkers(pagenumber = NULL, pagesize = NULL,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>workers</code>	A character string containing a <code>WorkerId</code> , or a vector of character strings containing multiple <code>WorkerIds</code> .
<code>reasons</code>	A character string containing a reason for blocking or unblocking a worker. This must have length 1 or length equal to the number of workers. It is required for <code>BlockWorker</code> and optional for <code>UnblockWorker</code> .
<code>pagenumber</code>	An optional integer (or character string) indicating which page of Blocked Workers search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
<code>pagesize</code>	An optional integer (or character string) indicating how many Blocked Workers should be returned per page of results. Most users can ignore this and the function will return the first 65,535 blocks.
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

BlockWorker prevents the specified worker from completing any of your HITs. UnblockWorker reverses this operation.

GetBlockedWorkers retrieves currently blocked workers and the reason recorded for their block. This operation returns the first 65,535 blocked workers (the default for pagesize; access to additional blocked workers is available by specifying a pagenumber greater than 1).

BlockWorkers() and block() are aliases for BlockWorker. UnblockWorkers() and unblock() are aliases for UnblockWorker. blockedworkers() is an alias for GetBlockedWorkers.

Value

BlockWorker and UnblockWorker return a dataframe containing the list of workers, reasons (for blocking/unblocking them), and whether the request to block/unblock each of them was valid.

GetBlockedWorkers returns a dataframe containing the list of blocked workers and the recorded reason for the block.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Block](#)

[API Reference: Unblock](#)

[API Reference: GetBlockedWorkers](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:

BlockWorker(worker, reasons="Did not follow photo categorization HIT instructions.")
GetBlockedWorkers()
UnblockWorker(worker)

## End(Not run)
```

Description

Change the HITType of a HIT from one HITType to another (e.g., to change the title, description, or qualification requirements associated with a HIT). This will cause a HIT to no longer be grouped with HITs of the previous HITType and instead be grouped with those of the new HITType. You cannot change the payment associated with a HIT without expiring the current HIT and creating a new one.

Usage

```
ChangeHITType(hit = NULL, old.hit.type = NULL, new.hit.type = NULL,
              title = NULL, description = NULL, reward = NULL, duration = NULL,
              keywords = NULL,
              auto.approval.delay = NULL, qual.req = NULL,
              old.annotation = NULL,
              verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>hit</code>	An optional character string containing the HITId whose HITTypeId is to be changed, or a vector of character strings containing each of multiple HITIds to be changed. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>old.hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> .
<code>old.hit.type</code>	An optional character string containing the HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds) whose HITs are to be changed to the new HITTypeId. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>old.hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> .
<code>new.hit.type</code>	An optional character string specifying the new HITTypeId that this HIT should be visibly grouped with (and whose properties, e.g. reward amount, this HIT should inherit).
<code>title</code>	An optional character string containing the title for the HITType. All HITs of this HITType will be visibly grouped to workers according to this title.
<code>description</code>	An optional character string containing a description of the HITType. This is visible to workers.
<code>reward</code>	An optional character string containing the per-assignment reward amount, in U.S. Dollars (e.g., "0.15").
<code>duration</code>	An optional character string containing the duration of each HIT, in seconds (for example, as returned by seconds).
<code>keywords</code>	An optional character string containing a comma-separated set of keywords by which workers can search for HITs of this HITType.
<code>auto.approval.delay</code>	An optional character string specifying the amount of time, in seconds (for example, as returned by seconds), before a submitted assignment is automatically granted.
<code>qual.req</code>	An optional character string containing one a QualificationRequirement data structure, as returned by GenerateQualificationRequirement .
<code>old.annotation</code>	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs to change the HITType of. This can be used to change the HITType for all HITs from a "batch" created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form "BatchId:78382;", where "78382" is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>old.hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> .
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

This function changes the HITType of a specified HIT (or multiple specific HITs or all HITs of a specified HITType) to a new HITType. `hit` xor `old.hit.type` must be specified. Then, either a new HITTypeId can be specified or a new HITType can be created by atomically by specifying the characteristics of the new HITType.

`changehittype()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe listing the HITId of each HIT who HITType was changed, its old HITTypeId and new HITTypeId, and whether the request for each HIT was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[RegisterHITType](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
hittype1 <-
RegisterHITType(title = "10 Question Survey",
  description =
    "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
  reward = ".20",
  duration = seconds(hours=1),
  keywords = "survey, questionnaire, politics")
a <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit <- CreateHIT(hit.type = hittype1$HITTypeId,
  assignments = 1,
  expiration = seconds(days=1),
  question = a$string)

# change to HITType with new reward amount
hittype2 <-
RegisterHITType(title = "10 Question Survey",
  description =
    "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
  reward = ".45",
  duration = seconds(hours=1),
  keywords = "survey, questionnaire, politics")
ChangeHITType(hit = hit$HITId,
```

```

new.hit.type=hittype2$HITTypeId)

# Change to new HITType, with arguments stated atomically
ChangeHITType(hit = hit$HITId,
  title = "10 Question Survey",
  description =
    "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
  reward = ".20",
  duration = seconds(hours=1),
  keywords = "survey, questionnaire, politics")

# expire and dispose HIT
ExpireHIT(hit = hit$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit = hit$HITId)

## End(Not run)

```

ContactWorker

Contact Worker(s)

Description

Contact one or more workers. This sends an email with specified subject line and body text to one or more workers. This can be used to recontact workers in panel/longitudinal research or to send follow-up work. Most likely will need to be used in tandem with [GrantBonus](#) to implement panels.

Usage

```
ContactWorker(subjects, msgs, workers, batch = FALSE,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

subjects	A character string containing subject line of an email, or a vector of character strings of of length equal to the number of workers to be contacted containing the subject line of the email for each worker. Maximum of 200 characters.
msgs	A character string containing body text of an email, or a vector of character strings of of length equal to the number of workers to be contacted containing the body text of the email for each worker. Maximum of 4096 characters. Newlines can be specified with <code>\n</code> and tabs can be specified with <code>\t</code> in the message body.
workers	A character string containing a <code>WorkerId</code> , or a vector of character strings containing multiple <code>WorkerIds</code> .
batch	A logical (default is <code>FALSE</code>), indicating whether workers should be contacted in batches of 100 (the maximum allowed by the API). This significantly reduces the time required to contact workers, but eliminates the ability to send customized messages to each worker.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Send an email to one or more workers, either with a common subject and body text or subject and body customized for each worker.

In batch mode (when `batch=TRUE`), workers are contacted in batches of 100 with a single identical email. If one email fails (e.g., for one worker) the other emails should be sent successfully. That is to say, the request as a whole will be valid but will return additional information about which workers were not contacted. This information can be found in the MTurkR log file and viewing the XML responses directly.

Note: It is only possible to contact workers who have performed work for you previously. When attempting to contact a worker who has not worked for you before, this function will indicate that the request was successful even though the email is not sent. The function will return a value of "HardFailure" for `Valid` when this occurs. The printed results may therefore appear contradictory because MTurk reports that requests to contact these workers are `Valid`, but they are not actually contacted. In batch, this means that a batch will be valid but individual ineligible workers will be reported as not contacted.

`ContactWorkers()` and `contact()` are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the list of workers, subjects, and messages, and whether the request to contact each of them was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- "Complete a follow-up survey for $.50"
b <- "Thanks for completing my HIT!
I will pay a $.50 bonus if you complete a follow-up survey by Friday at 5:00pm.
The survey can be completed at
http://www.surveymonkey.com/s/pssurvey?c=A1R09UEXAMPLE."

# contact one worker
c1 <- "A1R09UEXAMPLE"
d <- ContactWorker(subjects = a,
                   msgs = b,
                   workers = c1)

# contact multiple workers in batch
c2 <- c("A1R09EXAMPLE1", "A1R09EXAMPLE2", "A1R09EXAMPLE3")
e <- ContactWorker(subjects = a,
                   msgs = b,
```



```

        workers = c2,
        batch = TRUE)

## End(Not run)

```

 CreateHIT

Create HIT

Description

Create a HIT. This is the most important function in the package. It creates a HIT based upon the specified parameters: (1) characteristics inherited from a HITType or specification of those parameters and (2) some kind of Question data structure.

Usage

```

CreateHIT(hit.type = NULL, question = NULL, validate.question = FALSE,
          expiration, assignments = "1",
          assignment.review.policy = NULL, hit.review.policy = NULL,
          annotation = NULL, unique.request.token = NULL,
          title = NULL, description = NULL, reward = NULL, duration = NULL,
          keywords = NULL,
          auto.approval.delay = NULL, qual.req = NULL,
          hitlayoutid = NULL, hitlayoutparameters = NULL,
          response.group = NULL, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)

```

Arguments

<code>hit.type</code>	An optional character string specifying the HITTypeId that this HIT should be visibly grouped with (and whose properties, e.g. reward amount, this HIT should inherit).
<code>question</code>	A mandatory (unless <code>layoutid</code> is specified) character string containing a <code>QuestionForm</code> , <code>HTMLQuestion</code> , or <code>ExternalQuestion</code> data structure. In lieu of a question parameter, a <code>hitlayoutid</code> and, optionally, <code>hitlayoutparameters</code> can be specified.
<code>validate.question</code>	A logical specifying whether the <code>question</code> parameter should be validated against the relevant MTurk schema prior to creating the HIT (operation will fail if it does not validate, and will return validation information). Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>expiration</code>	The time (in seconds) that the HIT should be available to workers. Must be between 30 and 31536000 seconds.
<code>assignments</code>	A character string specifying the number of assignments
<code>assignment.review.policy</code>	An optional character string containing an Assignment-level <code>ReviewPolicy</code> data structure as returned by GenerateAssignmentReviewPolicy .

<code>hit.review.policy</code>	An optional character string containing a HIT-level ReviewPolicy data structure as returned by GenerateHITReviewPolicy .
<code>annotation</code>	An optional character string annotating the HIT. This is not visible to workers, but can be used as a label by which to identify the HIT from the API.
<code>unique.request.token</code>	An optional character string, included only for advanced users.
<code>title</code>	A character string containing the title for the HITType. All HITs of this HITType will be visibly grouped to workers according to this title. Maximum of 128 characters.
<code>description</code>	A character string containing a description of the HITType. This is visible to workers. Maximum of 2000 characters.
<code>reward</code>	A character string containing the per-assignment reward amount, in U.S. Dollars (e.g., “0.15”).
<code>duration</code>	A character string containing the amount of time workers have to complete an assignment for HITs of this HITType, in seconds (for example, as returned by seconds). Minimum of 30 seconds and maximum of 365 days.
<code>keywords</code>	An optional character string containing a comma-separated set of keywords by which workers can search for HITs of this HITType. Maximum of 1000 characters.
<code>auto.approval.delay</code>	An optional character string specifying the amount of time, in seconds (for example, as returned by seconds), before a submitted assignment is automatically granted. Maximum of 30 days.
<code>qual.req</code>	An optional character string containing one or more QualificationRequirements data structures, for example as returned by GenerateQualificationRequirement .
<code>hitlayoutid</code>	An optional character string including a HITLayoutId retrieved from a HIT template generated in the Requester User Interface, https://requester.mturk.com/hit_templates . If the HIT template includes variable placeholders, must also specify <code>hitlayoutparameters</code> .
<code>hitlayoutparameters</code>	An optional character string containing URL query parameter-formatted HIT-Layout parameters, for example returned by GenerateHITLayoutParameter . Must be specified along with a <code>hitlayoutid</code> .
<code>response.group</code>	An optional character string (or vector of character strings) specifying what details of each HIT to return of: “Request”, “Minimal”, “HITDetail”, “HITQuestion”, “HITAssignmentSummary”. For more information, see http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMTurkAPI/ApiReference_CommonParametersArticle.html .
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

This function creates a new HIT and makes it available to workers. Characteristics of the HIT can either be specified by including a valid HITTypeId for “hit.type” or creating a new HITType by atomically specifying the characteristics of a new HITType.

When creating a HIT, some kind of Question data structure must be specified. Either, a QuestionForm, HTMLQuestion, or ExternalQuestion data structure can be specified for the question parameter or, if a HIT template created in the Requester User Interface (RUI) is being used, the appropriate hitlayoutid can be specified. If the HIT template contains variable placeholders, then the hitlayoutparameters should also be specified.

When creating a ExternalQuestion HITs, the [GenerateHITsFromTemplate](#) function can emulate the HIT template functionality by converting a template .html file into a set of individual HIT .html files (that would also have to be uploaded to a web server) and executing CreateHIT for each of these external files with an appropriate ExternalQuestion data structure specified for the question parameter.

createhit() and create() are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the HITId and other details of the newly created HIT.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[ExtendHIT](#)
[ExpireHIT](#)
[DisableHIT](#)
[DisposeHIT](#)
[RegisterHITType](#)
[GenerateHITReviewPolicy](#)
[GenerateQualificationRequirement](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
## CreateHIT using HITLayout from MTurk Requester User Interface ##
a <- GenerateLayoutParameter("message","Text to display in HIT")
hit1 <- CreateHIT(hit.type = "2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
                 hitlayoutid = "23ZG00GQSCM61T1H5H9U0U00QWFFU",
                 expiration = seconds(days = 4),
                 hitlayoutparameters = a)
```

```
## CreateHIT using ExternalQuestion HIT URL ##
eq <- GenerateExternalQuestion("https://www.example.com/", "400")

### Specifying a HITTypeId ###
hit2 <- CreateHIT(hit.type = "2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
                 expiration = seconds(days = 4),
                 question = eq$string)

### Creating a new HITTypeId atomically ###
hit3 <- CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
                 description = "5 question survey",
                 reward = ".10",
                 expiration = seconds(days = 4),
                 duration = seconds(hours = 1),
                 keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
                 question = eq$string)

## CreateHIT using HTMLQuestion HIT Contents ##
f1 <- system.file("templates/htmlquestion1.xml", package = "MTurkR")
hq <- GenerateHTMLQuestion(file = f1)
hit4 <- CreateHIT(hit.type = "2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
                 expiration = seconds(days = 4),
                 question = hq$string)

## CreateHIT using QuestionForm HIT Contents ##
f2 <- system.file("templates/tictactoe.xml", package = "MTurkR")
qf <- GenerateHTMLQuestion(file = f2)
hit5 <- CreateHIT(hit.type = "2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
                 expiration = seconds(days = 4),
                 question = qf$string)

## Cleanup examples ##
ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
ExpireHIT(hit2$HITId)
ExpireHIT(hit3$HITId)
ExpireHIT(hit4$HITId)
ExpireHIT(hit5$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit2$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit3$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit4$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit5$HITId)

## End(Not run)
```

Description

Create a `QualificationType`. This creates a `QualificationType`, but does not assign it to any workers. All characteristics of the `QualificationType` (except name and keywords) can be changed later with [UpdateQualificationType](#).

Usage

```
CreateQualificationType(name, description, status, keywords = NULL,
                        retry.delay = NULL, test = NULL, answerkey = NULL,
                        test.duration = NULL,
                        validate.test = FALSE, validate.answerkey = FALSE,
                        auto = NULL, auto.value = NULL,
                        verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

name	A name for the <code>QualificationType</code> . This is visible to workers. It cannot be modified by UpdateQualificationType .
description	A longer description of the <code>QualificationType</code> . This is visible to workers. Maximum of 2000 characters.
status	A character vector of “Active” or “Inactive”, indicating whether the <code>QualificationType</code> should be active and visible.
keywords	An optional character string containing a comma-separated set of keywords by which workers can search for the <code>QualificationType</code> . Maximum 1000 characters. These cannot be modified by UpdateQualificationType .
retry.delay	An optional time (in seconds) indicating how long workers have to wait before requesting the <code>QualificationType</code> after an initial rejection. If not specified, retries are disabled and Workers can request a <code>Qualification</code> of this type only once, even if the Worker has not been granted the <code>Qualification</code> .
test	An optional character string consisting of a <code>QuestionForm</code> data structure, used as a test a worker must complete before the <code>QualificationType</code> is granted to them.
answerkey	An optional character string consisting of an <code>AnswerKey</code> data structure, used to automatically score the test, perhaps as returned by GenerateAnswerKey .
test.duration	An optional time (in seconds) indicating how long workers have to complete the test.
validate.test	A logical specifying whether the test parameter should be validated against the relevant MTurk schema prior to creating the <code>QualificationType</code> (operation will fail if it does not validate, and will return validation information). Default is FALSE.
validate.answerkey	A logical specifying whether the answerkey parameter should be validated against the relevant MTurk schema prior to creating the <code>QualificationType</code> (operation will fail if it does not validate, and will return validation information). Default is FALSE.
auto	A logical indicating whether the <code>Qualification</code> is automatically granted to workers who request it. Default is NULL meaning FALSE.

auto.value	An optional parameter specifying the value that is automatically assigned to workers when they request it (if the Qualification is automatically granted).
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to <code>request</code> .

Details

A function to create a `QualificationType`. Active `QualificationTypes` are visible to workers and to other requesters. All characteristics of the `QualificationType`, other than the name and keywords, can later be modified by `UpdateQualificationType`. Qualifications can then be used to assign Qualifications to workers with `AssignQualification` and invoked as `QualificationRequirements` in `RegisterHITType` and/or `CreateHIT` operations.

`createqual()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the `QualificationTypeId` and other details of the newly created `QualificationType`.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetQualificationType](#)

[DisposeQualificationType](#)

[UpdateQualificationType](#)

[SearchQualificationTypes](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Create
qual1 <- CreateQualificationType(name="Worked for me before",
  description="This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
  status = "Active",
  keywords="Worked for me before")
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
# QualificationType with test and answer key
```

```
qf <- paste0(readLines(system.file("qualificationtest1.xml", package = "MTurkR")), collapse="")
qa <- paste0(readLines(system.file("answerkey1.xml", package = "MTurkR")), collapse="")
qual1 <- CreateQualificationType(name = "Qualification with Test",
  description = "This qualification is a demo",
  test = qf,
  answerkey = qa, # optionally, use AnswerKey
  status = "Active",
  keywords = "test, autograted")
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

credentials

Specify MTurk/AWS Credentials

Description

Specify your Amazon Web Services (including MTurk) access credentials: (1) Access Key ID and (2) Secret Access Key. These are used to authenticate requests to the MTurk API and must be specified before any operations can be successfully performed by MTurkR.

Usage

```
credentials(keypair = NULL)
```

Arguments

keypair A two-item character vector containing the AWS Access Key ID and AWS Secret Access Key, in that order

Details

This is the first operation that needs to be performed before any MTurk API requests can be successfully performed in a given MTurkR session. The function simply stores the Access Key ID and the Secret Access Key as a two-item character vector in `getOption('MTurkR.keypair')`, which is called by default by all MTurkR operations. This operation can also be performed by loading [MTurkR.Wizard](#), which prompts for the keypair the first time it loads in a given R session.

Value

A two-item character vector containing an AWS Access Key ID in the first position and the corresponding Secret Access Key in the second position.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[AWS Access Credentials](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
credentials(keypair=c("AKIAJFYW03EEXAMPLE", "Bpyq5ZqpQGshEKfcfd8CwUXEXAMPLE/tD0oqYGvI"))

## End(Not run)
```

DisableHIT

Disable HIT

Description

Disabling a HIT is probably not what you want to do. DisableHIT automatically removes the HIT from the MTurk server, approves (and thus pays for) all submitted and pending assignments, and then permanently deletes all assignment data.

Usage

```
DisableHIT(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
           response.group = NULL,
           verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit	A character string containing a HITId or a vector of character strings containing multiple HITIds. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit.type	An optional character string containing a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds). Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to disable all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “78382” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
response.group	An optional character string specifying what details of each HIT to return of: “Minimal”, “HITQuestion”, “HITDetail”, “HITAssignmentSummary”. For more information, see http://docs.amazonwebservices.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_HITDataStructureArticle.html .
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Disable a HIT (and its assignment data). This is a somewhat risky function because it automatically approves all pending assignments and then disposes of everything. [DisposeHIT](#) is probably what most users will use to delete HIT and assignment data that is no longer needed.

`disable()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing a list of HITs and whether the request to disable each of them was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[ExtendHIT](#)

[ExpireHIT](#)

[DisposeHIT](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Disable a single HIT
b <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit1 <- CreateHIT(hit.type="2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
                 expiration = seconds(days = 1),
                 question=b$string)
DisableHIT(hit = hit1$HITId)

# Disable all HITs of a given HITType
DisableHIT(hit.type = hit1$HITTypeId)

# Disable all HITs of a given batch from the RUI
DisableHIT(annotation="BatchId:78382;")

## End(Not run)
```

DisposeHIT

*Dispose HIT***Description**

Dispose of a HIT that is no longer needed. You can only dispose of HITs that are Reviewable, with all assignments either approved or rejected.

Usage

```
DisposeHIT(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
           response.group = NULL,
           verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit	A character string containing a HITId or a vector of character strings containing multiple HITIds. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit.type	An optional character string containing a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds). Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to dispose of all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “78382” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
response.group	An optional character string specifying what details of each HIT to return of: “Minimal”, “HITQuestion”, “HITDetail”, “HITAssignmentSummary”. For more information, see http://docs.amazonwebservices.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_HITDataStructureArticle.html .
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Dispose of a HIT (and its assignment data) when it is no longer needed. Must specify a HITId or a HITTypeId, but not both. HITTypeId uses the [SearchHITs](#) operation to locate HITs of the specified HITType before disposing of them.

`disposehit()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing a list of HITs and whether the request to dispose of each of them was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[ExtendHIT](#)

[ExpireHIT](#)

[DisableHIT](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Dispose a single HIT
b <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit1 <-
  CreateHIT(hit.type = "2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
            expiration = seconds(days = 1),
            question=b$string)
ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId) # must be expired before disposing
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

# Dispose all HITs of a given HITType
DisposeHIT(hit.type = hit1$HITTypeId)

# Dispose all HITs of a given batch from the RUI
DisposeHIT(annotation="BatchId:78382;")

## End(Not run)
```

DisposeQualificationType

Dispose QualificationType

Description

Dispose of a QualificationType. This deletes the QualificationType, Qualification scores for all workers, and all records thereof.

Usage

```
DisposeQualificationType(qual, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to dispose of a QualificationType that is no longer needed. All information about the QualificationType and all workers' Qualifications of that type are permanently deleted.

`disposequal()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationTypeId and whether the request to dispose was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetQualificationType](#)

[CreateQualificationType](#)

[UpdateQualificationType](#)

[SearchQualificationTypes](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
  CreateQualificationType(name="Worked for me before",
    description="This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
    status = "Active",
    keywords="Worked for me before")
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

ExpireHIT

*Expire HIT***Description**

Force a HIT to expire immediately, as opposed to at its prespecified expiration time. Expired HITs can be extended with the [ExtendHIT](#) operation.

Usage

```
ExpireHIT(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
          verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit	A character string containing a HITId or a vector of character strings containing multiple HITIds. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation, otherwise all HITs are returned in HITStatus.
hit.type	An optional character string containing a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds). Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation, otherwise all HITs are returned in HITStatus.
annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to expire all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “78382” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation, otherwise all HITs are returned in HITStatus.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to (prematurely) expire a HIT (or multiple HITs), thereby preventing any additional assignments from being completed. Pending assignments can still be submitted. An expired HIT can be reactivated by adding additional time to its expiration using [ExtendHIT](#).

`expire()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the HITId(s) and whether each expiration request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References[API Reference](#)**See Also**[CreateHIT](#)[ExtendHIT](#)[DisableHIT](#)[DisposeHIT](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
a <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/","400")
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(hit.type="2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW", question = a$string)

# expire HIT
ExpireHIT(hit = hit1$HITId)

# Expire all HITs of a given batch from the RUI
ExpireHIT(annotation="BatchId:78382;")

## End(Not run)
```

ExtendHIT*Extend HIT*

Description

Extend the time remaining on a HIT or the number of assignments available for the HIT.

Usage

```
ExtendHIT(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
          add.assignments = NULL, add.seconds = NULL,
          unique.request.token = NULL, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit An optional character string containing a HITId or a vector of character strings containing multiple HITIds. Must specify `hit` xor `hit.type` xor `annotation`.

hit.type An optional character string containing a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds). Must specify `hit` xor `hit.type` xor `annotation`.

<code>annotation</code>	An optional character string specifying the value of the <code>RequesterAnnotation</code> field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to extend all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “78382” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> .
<code>add.assignments</code>	An optional character string containing the number of assignments to add to the HIT. Must be between 1 and 1000000000.
<code>add.seconds</code>	An optional character string containing the amount of time to extend the HIT, in seconds (for example, returned by seconds). Must be between 1 hour (3600 seconds) and 365 days.
<code>unique.request.token</code>	An optional character string, included only for advanced users.
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A useful function for adding time and/or additional assignments to a HIT. If the HIT is already expired, this reactivates the HIT for the specified amount of time. If all assignments have already been submitted, this reactivates the HIT with the specified number of assignments and previously specified expiration. Must specify a `HITId` xor a `HITTypeId`. If multiple HITs or a `HITTypeId` are specified, each HIT is extended by the specified amount.

`extend()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the `HITId`, assignment increment, time increment, and whether each extension request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[ExpireHIT](#)

[DisableHIT](#)

[DisposeHIT](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(hit.type="2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW", question = a$string)

# add assignments
ExtendHIT(hit = hit1$HITId, add.assignments = "20")

# add time
ExtendHIT(hit = hit1$HITId, add.seconds = seconds(days=1))

# cleanup
DisableHIT(hit = hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
# Extend all HITs of a given batch from the RUI
ExtendHIT(annotation="BatchId:78382;", add.assignments = "20")

## End(Not run)
```

GenerateAnswerKey

Generate AnswerKey Data Structure

Description

Generate an AnswerKey data structure for a Qualification test.

Usage

```
GenerateAnswerKey(questions, scoring = NULL)
AnswerKeyTemplate(xml.parsed = NULL)
```

Arguments

questions	A dataframe containing QuestionIdentifiers, AnswerOptions, AnswerScores, and DefaultScores. See MTurk API Documentation.
scoring	An optional list containing QualificationValueMapping information. See MTurk API Documentation.
xml.parsed	A complete QuestionForm data structure parsed by xmlParse. Must specify this or the xml parameter.

Details

GenerateAnswerKey creates an AnswerKey data structure (possibly from a template created by AnswerKeyTemplate from a QuestionForm data structure), which serves to automatically score a Qualification test, as specified in the test parameter of CreateQualificationType. An AnswerKey data structure is also returned by GetQualificationType.

Value

GenerateAnswerKey returns a list containing an AnswerKey data structure as a parsed XML tree, character string containing that tree, and a url-encoded character string.

AnswerKeyTemplate returns a list that can be used in the questions parameter of GenerateAnswerKey. Placeholders are left for AnswerScore values to be manually entered prior to using it in GenerateAnswerKey.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateQualificationType](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:

qs <- list(list(QuestionIdentifier = "Question1",
               AnswerOption = list(SelectionIdentifier="A", AnswerScore=15),
               AnswerOption = list(SelectionIdentifier="B", AnswerScore=10),
               DefaultScore = 5),
           list(QuestionIdentifier = "Question2",
               AnswerOption = list(SelectionIdentifier="D", AnswerScore=10) ) )

scoring1 <- list(PercentageMapping=5)

scoring2 <- list(RangeMapping=list(list(InclusiveLowerBound=0,
                                       InclusiveUpperBound=20,
                                       QualificationValue=5),
                                   list(InclusiveLowerBound=21,
                                       InclusiveUpperBound=100,
                                       QualificationValue=10)),
               OutOfRangeQualificationValue=0)

ak1 <- GenerateAnswerKey(qs, scoring1)
ak2 <- GenerateAnswerKey(qs, scoring2)

## End(Not run)
```

GenerateExternalQuestion

Generate ExternalQuestion

Description

Generate an ExternalQuestion data structure for use in the ‘Question’ parameter of the [CreateHIT](#) operation.

Usage

```
GenerateExternalQuestion(url, frame.height)
```

Arguments

<code>url</code>	A character string containing the URL (served over HTTPS) of a HIT file stored anywhere other than the MTurk server.
<code>frame.height</code>	A character string containing the integer value (in pixels) of the frame height for the ExternalQuestion iframe.

Details

An ExternalQuestion is a HIT stored anywhere other than the MTurk server that is displayed to workers within an HTML iframe of the specified height. The URL should point to a page — likely an HTML form — that can retrieve several URL GET parameters for “AssignmentId” and “WorkerId”, which are attached by MTurk when opening the URL. The page should also be able to submit those parameters plus any assignment data to <https://www.mturk.com/mturk/externalSubmit> using either the HTTP GET or POST methods.

Note: `url` must be HTTPS. See [Wikipedia:HTTP Secure](#) for details.

Value

A list containing `xml.parsed`, an XML data structure, `string`, xml formatted as a character string, and `url.encoded`, character string containing a URL query parameter-formatted HTMLQuestion data structure for use in the `question` parameter of [CreateHIT](#).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[GenerateHITLayoutParameter](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- GenerateExternalQuestion(url="http://www.example.com/", frame.height="400")

hit1 <-
CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
          description = "5 question survey",
          reward = ".10",
          expiration = seconds(days = 4),
          duration = seconds(hours = 1),
          keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
          question = a$string)

ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
```

GenerateHITLayoutParameter

Generate a HITLayout Parameter

Description

Generate a HITLayout parameter based upon the names of HIT template variables and the values to substitute for those variables in a single HIT. Used in collaboration with a HIT Layout ID (https://requester.mturk.com/hit_templates) in the `CreateHIT` operation.

Usage

```
GenerateHITLayoutParameter(names, values)
```

Arguments

names	A character string containing the name of a HIT template variable or a vector of character strings containing the names of multiple HIT template variables.
values	A character string containing the value of a HIT template variable to be inserted for a specific HIT or a vector of character strings containing the values of multiple HIT template variables to be inserted for a specific HIT.

Details

This function provides the content for the `hitlayoutparameters` option of `CreateHIT`. Specifically, a HIT Template created in the MTurk Requester User Interface (RUI) has a number of placeholder variables for content to be inserted. This function supplies the content to be inserted into the template for one HIT. If multiple HITs are being created from one template, then `GenerateHITLayoutParameter` should be run once for each HIT.

Analogous functionality for producing .html files on the local workstation (e.g., to create multiple external HITs from the same template) is provided by [GenerateHITsFromTemplate](#).

Value

A character string containing URL query parameter-formatted HITLayout parameters, to be used in the `hitlayoutparameters` parameter of `CreateHIT`.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[GenerateExternalQuestion](#)

[GenerateHITsFromTemplate](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- GenerateHITLayoutParameter(names = "hitvariable",
                                values = "Text for HIT 1")
b <- GenerateHITLayoutParameter(names = "hitvariable",
                                values = "Text for HIT 2")
c <- GenerateHITLayoutParameter(names = c("hitvariable1", "hitvariable2"),
                                values = c("Headline for HIT1", "Text for HIT 1"))

# create HIT using layout parameter
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
          description = "5 question survey",
          reward = ".10",
          expiration = seconds(days=4),
          duration = seconds(hours = 1),
          keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
          # retrieved from MTurk web interface:
          hitlayoutid = "23ZG00GQSCM61T1H5H9U0U00QWFFU",
          hitlayoutparameters = a)

# cleanup
DisableHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
```

GenerateHITsFromTemplate

Generate HITs from a Template

Description

Generate individual HIT .html files from a local .html HIT template file, in the same fashion as the MTurk Requester User Interface (RUI). This function facilitates the use of ExternalQuestion data structures.

Usage

```
GenerateHITsFromTemplate(template, input, filenames = NULL, write.files = FALSE)
```

Arguments

template	A character string or filename for an .html HIT template
input	A dataframe containing one row for each HIT to be created and columns named identically to the placeholders in the HIT template file. Operation will fail if variable names do not correspond.
filenames	An optional list of filenames for the HITs to be created. Must be equal to the number of rows in input.
write.files	A logical specifying whether HIT .html files should be created and stored in the working directory. Or, alternatively, whether HITs should be returned as character vectors in a list.

Details

Generate HITs from a HIT template (containing placeholders for input data of the form `#{variablename}`). The tool provides functionality analogous to the MTurk RUI HIT template and can be performed on .html files generated therein. The HITs are returned as a list of character strings. If `write.files = TRUE`, a side effect occurs in the form of one or more .html files being written to the working directory, with filenames specified by the `filenames` option or, if `filenames=NULL` of the form “NewHIT1.html”, “NewHIT2.html”, etc.

`hitsfromtemplate()` is an alias.

Value

A list containing a character string for each HIT generated from the template.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Operation](#)

[API Reference: ExternalQuestion Data Structure](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- data.frame(hitvariable = c("HIT text 1", "HIT text 2", "HIT text 3"), stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
temp <- '<html><head></head><body>
<div>${hitvariable}<br/>
Question 1: <input type="text" name="var1"><br/>
Question 2: <input type="text" name="var2">
</div></body></html>'

# create templates
temps <- GenerateHITsFromTemplate(temp, input = a)

# create HITs from template
hittype1 <-
RegisterHITType(title="2 Question Survey",
                description=
                "Complete a 2-question survey",
                reward=".20",
                duration=seconds(hours=1),
                keywords="survey, questionnaire, politics")
hits <- lapply(temps, function(x) {
  CreateHIT(hit.type = hittype1$HITTypeId,
            expiration = seconds(days = 1),
            assignments = 2,
            question = GenerateHTMLQuestion(x)$string)
})

# cleanup
ExpireHIT(hit.type = hittype1$HITTypeId)
DisposeHIT(hit.type = hittype1$HITTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

GenerateHTMLQuestion *Generate HTMLQuestion*

Description

Generate an HTMLQuestion data structure for use in the 'Question' parameter of [CreateHIT](#).

Usage

```
GenerateHTMLQuestion(character = NULL, file = NULL, frame.height = 450)
```

Arguments

character	An optional character string from which to construct the HTMLQuestion data structure.
file	An optional character string containing a filename from which to construct the HTMLQuestion data structure.
frame.height	A character string containing the integer value (in pixels) of the frame height for the HTMLQuestion iframe.

Details

Must specify either character or file.

To be valid, an HTMLQuestion data structure must be a complete XHTML document, including doctype declaration, head and body tags, and a complete HTML form (including the form tag with a submit URL, the assignmentId for the assignment as a form field, at least one substantive form field (can be hidden), and a submit button that posts to the external submit URL; see [GenerateExternalQuestion](#)). If you fail to include a complete form, workers will be unable to submit the HIT. See the API Documentation for a complete example.

Value

A list containing `xml.parsed`, an XML data structure, `string.xml` formatted as a character string, and `url.encoded`, character string containing a URL query parameter-formatted HTMLQuestion data structure for use in the question parameter of [CreateHIT](#).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[GenerateExternalQuestion](#)

[GenerateHITLayoutParameter](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
f <- system.file("templates/htmlquestion1.xml", package = "MTurkR")
a <- GenerateHTMLQuestion(file=f)

hit1 <-
  CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
            description = "5 question survey",
            reward = ".10",
```

```

        expiration = seconds(days = 4),
        duration = seconds(hours = 1),
        keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
        question = a$string)

ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)

```

GenerateNotification *Generate Notification*

Description

Generate a HITType Notification data structure for use in [SetHITTypeNotification](#).

Usage

```

GenerateNotification(destination, transport = "Email", event.type,
                    version = "2006-05-05", event.number = "1", format = "REST")

```

Arguments

destination	Currently, a character string containing a complete email address (if transport="Email" or the SQS URL (if transport="SQS").
transport	Currently only "Email" and "SQS" are supported. AWS recommends the use of the SQS transport.
event.type	A character string containing one of: AssignmentAccepted, AssignmentAbandoned, AssignmentReturned, AssignmentSubmitted, HITReviewable, HITExpired, or Ping.
version	Version of the HITType Notification API to use. Intended only for advanced users.
event.number	Intended only for advanced users to construct custom Notifications.
format	Format of QualificationRequirement (SOAP or REST). Currently only REST is supported (as is the default).

Details

Generate a Notification data structure for use in the notification option of [SetHITTypeNotification](#).

Value

A character string containing a URL query parameter-formatted Notification data structure.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References[API Reference](#)[API Reference: Concept](#)**See Also**[SetHITTypeNotification](#)[SendTestEventNotification](#)

`GenerateQualificationRequirement`*Generate QualificationRequirement*

Description

Generate a QualificationRequirement data structure for use with [CreateHIT](#) or [RegisterHITType](#).

Usage

```
GenerateQualificationRequirement(qual,
                                comparator,
                                value,
                                preview = NULL,
                                qual.number = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>qual</code>	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId, or a vector of QualificationTypeIds. This parameter also accepts shorthand labels for built-in QualificationTypes: “Approved” (percent of assignments approved), “NumberApproved” (number of assignments approved), “Locale”, “Adult”, and MTurk “masters” QualificationTypes (“Masters”, “Categorization”, or “Photo Moderation”).
<code>comparator</code>	A character string containing a comparator, or a vector of comparators, by which a worker’s score of a qualification is compared to the specified value. One of <, <=, >, >=, !=, “Exists”, “DoesNotExist”, “In”, “NotIn”. For “Masters”-type qualifications, only “Exists” and “DoesNotExist” are available.
<code>value</code>	A numeric or character string value (or vector of such) against which workers scores will be compared. Must be a non-negative integer, except when <code>qualification="Locale"</code> (when it must be a two-digit country code) or when <code>comparator</code> is “Exists” or “DoesNotExist” (when it must be an empty character string). When using the “In” or “NotIn” comparators, each element in <code>value</code> can be a comma-separated string of up to 15 values (e.g., 15 discrete scores or 15 discrete locales to use for that Qualification).
<code>preview</code>	An optional logical specifying whether a worker must have the Qualification in order to preview the HIT on the MTurk worker site. The default is FALSE.
<code>qual.number</code>	An argument for primarily internal use.

Details

A convenience function to translate the details of a `QualificationRequirement` into the necessary structure for use in the `qual.req` parameter of `CreateHIT` or `RegisterHITType`. The function accepts three required parameters: `qual`, `comparator`, and `value`. `qual` must be a valid `QualificationTypeId` for either a built-in `QualificationType` (see [ListQualificationTypes](#)) or a custom `QualificationType` (e.g., one created with `CreateQualificationType`). Multiple `QualificationRequirements` can be generated in one call — that is, if a requester intends to impose multiple `QualificationRequirements` on a single `HITType`, those requirements must be specified in a single call to `GenerateQualificationRequirements`. Once attached to a `HITType`, only workers who meet all of the specified `QualificationRequirements` can complete assignments for a `HIT` of that `HITType`.

Value

Returns a character string (of class “`QualificationRequirement`”) containing URL-encoded `QualificationRequirements`.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[RegisterHITType](#)

Examples

```
a <- ListQualificationTypes()[2,2] # Number of HITs Approved
# one QualificationRequirement
q1 <- GenerateQualificationRequirement(a,">","90")
# two QualificationRequirements
q2 <- GenerateQualificationRequirement(c("Locale","Approved"),
                                     c("==",">"),
                                     c("US",90),
                                     preview = TRUE)
# one QualificationRequirement using the `In` comparator
q3 <- GenerateQualificationRequirement("Locale","In","US,GB")
# two QualificationRequirements using the `In` comparator
q4 <- GenerateQualificationRequirement(c("Locale","Approved"),
                                     c("==",">"),
                                     c("US,GB,DK",90),
                                     preview = c(TRUE,FALSE))
# `Exists` comparator
q5 <- GenerateQualificationRequirement("Approved", "Exists", "")
# Masters `DoesNotExist` comparator
q6 <- GenerateQualificationRequirement("Masters", "DoesNotExist", "")
```

GenerateReviewPolicy *Generate HIT and/or Assignment ReviewPolicies*

Description

Generate a HIT ReviewPolicy and/or Assignment ReviewPolicy data structure for use in [CreateHIT](#).

Usage

```
GenerateHITReviewPolicy(...)
```

```
GenerateAssignmentReviewPolicy(...)
```

Arguments

... ReviewPolicy parameters passed as named arguments. See details and examples.

Details

Converts a list of ReviewPolicy parameters into a ReviewPolicy data structure.

A ReviewPolicy works by testing whether an assignment or a set of assignments satisfies a particular condition. If that condition is satisfied, then specified actions are taken. ReviewPolicies come in two “flavors”: Assignment-level ReviewPolicies take actions based on “known” answers to questions in the HIT and HIT-level ReviewPolicies take actions based on agreement among multiple assignments. It is possible to specify both Assignment-level and HIT-level ReviewPolicies for the same HIT.

Assignment-level ReviewPolicies involve checking whether than assignment includes particular (“correct”) answers. For example, an assignment might be tested to see whether a correct answer is given to one question by each worker as a quality control measure. The ReviewPolicy works by checking whether a specified percentage of known answers are correct. So, if a ReviewPolicy specifies two known answers for a HIT and the worker gets one of those known answers correct, the ReviewPolicy scores the assignment at 50 (i.e., 50 percent). The ReviewPolicy can then be customized to take three kinds of actions depending on that score: `ApproveIfKnownAnswerScoreIsAtLeast` (approve the assignment automatically), `RejectIfKnownAnswerScoreIsLessThan` (reject the assignment automatically), and `ExtendIfKnownAnswerScoreIsLessThan` (add additional assignments and/or time to the HIT automatically). The various actions can be combined to, e.g., both reject an assignment and add further assignments if a score is below the threshold, or reject below a threshold and approve above, etc.

HIT-level ReviewPolicies involve checking whether multiple assignments submitted for the same HIT “agree” with one another. Agreement here is very strict: answers must be exactly the same across assignments for them to be a matched. As such, it is probably only appropriate to use closed-ended (e.g., multiple choice) questions for HIT-level ReviewPolicies otherwise ReviewPolicy actions might be taken on irrelevant differences (e.g., word capitalization, spacing, etc.). The ReviewPolicy works by checking whether answers to multiple assignments are the same (or at least whether a specified percentage of answers to a given question are the same). For example, if the goal is to

categorize an image into one of three categories, the ReviewPolicy will check whether two of three workers agree on the categorization (known as the “HIT Agreement Score”, which is a percentage of all workers who agree). Depending on the value of the HIT Agreement Score, actions can be taken. As of October 2014, only one action can be taken: `ExtendIfHITAgreementScoreIsLessThan` (extending the HIT in assignments by the number of assignments specified in `ExtendMaximumAssignments` or time as specified in `ExtendMinimumTimeInSeconds`).

Another agreement score (the “Worker Agreement Score”), measured the percentage of a worker’s responses that agree with other workers’ answers. Depending on the Worker Agreement Score, two actions can be taken: `ApproveIfWorkerAgreementScoreIsAtLeast` (to approve the assignment automatically) or `RejectIfWorkerAgreementScoreIsLessThan` (to reject the assignment automatically, with an optional reject reason supplied with `RejectReason`). A logical value (`DisregardAssignmentIfRejected`) specifies whether to exclude rejected assignments from the calculation of the HIT Agreement Score.

Note: An optional `DisregardAssignmentIfKnownAnswerScoreIsLessThan` excludes assignments if those assignments score below a specified “known” answers threshold as determined by a separate Assignment-level ReviewPolicy.

Value

Returns a list containing a character strings that reflects the URL-encoded `HITReviewPolicy` or `AssignmentReviewPolicy`.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

- [API Reference: QuestionForm](#)
- [API Reference \(ReviewPolicies\)](#)
- [API Reference \(Data Structure\)](#)

See Also

- [CreateHIT](#)
- [GetReviewResultsForHIT](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# HIT-level ReviewPolicies #

## Conditionally extend HIT based on HIT Agreement Score
lista <- list(QuestionIds = c("Question1", "Question2", "Question5"),
            QuestionAgreementThreshold = 49, # at least 50 percent agreement
            ExtendIfHITAgreementScoreIsLessThan = 50,
            ExtendMinimumTimeInSeconds = 3600,
            ExtendMaximumAssignments = 2,
            DisregardAssignmentIfRejected = TRUE)
policya <- do.call(GenerateHITReviewPolicy, lista)
```

```
## Conditionally approve and reject based on Worker Agreement Score
listb <- list(QuestionIds = c("Question1","Question2","Question5"),
             QuestionAgreementThreshold = 65, # at least two of three 'correct' answers
             ApproveIfWorkerAgreementScoreIsAtLeast = 65,
             RejectIfWorkerAgreementScoreIsLessThan = 34,
             DisregardAssignmentIfRejected = TRUE)
policyb <- do.call(GenerateHITReviewPolicy, listb)

# Attach an assignment review policy to a HIT
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
          description = "5 question survey",
          reward = ".10",
          expiration = seconds(days = 4),
          duration = seconds(hours = 1),
          keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
          hit.review.policy = policyb,
          question = GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400"))

# GetReviewResults
GetReviewResultsForHIT(hit1$HITId)

# cleanup
ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
# Assignment-level ReviewPolicies #

## Conditional approval of assignments based on percent of correct answers
lista <- list(AnswerKey = list("QuestionId1" = "B",
                              "QuestionId2" = "A"),
             ApproveIfKnownAnswerScoreIsAtLeast = 99)
policya <- do.call(GenerateAssignmentReviewPolicy, lista)

## Conditional rejection of assignments based on percent of correct answers
listb <- list(AnswerKey = list("QuestionId1" = "B",
                              "QuestionId2" = "A"),
             RejectIfKnownAnswerScoreIsLessThan = 1)
policyb <- do.call(GenerateAssignmentReviewPolicy, listb)

## Conditionally extend HIT with more time and assignments based on score
listc <- list(AnswerKey = list("QuestionId1" = "B"),
             ExtendIfKnownAnswerScoreIsLessThan = 100,
             ExtendMaximumAssignments = 2, # maximum value is 25
             ExtendMinimumTimeInSeconds = seconds(hours = 1))
polycyc <- do.call(GenerateAssignmentReviewPolicy, listc)

# Attach an assignment review policy to a HIT
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
```

```

        description = "5 question survey",
        reward = ".10",
        expiration = seconds(days = 4),
        duration = seconds(hours = 1),
        keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
        assignment.review.policy = policya,
        question = GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400"))

# GetReviewResults
GetReviewResultsForHIT(hit1$HITId)

# cleanup
ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
# HIT- and Assignment-level ReviewPolicies

## Conditional approval of assignments based on percent of correct answers
lista <- list(AnswerKey = list("QuestionId1" = "B",
                              "QuestionId2" = "A"),
            ApproveIfKnownAnswerScoreIsAtLeast = 99)
policya <- do.call(GenerateAssignmentReviewPolicy, lista)

## Conditionally extend HIT based on HIT Agreement Score
listb <- list(QuestionIds = c("Question3", "Question4", "Question5"),
            QuestionAgreementThreshold = 65, # at least 2/3rd agreement
            ExtendIfHITAgreementScoreIsLessThan = 66,
            ExtendMinimumTimeInSeconds = 3600,
            ExtendMaximumAssignments = 2,
            DisregardAssignmentIfRejected = TRUE)
policyb <- do.call(GenerateHITReviewPolicy, listb)

# Create HIT
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(title = "Survey",
          description = "5 question survey",
          reward = ".10",
          expiration = seconds(days = 4),
          duration = seconds(hours = 1),
          keywords = "survey, questionnaire",
          assignment.review.policy = policya,
          hit.review.policy = policyb,
          question = GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400"))

# GetReviewResults
GetReviewResultsForHIT(hit1$HITId)

# cleanup
ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

```

```
## End(Not run)
```

GetAssignment	<i>Get Assignment(s)</i>
---------------	--------------------------

Description

Get an assignment or multiple assignments for one or more HITs (or a HITType) as a dataframe.

Usage

```
GetAssignment(assignment = NULL, hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL,
              annotation = NULL, status = NULL,
              return.all = FALSE, pagenumber = "1", pagesize = "10",
              sortproperty = "SubmitTime", sortdirection = "Ascending",
              response.group = NULL, return.assignment.dataframe = TRUE,
              verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

assignment	An optional character string specifying the AssignmentId of an assignment to return. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit	An optional character string specifying the HITId whose assignments are to be returned, or a vector of character strings specifying multiple HITIds all of whose assignments are to be returned. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit.type	An optional character string specifying the HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds) of one or more HITs whose assignments are to be returned. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to retrieve all assignments for all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “73832” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
status	An optional character string (of “Approved”, “Rejected”, “Submitted”), specifying whether only a subset of assignments should be returned. If NULL, all assignments are returned (the default). Only applies when hit or hit.type are specified; ignored otherwise.
return.all	If TRUE, all available assignments are returned. Otherwise, only assignments falling within the specified pagenumber and pagesize search results are returned.
pagenumber	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned (only appropriate when specifying a single HITId). Most users can ignore this.

<code>pagesize</code>	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request (only appropriate when specifying a single HITId), between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
<code>sortproperty</code>	One of “AcceptTime”, “SubmitTime”, “AssignmentStatus”. Ignored if <code>return.all=TRUE</code> . Most users can ignore this.
<code>sortdirection</code>	Either “Ascending” or “Descending”. Ignored if <code>return.all=TRUE</code> . Most users can ignore this.
<code>response.group</code>	An optional character string (or vector of character strings) specifying what details to return. If <code>assignment</code> is specified, <code>response.group</code> can include any of “Request”, “Minimal”, “AssignmentFeedback”, “HITDetail”, and/or “HITQuestion”. If <code>hit</code> or <code>hit.type</code> is specified, <code>response.group</code> can include “Request”, “Minimal”, and/or “AssignmentFeedback”. For more information, see http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_CommonParametersArticle.html .
<code>return.assignment.dataframe</code>	A logical specifying whether the Assignment dataframe should be returned. Default is TRUE.
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

This function returns the requested assignments. The function must specify an `AssignmentId` xor a `HITId` xor a `HITTypeId`. If an `AssignmentId` is specified, only that assignment is returned. If a `HIT` or `HITType` is specified, default behavior is to return all assignments through a series of sequential (but invisible) API calls meaning that returning large numbers of assignments (or assignments for a large number of HITs in a single request) may be time consuming.

`GetAssignments()`, `assignment()`, and `assignments()` are aliases.

Value

Optionally a dataframe containing Assignment data, including workers responses to any questions specified in the `question` parameter of the `CreateHIT` function.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: GetAssignment](#)

[API Reference: GetAssignmentsForHIT](#)

See Also[GetHIT](#)[ApproveAssignment](#)[ApproveAllAssignments](#)[RejectAssignment](#)**Examples**

```

## Not run:
# get an assignment
GetAssignment(assignments="26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE")
# get all assignments for a HIT
GetAssignment(hit="2MQB727M0IGF304GJ16S1F4VE3AYDQ", return.all=TRUE)
# get all assignments for a HITType
GetAssignment(hit.type="2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW",
              return.all=FALSE, pagenumber="1", pagesize="50")
# get all assignments for an online batch from the RUI
GetAssignment(annotation="BatchId:78382;")

## End(Not run)

```

 GetBonuses

Get Bonus Payments

Description

Get details of bonuses paid to workers, by HIT, HITType, or Assignment.

Usage

```

GetBonuses(assignment = NULL, hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
           return.all = TRUE, pagenumber = "1", pagesize = "100",
           verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)

```

Arguments

assignment	An optional character string containing an AssignmentId whose bonuses should be returned. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit	An optional character string containing a HITId whose bonuses should be returned. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit.type	An optional character string containing a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds) whose bonuses should be returned. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.

annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to retrieve bonuses for all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “73832” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify assignment xor hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
return.all	A logical indicating whether all HITs (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is TRUE. Note: This is (temporarily) ignored.
pagenumber	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
pagesize	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Retrieve bonuses previously paid to a specified HIT, Assignment, or HITType.
`bonuses()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the details of each bonus, specifically: AssignmentId, WorkerId, Amount, CurrencyCode, FormattedPrice, Reason, and GrantTime.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GrantBonus](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Get bonuses for a given assignment
GetBonuses(assignment = "26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKL082DHNU")

# Get all bonuses for a given HIT
GetBonuses(hit = "2MQB727M0IGF304GJ16S1F4VE3AYDQ")

# Get bonuses from all HITs of a given batch from the RUI
```

```
GetBonuses(annotation="BatchId:78382;")
## End(Not run)
```

GetFileUpload *Get Files Uploaded by Workers*

Description

Get the URL for a file uploaded by a worker as part of a QuestionForm HIT, or download the file(s) directly to the working directory.

Usage

```
GetFileUpload(assignment, questionIdentifier, download = FALSE,
              open.file.in.browser = FALSE,
              verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE),
              ...)
```

Arguments

assignment	A character string containing an AssignmentId, or a vector of character strings each containing an AssignmentId.
questionIdentifier	A question identifier for a file upload question, as specified in the question parameter of CreateHIT or in the placeholder of a HIT template created in the RUI.
download	A logical specifying whether the file(s) should be downloaded and saved in the working directory. Default is FALSE.
open.file.in.browser	A logical specifying whether the file should be opened in the user's default web browser.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Note that a FileUploadURL is only valid for 60 seconds (per MTurk documentation), so URLs should either be retrieved one at a time or files should be automatically downloaded to the working directory with the `download = TRUE`. If `browser = TRUE`, request is executed in the user's default web browser, whereas if `open.file.in.browser = TRUE`, the request is executed in R and the file itself is opened in the browser.

If downloaded, files are saved in the local directory with names of the form "QuestionIdentifier_AssignmentId_UploadedFileName.UploadedFileExtension". One may want to use `setwd` to move to an appropriate directory before initiating this operation with `download = TRUE`.

`geturls()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the AssignmentId, questionIdentifier, temporary file URL, and an indicator of whether each request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit1 <-
  CreateHIT(title = "Upload a file",
            description = "Upload a file",
            reward = ".10",
            duration = seconds(days=1),
            keywords = "file, upload",
            question = a$string)
ExpireHIT(hit1$HITId)
a <- GetAssignments(hit = hit1$HITId)
f <- GetFileUpload(a, "dictation", download = TRUE)

# cleanup
DisposeHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
```

GetHIT

Get HIT

Description

Retrieve various details of a HIT as a dataframe. What details are returned depend upon the requested ResponseGroup.

Usage

```
GetHIT(hit, response.group = NULL,
        return.hit.dataframe = TRUE, return.qual.dataframe = TRUE,
        verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

```
HITStatus(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
           verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>hit</code>	An optional character string specifying the HITId of the HIT to be retrieved. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> .
<code>hit.type</code>	An optional character string specifying the HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds) of the HIT(s) to be retrieved. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> , otherwise all HITs are returned in <code>HITStatus</code> .
<code>annotation</code>	An optional character string specifying the value of the <code>RequesterAnnotation</code> field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to retrieve all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “78382” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify <code>hit</code> xor <code>hit.type</code> xor <code>annotation</code> , otherwise all HITs are returned in <code>HITStatus</code> .
<code>response.group</code>	An optional character string (or vector of character strings) specifying what details of each HIT to return of: “Request”, “Minimal”, “HITDetail”, “HITQuestion”, “HITAssignmentSummary”. For more information, see http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_CommonParametersArticle.html .
<code>return.hit.dataframe</code>	A logical indicating whether the dataframe of HITs should be returned. Default is TRUE.
<code>return.qual.dataframe</code>	A logical indicating whether the list of each HIT’s <code>QualificationRequirements</code> (stored as dataframes in that list) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>request</code> .

Details

GetHIT retrieves characteristics of a HIT. `HITStatus` is a wrapper that retrieves the Number of Assignments Pending, Number of Assignments Available, Number of Assignments Completed for the HIT(s), which is helpful for checking on the progress of currently available HITs. Specifying a `hit.type` causes the function to first search for available HITs of that HITType, then return the requested information for each HIT.

`gethit()` and `hit()` are aliases for `GetHIT`. `status()` is an alias for `HITStatus`.

Value

Optionally a one- or two-element list containing a dataframe of HIT details and, optionally, a list of each HIT’s `QualificationRequirements` (stored as dataframes in that list in the order that HITs were retrieved.).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References[API Reference](#)**See Also**[GetHITsForQualificationType](#)[GetReviewableHITs](#)[SearchHITs](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# register HITType
hittype <-
RegisterHITType(title="10 Question Survey",
                description=
                  "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
                reward=".20",
                duration=seconds(hours=1),
                keywords="survey, questionnaire, politics")

a <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(hit.type = hittype$HITTypeId, question = a$string)

GetHIT(hit1$HITId)
HITStatus(hit1$HITId)

# cleanup
DisableHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
# Get the status of all HITs from a given batch from the RUI
HITStatus(annotation="BatchId:78382;")

## End(Not run)
```

 GetHITsForQualificationType

Get HITs by Qualification

Description

Retrieve HITs according to the QualificationTypes that are required to complete those HITs.

Usage

```
GetHITSForQualificationType(qual, response.group = NULL, return.all = TRUE,  
                             pagenumber = 1, pagesize = 100,  
                             verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId.
response.group	An optional character string specifying what details of each HIT to return of: “Minimal”, “Request”. For more information, see http://docs.amazonwebservices.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_HITDataStructureArticle.html .
return.all	A logical indicating whether all QualificationTypes (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
pagenumber	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
pagesize	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to retrieve HITs that require the specified QualificationType.
`gethitsbyqual()` is an alias.

Value

A data frame containing the HITId and other requested characteristics of the qualifying HITs.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetHIT](#)

[SearchHITS](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
q <- ListQualificationTypes()[7,2] # Location requirement
GetHITSForQualificationType(q)

## End(Not run)
```

GetQualificationRequests

Get Qualification Requests

Description

Retrieve workers' requests for a QualificationType.

Usage

```
GetQualificationRequests(qual = NULL, return.all = TRUE,
  pagenumber = "1", pagesize = "10",
  sortproperty = "SubmitTime", sortdirection = "Ascending",
  return.qual.dataframe = TRUE,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	An optional character string containing a QualificationTypeId to which the search should be restricted. If none is supplied, requests made for all QualificationTypes are returned.
return.all	A logical indicating whether all QualificationRequestss (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
pagenumber	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
pagesize	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
sortproperty	Either "SubmitTime" or "QualificationTypeId". Ignored if return.all=TRUE. Most users can ignore this.
sortdirection	Either "Ascending" or "Descending". Ignored if return.all=TRUE. Most users can ignore this.
return.qual.dataframe	A logical indicating whether the QualificationTypes should be returned as a dataframe. Default is TRUE.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE).
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to retrieve pending Qualification Requests made by workers, either for a specified QualificationType or all QualificationTypes. Specifically, all active, custom QualificationTypes are visible to workers, and workers can request a QualificationType (e.g., when a HIT requires one they do not have). This function retrieves those requests so that they can be granted (with [GrantQualification](#)) or rejected (with [RejectQualification](#)).

qualrequests() is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationRequestId, WorkerId, and other information (e.g., Qualification Test results) for each request.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GrantQualification](#)

[RejectQualification](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
GetQualificationRequests()  
GetQualificationRequests("2YCIA0RYNJ9262B1D82MPTUEXAMPLE")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

GetQualifications *Get Qualifications*

Description

Get all Qualifications of a particular QualificationType assigned to Workers.

Usage

```
GetQualifications(qual, status = NULL, return.all = TRUE,  
                  pagenumber = 1, pagesize = 100,  
                  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId for a custom (i.e., not built-in) QualificationType.
status	An optional character string specifying whether only “Granted” or “Revoked” Qualifications should be returned.
return.all	A logical indicating whether all Qualifications (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
pagenumber	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
pagesize	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to retrieve Qualifications granted for the specified QualificationType. To retrieve a specific Qualification score (e.g., for one worker), use [GetQualificationScore](#).

A practical use for this is with automatically granted QualificationTypes. After workers request and receive an automatically granted Qualification that is tied to one or more HITs, `GetQualifications` can be used to retrieve the WorkerId's for workers that are actively working on those HITs (even before they have submitted an assignment).

`getquals()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationTypeId, WorkerId, and Qualification scores of workers assigned the Qualification.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetQualificationScore](#)

[UpdateQualificationScore](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
AssignQualification(workers = "A1R09UJNWXMU65",
                    name = "Worked for me before",
                    description = "This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
                    status = "Active",
                    keywords = "Worked for me before")

GetQualifications(qual1$QualificationTypeId)
RevokeQualification(qual1$QualificationTypeId, qual1$WorkerId)
GetQualifications(qual1$QualificationTypeId, status="Revoked")

DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

GetQualificationScore *Get a Worker's Qualification Score*

Description

Get a Worker's score for a specific Qualification. You can only retrieve scores for custom QualificationTypes. Scores for built-in QualificationTypes should be retrieved with [GetWorkerStatistic](#).

Usage

```
GetQualificationScore(qual, workers, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId for a custom QualificationType.
workers	A character string containing a WorkerId, or a vector of character strings containing multiple WorkerIds, whose Qualification Scores you want to retrieve.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to retrieve one or more scores for a specified QualificationType. To retrieve all Qualifications of a given QualificationType, use [GetQualifications](#) instead. Both qual and workers can be vectors. If qual is not length 1 or the same length as workers, an error will occur.

qualscore() is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationTypeId, WorkerId, time the qualification was granted, the Qualification score, a column indicating the status of the qualification, and a column indicating whether the API request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[UpdateQualificationScore](#)

[GetQualifications](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
AssignQualification(workers = "A1R09UJNWXMU65",
                    name = "Worked for me before",
                    description = "This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
                    status = "Active",
                    keywords = "Worked for me before")

GetQualificationScore(qual1$QualificationTypeId, qual1$WorkerId)

# cleanup
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

GetQualificationType *Get QualificationType*

Description

Get the details of a Qualification Type.

Usage

```
GetQualificationType(qual, verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Retrieve characteristics of a specified QualificationType (as originally specified by [CreateQualificationType](#)). `qualtype()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationTypeId of the newly created QualificationType and other details as specified in the request.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[CreateQualificationType](#)

[UpdateQualificationType](#)

[DisposeQualificationType](#)

[SearchQualificationTypes](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
CreateQualificationType(name="Worked for me before",
  description="This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
  status = "Active",
  keywords="Worked for me before")
GetQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

GetReviewableHITs *Get Reviewable HITs*

Description

Get HITs that are currently reviewable.

Usage

```
GetReviewableHITs(hit.type = NULL, status = NULL, response.group = "Minimal",
                  return.all = TRUE, pagenumber = "1", pagesize = "10",
                  sortproperty = "Enumeration", sortdirection = "Ascending",
                  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>hit.type</code>	An optional character string containing a <code>HITTypeId</code> to consider when looking for reviewable HITs.
<code>status</code>	An optional character string of either “Reviewable” or “Reviewing” limiting the search to HITs of with either status.
<code>response.group</code>	A character string specifying what details of each HIT to return. API currently only supports “Minimal”. For more information, see http://docs.amazonwebservices.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_HITDataStructureArticle.html .
<code>return.all</code>	A logical indicating whether all <code>QualificationTypes</code> (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is <code>TRUE</code> .
<code>pagenumber</code>	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
<code>pagesize</code>	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
<code>sortproperty</code>	One of “Title”, “Reward”, “Expiration”, “CreationTime”, “Enumeration”. Ignored if <code>return.all=TRUE</code> . Most users can ignore this.
<code>sortdirection</code>	Either “Ascending” or “Descending”. Ignored if <code>return.all=TRUE</code> . Most users can ignore this.
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A simple function to return the `HITIds` of HITs currently in “Reviewable” or “Reviewing” status. To retrieve additional details about each of these HITs, see [GetHIT](#). This is an alternative to [SearchHITs](#).

`reviewable()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing only a column of HITIds.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetHIT](#)

[GetHITsForQualificationType](#)

[SearchHITs](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
GetReviewableHITs()

## End(Not run)
```

GetReviewResultsForHIT

Get ReviewPolicy Results for a HIT

Description

Get HIT- and/or Assignment-level ReviewPolicy Results for a HIT

Usage

```
GetReviewResultsForHIT(hit, assignment = NULL, policy.level = NULL,
  retrieve.results = TRUE, retrieve.actions = TRUE,
  return.all = FALSE, pagenumber = 1, pagesize = 400,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit	A character string containing a HITId.
assignment	An optional character string containing an AssignmentId. If specified, only results pertaining to that assignment will be returned.
policy.level	Either HIT or Assignment. If NULL (the default), all data for both policy levels is retrieved.

<code>retrieve.results</code>	Optionally retrieve ReviewResults. Default is TRUE.
<code>retrieve.actions</code>	Optionally retrieve ReviewActions. Default is TRUE.
<code>return.all</code>	A logical indicating whether all Qualifications (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is FALSE.
<code>pagenumber</code>	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
<code>pagesize</code>	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 400. Most users can ignore this.
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A simple function to return the results of a ReviewPolicy. This is intended only for advanced users, who should reference MTurk documentation for further information or see the notes in [GenerateHITReviewPolicy](#).

`reviewresults` is an alias.

Value

A four-element list containing up to four named dataframes, depending on what ReviewPolicy (or ReviewPolicies) were attached to the HIT and whether results or actions are requested: `AssignmentReviewResult`, `AssignmentReviewAction`, `HITReviewResult`, and/or `HITReviewAction`.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

[API Reference \(ReviewPolicies\)](#)

[API Reference \(Data Structure\)](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[GenerateHITReviewPolicy](#)

 GetStatistic

MTurk Worker and Requester Statistics

Description

Get a requester statistic or a statistic for a particular worker. `RequesterReport` and `WorkerReport` provide wrappers that return all available statistics.

Usage

```
GetStatistic(statistic, period = "LifeToDate", count = NULL,
             response.group = NULL,
             verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
RequesterReport(period = "LifeToDate",
                verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)

GetWorkerStatistic(worker, statistic, period = "LifeToDate", count = NULL,
                  response.group = NULL,
                  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
WorkerReport(worker, period = "LifeToDate",
             verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>worker</code>	A character string containing a <code>WorkerId</code> .
<code>statistic</code>	A character string containing the name of a statistic. Statistics can be retrieved from ListStatistics .
<code>period</code>	One of: “OneDay”, “SevenDays”, “ThirtyDays”, “LifeToDate”. Default is “LifeToDate”.
<code>count</code>	If <code>period="OneDay"</code> , the number of days to return. Default is 1 (the most recent day).
<code>response.group</code>	An optional character string (or vector of character strings) specifying what details to return of “Request”, “Minimal”, or “Parameters”. For more information, see http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_CommonParametersArticle.html .
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Retrieve a specific requester or worker statistic. The list of available statistics can be retrieved by calling [ListStatistics](#). Useful for monitoring workers or one’s own use of the requester system. `statistic()` is an alias for `GetStatistic`. `workerstatistic()` is an alias for `GetWorkerStatistic`.

Value

A dataframe containing the requested Statistic (and WorkerId, if GetWorkerStatistic or WorkerReport are called), and the value thereof. GetStatistic and GetWorkerStatistic return only the requested statistic. RequesterReport and WorkerReport return all of the requester and worker statistics, respectively, that are available in [ListStatistics](#).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Requester Statistics](#)

[API Reference: Worker Statistics](#)

See Also

[ListStatistics](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
GetStatistic("NumberHITsSubmitted", "OneDay")
RequesterReport("ThirtyDays")
GetWorkerStatistic("A1R09UJNWXMU65", "PercentHITsApproved", "LifeToDate")
WorkerReport("A1R09UJNWXMU65", "SevenDays")

## End(Not run)
```

GrantBonus

Pay Bonus to Worker

Description

Pay a bonus to one or more workers. This function spends money from your MTurk account and will fail if insufficient funds are available.

Usage

```
GrantBonus(workers, assignments, amounts, reasons,
           verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

workers	A character string containing a WorkerId, or a vector of character strings containing multiple WorkerIds.
assignments	A character string containing an AssignmentId for an assignment performed by that worker, or a vector of character strings containing the AssignmentId for an assignment performed by each of the workers specified in workers.
amounts	A character string containing an amount (in U.S. Dollars) to bonus the worker(s), or a vector (of length equal to the number of workers) of character strings containing the amount to be paid to each worker.
reasons	A character string containing a reason for bonusing the worker(s), or a vector (of length equal to the number of workers) of character strings containing the reason to bonus each worker. The reason is visible to each worker.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A simple function to grant a bonus to one or more workers. The function is somewhat picky in that it requires a WorkerId, the AssignmentId for an assignment that worker has completed, an amount, and a reason for the bonus, for each bonus to be paid. Optionally, the amount and reason can be specified as single (character string) values, which will be used for each bonus.

`bonus()` and `paybonus()` are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the WorkerId, AssignmentId, amount, reason, and whether each request to bonus was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetBonuses](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Grant a single bonus
a <- "A1R09UEXAMPLE"
b <- "26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE"
c <- ".50"
```

```
d <- "Thanks for your great work on my HITs!"
GrantBonus(workers=a, assignments=b, amounts=c, reasons=d)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
# Grant bonuses to multiple workers
a <- c("A1R09EXAMPLE1", "A1R09EXAMPLE2", "A1R09EXAMPLE3")
b <-
c("26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE1",
  "26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE2",
  "26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE3")
c <- c(".50", ".10", ".25")
d <- "Thanks for your great work on my HITs!"
GrantBonus(workers=a, assignments=b, amounts=c, reasons=d)

## End(Not run)
```

GrantQualification *Grant Qualification Request*

Description

Grant a Worker's request for a Qualification.

Usage

```
GrantQualification(qual.requests, values,
                  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>qual.requests</code>	A character string containing a <code>QualificationRequestId</code> (for example, returned by GetQualificationRequests), or a vector of <code>QualificationRequestIds</code> .
<code>values</code>	A character string containing the value of the Qualification to be assigned to the worker, or a vector of values of length equal to the number of <code>QualificationRequests</code> .
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Qualifications are publicly visible to workers on the MTurk website and workers can request Qualifications (e.g., when a HIT requires a `QualificationType` that they have not been assigned). `QualificationRequests` can be retrieved via [GetQualificationRequests](#). This function grants specified qualification requests. Requests can be rejected with [RejectQualifications](#).

Note that granting a qualification may have the consequence of modifying a worker's existing qualification score. For example, if a worker already has a score of 100 on a given `QualificationType`

and then requests the same `QualificationType`, a `GrantQualification` action might increase or decrease that worker's qualification score.

`GrantQualifications()` and `grantqual()` are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the `QualificationRequestId` and whether each request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetQualificationRequests](#)

[RejectQualification](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
GrantQualification("2YCIA0RYNJ9262B1D82MPTUEXAMPLE", "100")

## End(Not run)
```

Miscellaneous

Convenience Functions and RUI Interaction

Description

These functions provide lists (of `QualificationTypes`, `Requester` and `Worker Statistics`) useful when creating `HITs` and `QualificationTypes`, and other functions to open specific pages of the MTurk Requester User Interface (RUI), or in the case of `ViewAvailableHITs`, the MTurk worker site.

Usage

```
ListOperations(op = NULL)
```

```
ListQualificationTypes(qual = NULL)
```

```
ListStatistics(stat = NULL, value.type = NULL, type = NULL)
```

```
ViewAvailableHITs(query = NULL, requester = NULL, min.reward = NULL, qualified = NULL)
```

```
OpenWorkerPage(workerid = NULL)
```

```

OpenManageHITPage(hit = NULL)
OpenDownloadPage(hit, download = FALSE)
OpenQualificationPage()

```

Arguments

op	For ListOperations: a number indicating which of the operations to return. Probably not useful.
qual	For ListQualificationTypes: a character string containing the name of a built-in QualificationType. If specified, ListQualificationTypes returns only the QualificationTypeId of that QualificationType.
stat	For ListStatistics: an optional character string specifying the name of an MTurk statistic. If specified, only details of that statistic are returned.
value.type	For ListStatistics: an optional character string specifying whether “Double”-type or “Long”-type statistics should be returned. If NULL, both types are returned. Probably not useful.
type	For ListStatistics: an optional character string specifying whether “GetRequesterStatistic”-type or “GetRequesterWorkerStatistic”-type statistics should be returned. If NULL, both types are returned.
query	For ViewAvailableHITs: an optional character string containing a search query used to search through HITs available on the MTurk worker site.
requester	For ViewAvailableHITs: an optional character string containing a RequesterId whose HITs are to be searched, for example to see how one’s own HITs appear to workers on the MTurk worker site.
min.reward	For ViewAvailableHITs: an optional character string containing a minimum reward (in U.S. Dollars) criterion to be used when searching available HITs on the worker site.
qualified	For ViewAvailableHITs: an optional logical specifying whether only HITs for which you are qualified should be searched.
workerid	For OpenWorkerPage: an optional character string containing the WorkerId of a worker whose Requester User Interface (RUI) management page is to be opened. If NULL, function opens the list of workers.
hit	For OpenManageHITPage: an optional character string containing the HITId of a HIT whose Requester User Interface (RUI) management page is to be opened. If NULL, function opens the list of all HITs. For OpenDownloadPage: a mandatory character string containing a HITID of a HIT whose assignment data download page should be opened.
download	For OpenDownloadPage: a logical indicating whether the HIT results should be downloaded directly or whether the Requester User Interface (RUI) ManageHIT page should be opened (the default).

Details

A set of convenience functions to either display various information about MTurk semantics or open specified parts of the Requester User Interface (RUI).

Value

Either a dataframe containing the requested information (in the case of `ListOperations`, `ListQualificationTypes`, `ListStatistics`) or nothing internal to R, but the specified webpage is opened in the user's default web browser (in the case of `OpenWorkerPage`, `OpenManageHITPage`, `OpenDownloadPage`, or `OpenQualificationPage`).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

Examples

```
## Not run:
ListOperations()
ListQualificationTypes()
ListStatistics()
ViewAvailableHITs(min.reward=".50")

OpenWorkerPage()
OpenWorkerPage("A1R09UEXAMPLE")
OpenManageHITPage()
OpenDownloadPage("267SI2KYEPLS8QWZYPXWP3EXAMPLE",download=TRUE)
OpenQualificationPage()

## End(Not run)
```

mturkhelp

Get some help

Description

Functions to obtain help with the MTurk API (as opposed to the MTurkR package itself). `mturkhelp` makes help requests directly to the API, while `APIReference` simply loads the API documentation.

Usage

```
mturkhelp(about, helptype = NULL, keypair = getOption('MTurkR.keypair'),
          print = getOption('MTurkR.print'),
          log.requests = getOption('MTurkR.log'),
          validation.test = getOption('MTurkR.test'))

APIReference()
```

Arguments

`about` A character string containing a help query.

`helptype` Optionally either “Operation” or “ResponseGroup”.

keypair	A two-item character vector containing an AWS Access Key ID in the first position and the corresponding Secret Access Key in the second position. Set default with credentials .
print	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is TRUE.
log.requests	A logical specifying whether API requests should be logged. Default is TRUE. See readlogfile for details.
validation.test	A logical specifying whether only the pre-request checks should be conducted and the request URL returned (without executing the request). Default is FALSE.

Details

Some basic functions to get help with the MTurk API (as opposed to the MTurkR package). Whiel intended to be user-friendly, sophisticated use of MTurkR may require some understanding of hte MTurk API, which is easily accessed here.

Value

Nothing. For `mturkhelp`: help information is printed to the standard output. For `APIReference`: the MTurk API documentation is opened in the user's default browser.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[Getting Started Guide](#)

[Developer Guide](#)

[API Reference](#)

[Quick Reference](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
mturkhelp(about="GrantBonus",helptype="Operation")
APIReference()

## End(Not run)
```


Description

An interactive, menu-based wizard to perform MTurkR functions. Designed for beginners and those with aversion to the programming required elsewhere in the package.

Usage

```
MTurkR.Wizard(style="tcltk", sandbox = getOption('MTurkR.sandbox'))
wizard.simple(graphics = FALSE, sandbox = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

style	The default tcltk, opens a full-featured GUI for MTurkR. simple opens a simpler, text-based wizard (provided by wizard.simple) for performing some functions; simpleGUI opens the same simpler wizard, with graphical rather than text-based menus.
graphics	Optionally use graphical menus, if available, for the simple wizard. See menu . Default is FALSE.
sandbox	Optionally execute all requests in the MTurk sandbox rather than the live server. Default (in MTurkR.Wizard) is FALSE; the default in wizard.simple is NULL (with the wizard prompting for a value on load).
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

An interactive, menu-based wizard (with optionally graphical menus) to perform most MTurkR operations. It is intended as a way for MTurk (and MTurkR) beginners to quickly create and monitor HITS; approve and reject assignments; notify, bonus, and block/unblock workers; manage Qualifications; monitor MTurk statistics; and interact with the MTurk Requester User Interface (RUI). All functionality accepts basic inputs interactively and executes requests without programming individual commands.

Two particularly helpful features are worth highlighting. The wizard provides a point-and-click interface for approving and rejecting individual assignments, that interactively displays assignment content and executes approval/rejection decisions with ease. The wizard also provides analogous functionality for granting and rejecting qualification requests.

The wizard remains under active development and detailed documentation will hopefully be available under a subsequent release.

mturkr.wizard() is an alias for MTurkR.Wizard.

Value

Currently returns nothing.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

Examples

```
## Not run:  
MTurkR.Wizard()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readlogfile

Read the MTurkR Logfile

Description

A log of all MTurk API requests are stored in a tab-separated value file called ‘MTurkRLog.tsv’ in, by default, the current working directory. This function reads this MTurkR logfile into R as a dataframe, using `read.delim`.

Usage

```
readlogfile(path = getOption('MTurkR.logdir'), filename="MTurkRlog.tsv")
```

Arguments

path	An optional character string specifying the path of a directory containing an MTurkR log file.
filename	The name of the MTurkR log file. The default is ‘MTurkRlog.tsv’.

Details

By default, MTurkR stores a record of all MTurk API requests in a local file in the working directory (though this can be reset with `options('MTurkR.logdir')`). This function reads the locally stored MTurkR log file (‘MTurkRlog.tsv’) into R as a dataframe. This is useful for error checking and reviewing prior requests. A convenient, visual interface for the logfile is provided by [MTurkR.Wizard](#).

Value

A dataframe containing details of previous (logged) MTurk API requests (including RequestId, Operation performed, REST query parameters, and MTurk response XML as a character string).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

See Also

[request](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
log <- readlogfile()

## End(Not run)
```

RegisterHITType	<i>Register a HITType</i>
-----------------	---------------------------

Description

Register a HITType on MTurk, in order to create one or more HITs to show up as a group to workers.

Usage

```
RegisterHITType(title, description, reward, duration, keywords = NULL,
  auto.approval.delay = NULL, qual.req = NULL,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

title	A character string containing the title for the HITType. All HITs of this HITType will be visibly grouped to workers according to this title. Maximum of 128 characters.
description	A character string containing a description of the HITType. This is visible to workers. Maximum of 2000 characters.
reward	A character string containing the per-assignment reward amount, in U.S. Dollars (e.g., "0.15").
duration	A character string containing the amount of time workers have to complete an assignment for HITs of this HITType, in seconds (for example, as returned by seconds). Minimum of 30 seconds and maximum of 365 days.
keywords	An optional character string containing a comma-separated set of keywords by which workers can search for HITs of this HITType. Maximum of 1000 characters.
auto.approval.delay	An optional character string specifying the amount of time, in seconds (for example, as returned by seconds), before a submitted assignment is automatically granted. Maximum of 30 days.
qual.req	An optional character string containing one or more QualificationRequirements data structures, for example as returned by GenerateQualificationRequirement .
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

All HITs of a given HITType are visibly grouped together for workers and share common properties (e.g., reward amount, QualificationRequirements). This function registers a HITType in the MTurk system, which can then be used when creating individual HITs. If a requester wants to change these properties for a specific HIT, the HIT should be changed to a new HITType (see [ChangeHITType](#)).

`hittype()` is an alias.

Value

A two-column dataframe containing the HITTypeId of the newly registered HITType and an indicator for whether the registration request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Operation](#)

[API Reference: Concept](#)

See Also

[CreateHIT](#)

[ChangeHITType](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
RegisterHITType(title="10 Question Survey",
  description=
    "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
  reward=".20",
  duration=seconds(hours=1),
  keywords="survey, questionnaire, politics")

## End(Not run)
```

RejectAssignment

Reject Assignment

Description

Reject a Worker's assignment (or multiple assignments) submitted for a HIT. Feedback should be provided for why an assignment was rejected.

Usage

```
RejectAssignment(assignments, feedback = NULL,  
                 verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

assignments	A character string containing an AssignmentId, or a vector of multiple character strings containing multiple AssignmentIds, to reject.
feedback	An optional character string containing any feedback for a worker. This must have length 1 or length equal to the number of workers.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Reject assignments, by AssignmentId (as returned by [GetAssignment](#)). More advanced functionality to quickly reject many or all assignments (ala [ApproveAllAssignments](#)) is intentionally not provided.

`RejectAssignments()` and `reject()` are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the list of AssignmentIds, feedback (if any), and whether or not each rejection request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[ApproveAssignment](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
RejectAssignment(assignments="26XXH0JPPSI23H54YVG7BKLEXAMPLE")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

 RejectQualification *Reject a Worker's Qualification Request*

Description

Reject a Worker's request for a Qualification.

Usage

```
RejectQualification(qual.request, reason = NULL,
                    verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual.request	A character string containing a QualificationRequestId, or a vector of character strings containing multiple QualificationRequestIds (e.g., as returned by GetQualificationRequests).
reason	An optional character string, or vector of character strings of length equal to length of the qual.requests parameter, supplying each worker with a reason for rejecting their request for the Qualification. Workers will see this message. Maximum of 1024 characters.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Qualifications are publicly visible to workers on the MTurk website and workers can request Qualifications (e.g., when a HIT requires a QualificationType that they have not been assigned). QualificationRequests can be retrieved via [GetQualificationRequests](#). This function rejects specified qualification requests.

Note that rejecting a qualification is not the same as revoking a worker's Qualification. For example, if a worker already has a score of 100 on a given QualificationType and then requests the same QualificationType, a RejectQualification leaves the worker's existing Qualification in place. Use [RevokeQualification](#) to entirely remove a worker's Qualification.

RejectQualifications() and rejectrequest() are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationRequestId, reason for rejection (if applicable), and whether each request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References[API Reference](#)**See Also**[GetQualificationRequests](#)[GrantQualification](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
RejectQualification("2YCIA0RYNJ9262B1D82MPTUEXAMPLE",
                    reason="I am not currently granting this QualificationType.")

## End(Not run)
```

request

*Execute an MTurk API Request***Description**

This is the workhorse function that makes authenticated HTTP requests to the MTurk API. It is not exported as of v0.5.

Usage

```
request(operation, GETparameters = NULL,
        keypair = getOption('MTurkR.keypair'),
        browser = getOption('MTurkR.browser', FALSE),
        log.requests = getOption('MTurkR.log', TRUE),
        sandbox = getOption('MTurkR.sandbox', FALSE),
        verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE),
        validation.test = getOption('MTurkR.test', FALSE),
        service = "AWSMechanicalTurkRequester",
        version = NULL)
```

Arguments

operation	The MTurk API operation to be performed.
GETparameters	An optional character string containing URL query parameters that specify options for the request.
keypair	A two-element character vector containing an AWS Access Key ID and an AWS Secret Access Key. Default is from <code>options('MTurkR.keypair')</code> .
browser	Optionally open the request in the default web browser, rather than opening in R. Default is FALSE.

log.requests	A logical specifying whether API requests should be logged. Default is TRUE. See readlogfile for details.
sandbox	Optionally execute the request in the MTurk sandbox rather than the live server. Default is FALSE.
verbose	Whether errors produced by the MTurk API request should be printed.
validation.test	Currently a logical that causes request to return the URL of the specified REST request. Default is FALSE. May additionally validate the request (and supply information about that validation) in the future.
service	The MTurk service to which the authenticated request will be sent. Supplied only for advanced users.
version	The version of the MTurk API to use.

Details

This is an internal function that executes MTurk API requests. It is made available for use by advanced users to execute custom API requests.

Value

A list of class “MTurkResponse” containing:

operation	A character string identifying the MTurk API operation performed.
request.id	The Request ID created by the API request.
request.url	The URL of the MTurk API REST request.
valid	A logical indicating whether or not the request was valid and thus executed as intended.
xml	A character string containing the XML API response.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

RevokeQualification *Revoke a Qualification from a Worker*

Description

Revoke a Qualification from a worker or multiple workers. This deletes their qualification score and any record thereof.

Usage

```
RevokeQualification(qual, worker, reason = NULL,  
                    verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId.
worker	A character string containing a WorkerId, or a vector of character strings containing multiple WorkerIds.
reason	An optional character string, or vector of character strings of length equal to length of the workers parameter, supplying each worker with a reason for revoking their Qualification. Workers will see this message.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A simple function to revoke a Qualification assigned to one or more workers. `RevokeQualifications()` and `revokequal()` are aliases.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationTypeId, WorkerId, reason (if applicable), and whether each request was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GrantQualification](#)

[RejectQualification](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
AssignQualification(workers = "A1R09UJNWXMU65",
                    name = "Worked for me before",
                    description = "This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
                    status = "Active",
                    keywords = "Worked for me before")

RevokeQualification(qual = qual1$QualificationTypeId,
                   worker = qual1$WorkerId,
                   reason = "No longer needed")

DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

SearchHITS

Search your HITS

Description

Search for your HITS and return those HITS as R objects.

Usage

```
SearchHITS(response.group = NULL, return.all = TRUE,
           pagenumber = "1", pagesize = "10",
           sortproperty = "Enumeration", sortdirection = "Ascending",
           return.hit.dataframe = TRUE, return.qual.dataframe = TRUE,
           verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

- `response.group` An optional character string (or vector of character strings) specifying what details of each HIT to return of: "Request", "Minimal", "HITDetail", "HITQuestion", "HITAssignmentSummary". For more information, see http://docs.aws.amazon.com/AWSMechTurk/latest/AWSMturkAPI/ApiReference_CommonParametersArticle.html.
- `return.all` A logical indicating whether all HITS (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
- `pagenumber` An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
- `pagesize` An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.

sortproperty	One of “Title”, “Reward”, “Expiration”, “CreationTime”, “Enumeration”. Ignored if <code>return.all=TRUE</code> . Most users can ignore this.
sortdirection	Either “Ascending” or “Descending”. Ignored if <code>return.all=TRUE</code> . Most users can ignore this.
return.hit.dataframe	A logical indicating whether the dataframe of HITs should be returned. Default is TRUE.
return.qual.dataframe	A logical indicating whether the list of each HIT’s QualificationRequirements (stored as dataframes in that list) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Retrieve your current HITs (and, optionally, characteristics thereof). To view HITs on the MTurk requester website, see [OpenManageHITPage](#). To view HITs on the MTurk worker website, use [ViewAvailableHITs](#).

`searchhits()` is an alias.

Value

A list one- or two-element list containing a dataframe of HIT details and, optionally (if `return.qual.dataframe = TRUE`), a list of each HIT’s QualificationRequirements (stored as dataframes in that list).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetHIT](#)

[GetReviewableHITs](#)

[SearchQualificationTypes](#)

[ViewAvailableHITs](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
SearchHITs()

## End(Not run)
```

 SearchQualificationTypes

Search QualificationTypes

Description

Search for available QualificationTypes, including yours and others available on the MTurk system created by other requesters.

Usage

```
SearchQualificationTypes(query = NULL, only.mine = TRUE, only.requestable = FALSE,
  return.all = FALSE, pagenumber = "1", pagesize = "10",
  sortproperty = "Name", sortdirection = "Ascending",
  return.qual.dataframe = TRUE,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

query	An optional character string containing a search query to be used to search among available QualificationTypes.
only.mine	A logical indicating whether only your QualificationTypes should be returned (the default). If FALSE, QualificationTypes created by all requesters will be returned.
only.requestable	A logical indicating whether only requestable QualificationTypes should be returned. Default is FALSE.
return.all	A logical indicating whether all QualificationTypes (as opposed to a specified page of the search results) should be returned. Default is TRUE.
pagenumber	An optional character string indicating which page of search results should be returned. Most users can ignore this.
pagesize	An optional character string indicating how many search results should be returned by each request, between 1 and 100. Most users can ignore this.
sortproperty	API currently only supports "Name". Most users can ignore this.
sortdirection	Either "Ascending" or "Descending". Ignored if return.all=TRUE. Most users can ignore this.
return.qual.dataframe	A logical indicating whether the QualificationTypes should be returned as a dataframe. Default is TRUE.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

`seconds`*Convert arbitrary times to seconds*

Description

A convenience function to convert arbitrary numbers of days, hours, minutes, and/or seconds into seconds.

Usage

```
seconds(days = NULL, hours = NULL, minutes = NULL, seconds = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>days</code>	An optional number of days.
<code>hours</code>	An optional number of hours.
<code>minutes</code>	An optional number of minutes.
<code>seconds</code>	An optional number of seconds.

Details

A convenience function to convert arbitrary numbers of days, hours, minutes, and/or seconds into seconds. For example, to be used in setting a HIT expiration time. MTurk only accepts times (e.g., for HIT expirations, or the duration of assignments) in seconds. This function returns an integer value equal to the number of seconds of the input, and can be used atomically within other MTurkR calls (e.g., [CreateHIT](#)).

Value

An integer equal to the requested amount of time in seconds.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

Examples

```
seconds(hours=5, seconds=15)
seconds(days=1)
```

SendTestEventNotification
Test a Notification

Description

Test a HITType Notification, for example, to try out a HITType Notification before creating a HIT.

Usage

```
SendTestEventNotification(notification, test.event.type,  
                          verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

notification	A character string containing a URL query parameter-formatted Notification structure (e.g., returned by GenerateNotification).
test.event.type	A character string containing one of: AssignmentAccepted, AssignmentAbandoned, AssignmentReturned, AssignmentSubmitted, HITReviewable, HITExpired (the default), or Ping.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Test a Notification configuration. The test mimics whatever the Notification configuration will do when the event described in `test.event.type` occurs. For example, if a Notification has been configured to send an email any time an Assignment is Submitted, testing for an AssignmentSubmitted event should trigger an email. Similarly, testing for an AssignmentReturned event should do nothing.

`notificationtest` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the notification, the event type, and details on whether the request was valid. As a side effect, a notification will be sent to the configured destination (either an email or an SQS queue).

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also[GenerateNotification](#)[SetHITTypeNotification](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:
hitttype <-
RegisterHITType(title="10 Question Survey",
                description=
                "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
                reward=".20",
                duration=seconds(hours=1),
                keywords="survey, questionnaire, politics")

a <- GenerateNotification("requester@example.com", event.type = "HITExpired")
SetHITTypeNotification(hit.type = hitttype$HITTypeId,
                      notification = a,
                      active = TRUE)
# send test notification
SendTestEventNotification(a, test.event.type="HITExpired")

## End(Not run)
```

SetHITAsReviewing *Set HIT as "Reviewing"*

Description

Update the review status of a HIT, from "Reviewable" to "Reviewing" or the reverse.

Usage

```
SetHITAsReviewing(hit = NULL, hit.type = NULL, annotation = NULL,
                  revert = FALSE,
                  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit	An optional character string containing a HITId, or a vector of character strings containing HITIds, whose status are to be changed. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
hit.type	An optional character string specifying a HITTypeId (or a vector of HITTypeIds), all the HITs of which should be set as "Reviewing" (or the reverse). Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.

annotation	An optional character string specifying the value of the RequesterAnnotation field for a batch of HITs. This can be used to set the review status all HITs from a “batch” created in the online Requester User Interface (RUI). To use a batch ID, the batch must be written in a character string of the form “BatchId:78382;”, where “73832” is the batch ID shown in the RUI. Must specify hit xor hit.type xor annotation.
revert	An optional logical to revert the HIT from “Reviewing” to “Reviewable”.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to change the status of one or more HITs (or all HITs of a given HITType) to “Reviewing” or the reverse. This affects what HITs are returned by [GetReviewableHITs](#). Must specify a HITId xor a HITTypeId.

`reviewing()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing HITId, status, and whether the request to change the status of each was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetReviewableHITs](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- GenerateExternalQuestion("http://www.example.com/", "400")
hit1 <-
CreateHIT(hit.type="2FFNCWYB49F9BBJWA4SJUNST50FSOW", question=a$string)
SetHITAsReviewing(hit1$HITId)

# cleanup
DisableHIT(hit1$HITId)

## End(Not run)
```

SetHITTypeNotification

Configure a HITType Notification

Description

Configure a notification to be sent when specific actions occur for the specified HITType.

Usage

```
SetHITTypeNotification(hit.type, notification = NULL, active = NULL,
                       verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

hit.type	A character string specifying the HITTypeId of the HITType for which notifications are being configured.
notification	A character string containing a URL query parameter-formatted Notification structure (e.g., returned by GenerateNotification).
active	A logical indicating whether the Notification is active or inactive.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

Configure a notification to be sent to the requester whenever an event (specified in the `Notification` object) occurs. This is useful, for example, to enable email notifications about when assignments are submitted or HITs are completed, or for other HIT-related events.

Email notifications are useful for small projects, but configuring notifications to use the Amazon Simple Queue Service (SQS) is more reliable for large projects and allows automated processing of notifications. See examples for SQS examples. Note that using SQS requires an SQS queue with permissions configured to allow `SendMessage` requests from MTurk (the “principal” for MTurk is `arn:aws:iam::755651556756:user/MTurk-SQS`). See [the MTurkR wiki](#) for an extended tutorial.

`setnotification()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing details of the Notification and whether or not the request was successfully executed by MTurk.

Once configured, events will trigger a side effect in the form of a notification sent to the specified transport (either an email address or SQS queue). That notification will contain the following details: `EventType`, `EventTime`, `HITTypeId`, `HITId`, and (if applicable) `AssignmentId`.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Operation](#)

[API Reference: Concept](#)

See Also

[GenerateNotification](#)

[SendTestEventNotification](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# setup email notification
hittype <-
RegisterHITType(title="10 Question Survey",
                description=
                "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
                reward=".20",
                duration=seconds(hours=1),
                keywords="survey, questionnaire, politics")

a <- GenerateNotification("requester@example.com", event.type = "HITExpired")
SetHITTypeNotification(hit.type = hittype$HITTypeId,
                      notification = a,
                      active = TRUE)

# send test notification
SendTestEventNotification(a, test.event.type="HITExpired")

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
# setup SQS notification
hittype <-
RegisterHITType(title="10 Question Survey",
                description=
                "Complete a 10-question survey about news coverage and your opinions",
                reward=".20",
                duration=seconds(hours=1),
                keywords="survey, questionnaire, politics")

b <- GenerateNotification("https://sqs.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/123456789/Example",
                        transport = "SQS",
                        event.type = "HITExpired")
SetHITTypeNotification(hit.type = hittype$HITTypeId,
                      notification = b,
                      active = TRUE)

# send test notification
```

```
SendTestEventNotification(b, test.event.type="HITExpired")

## End(Not run)
```

UpdateQualificationScore

Update a worker's score for a QualificationType

Description

Update a worker's score for a QualificationType that you created. Scores for built-in QualificationTypes (e.g., location, worker statistics) cannot be updated.

Usage

```
UpdateQualificationScore(qual, workers, values = NULL, increment = NULL,
                          verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

qual	A character string containing a QualificationTypeId.
workers	A character string containing a WorkerId, or a vector of character strings containing multiple WorkerIds.
values	A character string containing an integer value to be assigned to the worker, or a vector of character strings containing integer values to be assigned to each worker (and thus must have length equal to the number of workers).
increment	An optional character string specifying, in lieu of "values", the amount that each worker's current QualificationScore should be increased.
verbose	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
...	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to update the Qualification score assigned to one or more workers for the specified custom QualificationType. The simplest use is to specify a QualificationTypeId, a WorkerId, and a value to be assigned to the worker. Scores for multiple workers can be updated in one request.

Additionally, the `increment` parameter allows you to increase (or decrease) each of the specified workers scores by the specified amount. This might be useful, for example, to keep a QualificationType that records how many of a specific style of HIT a worker has completed and increase the value of each worker's score by 1 after they complete a HIT.

`updatequalscore()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the QualificationTypeId, WorkerId, Qualification score, and whether the request to update each was valid.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetQualificationScore](#)

[GetQualifications](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
CreateQualificationType(name="Worked for me before",
  description="This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
  status = "Active",
  keywords="Worked for me before")
AssignQualification(qual1$QualificationTypeId, "A1R09UJNWXMU65", value="50")
UpdateQualificationScore(qual1$QualificationTypeId, "A1R09UJNWXMU65", value="95")
UpdateQualificationScore(qual1$QualificationTypeId, "A1R09UJNWXMU65", increment="1")
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

UpdateQualificationType

Update a Worker QualificationType

Description

Update characteristics of a QualificationType.

Usage

```
UpdateQualificationType(qual, description = NULL, status = NULL,
  retry.delay = NULL, test = NULL, answerkey = NULL,
  test.duration = NULL,
  validate.test = FALSE, validate.answerkey = FALSE,
  auto = NULL, auto.value = NULL,
  verbose = getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>qual</code>	A character string containing a <code>QualificationTypeId</code> .
<code>description</code>	A character string describing the <code>Qualification</code> . This is visible to workers. Maximum of 2000 characters.
<code>status</code>	A character vector of “Active” or “Inactive”, indicating whether the <code>QualificationType</code> should be active and visible.
<code>retry.delay</code>	An optional time (in seconds) indicating how long workers have to wait before requesting the <code>QualificationType</code> after an initial rejection.
<code>test</code>	An optional character string consisting of a <code>QuestionForm</code> data structure, used as a test a worker must complete before the <code>QualificationType</code> is granted to them.
<code>answerkey</code>	An optional character string consisting of an <code>AnswerKey</code> data structure, used to automatically score the test. If a previous test with an associated <code>AnswerKey</code> is updated, the new test will not have an <code>AnswerKey</code> unless a new one is included in the same call (even if it is identical to the previous <code>AnswerKey</code>).
<code>test.duration</code>	An optional time (in seconds) indicating how long workers have to complete the test.
<code>validate.test</code>	A logical specifying whether the <code>test</code> parameter should be validated against the relevant MTurk schema prior to creating the <code>QualificationType</code> (operation will fail if it does not validate, and will return validation information). Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>validate.answerkey</code>	A logical specifying whether the <code>answerkey</code> parameter should be validated against the relevant MTurk schema prior to creating the <code>QualificationType</code> (operation will fail if it does not validate, and will return validation information). Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>auto</code>	A logical indicating whether the <code>Qualification</code> is automatically granted to workers who request it. Default is <code>FALSE</code> .
<code>auto.value</code>	An optional parameter specifying the value that is automatically assigned to workers when they request it (if the <code>Qualification</code> is automatically granted).
<code>verbose</code>	Optionally print the results of the API request to the standard output. Default is taken from <code>getOption('MTurkR.verbose', TRUE)</code> .
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to request .

Details

A function to update the characteristics of a `QualificationType`. Name and keywords cannot be modified after a `QualificationType` is created.

`updatequal()` is an alias.

Value

A dataframe containing the `QualificationTypeId` of the newly created `QualificationType` and other details as specified in the request.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference](#)

See Also

[GetQualificationType](#)

[CreateQualificationType](#)

[DisposeQualificationType](#)

[SearchQualificationTypes](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
qual1 <-
CreateQualificationType(name="Worked for me before",
  description="This qualification is for people who have worked for me before",
  status = "Active",
  keywords="Worked for me before")
qual2 <-
UpdateQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId,
  description="This qualification is for everybody!",
  auto=TRUE, auto.value="5")
DisposeQualificationType(qual1$QualificationTypeId)

## End(Not run)
```

XML

Parse MTurk XML to Dataframe

Description

Parse MTurk XML Responses to R data.frames.

Usage

```
as.data.frame.AnswerKey(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.Assignments(xml.parsed,
  return.assignment.xml = FALSE)
as.data.frame.BonusPayments(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.ExternalQuestion(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.HITS(xml.parsed,
  return.hit.xml = FALSE,
  return.qual.list = TRUE,
```

```

        sandbox = getOption('MTurkR.sandbox'))
as.data.frame.HTMLQuestion(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.QualificationRequests(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.QualificationRequirements(xml.parsed = NULL,
                                       xmlnodeset = NULL,
                                       hit.number = NULL,
                                       sandbox = getOption('MTurkR.sandbox'))
as.data.frame.Qualifications(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.QualificationTypes(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.QuestionFormAnswers(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.QuestionForm(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.ReviewResults(xml.parsed)
as.data.frame.WorkerBlock(xml.parsed)

```

Arguments

<code>xml.parsed</code>	A full MTurk XML response parsed by the <code>xmlParse</code> .
<code>xmlnodeset</code>	An XML nodeset.
<code>return.assignment.xml</code>	A logical indicating whether workers' responses to HIT questions should be returned.
<code>return.hit.xml</code>	A logical indicating whether the HIT XML should be returned. Default is FALSE.
<code>return.qual.list</code>	A logical indicating whether the <code>QualificationRequirement</code> list should be returned. Default is TRUE.
<code>hit</code>	An optional parameter included for advanced users, to return only one of the specified HITs.
<code>hit.number</code>	An optional parameter included for advanced users, to return only one of the specified HITs.
<code>sandbox</code>	A logical indicating whether <code>GetQualificationType</code> , called internally, should query the sandbox for user-defined <code>QualificationTypes</code> .

Details

Mostly internal functions to convert XML-formatted MTurk responses into more useful R dataframes. These are mostly internal to the extent that most users will never call them directly, but they may be useful if one needs to examine information stored in the MTurkR log file, or if [request](#) is used directly.

Value

A dataframe (or list of dataframes, in some cases) containing the request data.

Author(s)

Thomas J. Leeper

References

[API Reference: Data Structures](#)

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