

Package ‘CLME’

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Description Estimation and inference for linear models where some or all of the fixed-effects coefficients are subject to order restrictions. This package uses the robust residual bootstrap methodology for inference, and can handle some structure in the residual variance matrix.

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CLME-package

Constrained inference for linear mixed models.

Description

Constrained inference on linear fixed and mixed models using residual bootstrap. Covariates and random effects are permitted but not required.

Appropriate credit should be given when publishing results obtained using **CLME**, or when developing other programs/packages based off of this one. Use `citation(package="CLME")` for Bibtext information.

The work was produced in part with funding from the Intramural Research Program of the NIH, National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (Z01 ES101744).

Details

Package: CLME
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This package was introduced in Jelsema and Peddada (2015, under review). The method which is implemented is the constrained linear mixed effects model described in Farnan, Ivanova, and Peddada (2014). See that paper for more details regarding the method. Here we give a brief overview of the assumed model:

$$Y = X_1\theta_1 + X_2\theta_2 + U\xi + \epsilon$$

where

- X_1 is a $N \times p_1$ design matrix.
- θ_1 are the coefficients (often treatment effects).
- X_2 is a $N \times p_2$ matrix of fixed covariates.
- θ_2 are the coefficients for the covariates.
- U is a $N \times c$ matrix of random effects.
- ξ is a zero-mean random vector with covariance T (see below).
- ϵ is a zero-mean random vector with covariance Σ (see below).

Neither covariates (X_2) nor random effects (U) are required by the model or **CLME**. The covariance matrix of ξ is given by:

$$T = \text{diag}(\tau_1^2 I_{c_1}, \tau_2^2 I_{c_2}, \dots, \tau_q^2 I_{c_q})$$

The first c_1 random effects will share a common variance, τ_1^2 , the next c_2 random effects will share a common variance, and so on. Note that $c = \sum_{i=1}^q c_i$. Homogeneity of variances in the random effects can be induced by letting $q = 1$ (hence $c_1 = c = \text{ncol}(U)$).

Similarly, the covariance matrix of ϵ is given by:

$$\Sigma = \text{diag}(\sigma_1^2 I_{n_1}, \sigma_2^2 I_{n_2}, \dots, \sigma_k^2 I_{n_k})$$

Again, the first n_1 observations will share a common variance, σ_1^2 , the next n_2 will share a common variance, and so on. Note that $N = \sum_{i=1}^k n_i$. Homogeneity of variances in the residuals can be induced by letting $k = 1$.

The order constraints are defined by the matrix A . This is an $r \times p$ matrix where r is the number of constraints, and $p = p_1 + p_2$ is the dimension of $\theta = (\theta_1', \theta_2')'$. Formally the hypothesis being tested is:

$$H_a : A\theta > 0$$

For several default orders (simple, umbrella, simple tree) the A matrix can be automatically generated. Alternatively, the user may define a custom A matrix to test other patterns among the elements of θ . See `create.constraints` and `clme` for more details.

For computational reasons, the implementation is not identical to the model expressed. Particularly, the fixed-effects matrix (or matrices) and the random effects matrix are assumed to be columns in a data frame, not passed as matrices. The A matrix is not r times p , but r times 2 , where each row gives the indices of the constrained coefficients. See `create.constraints` for further explanation.

The primary function of **CLME** is `clme`. The other functions in this package may be run separately, but in general are designed for use by `clme`.

The creation of this package **CLME**, this manual, and the vignette were all supported by the Inter-mural Research Program of the United States' National Institutes of Health (Z01 ES101744).

Note

Unless otherwise noted, Casey M. Jelsema wrote the functions in this package.

Author(s)

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References

Farnan, L., Ivanova, A., and Peddada, S. D. (2014). Linear Mixed Effects Models under Inequality Constraints with Applications. *PLOS ONE*, 9(1). e84778. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0084778 <http://www.plosone.org/article/info:doi/10.1371/journal.pone.0084778>

Jelsema, C.M. and Peddada, S.D. (2015). CLME: An R Package for Linear Mixed Effects Models under Inequality Constraints. (*under review*).

AIC.clme

Akaike information criterion

Description

Calculates the Akaike and Bayesian information criterion for objects of class `clme`.

Calculates the Akaike and Bayesian information criterion for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
AIC(object, ..., k = 2)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
AIC(object, ..., k = 2)
```

Arguments

object object of class [clme](#).
 ... space for additional arguments.
 k value multiplied by number of coefficients

Details

The log-likelihood is assumed to be the Normal distribution. The model uses residual bootstrap methodology, and Normality is neither required nor assumed. Therefore the log-likelihood and these information criterion may not be useful measures for comparing models. For $k=2$, the function computes the AIC. To obtain BIC, set $k = \log(n/(2 * \pi))$; which the method `BIC.clme` does.

Value

Returns the information criterion (numeric).

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)
[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )

cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

AIC( clme.out )
AIC( clme.out, k=log( nobs(clme.out)/(2*pi) ) )
```

 BIC.clme

Bayesian information criterion

Description

Calculates the Bayesian information criterion for objects of class `clme`.

Calculates the Akaike and Bayesian information criterion for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
BIC(object, ..., k = log(nobs(object)/(2 * pi)))

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
BIC(object, ..., k = log(nobs(object)/(2 * pi)))
```

Arguments

object object of class [clme](#).
 ... space for additional arguments.
 k value multiplied by number of coefficients

Details

The log-likelihood is assumed to be the Normal distribution. The model uses residual bootstrap methodology, and Normality is neither required nor assumed. Therefore the log-likelihood and these information criterion may not be useful measures for comparing models. For $k=2$, the function computes the AIC. To obtain BIC, set $k = \log(n/(2 * \pi))$; which the method BIC.clme does.

Value

Returns the Bayesian information criterion (numeric).

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)
[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )

cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                 constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

BIC( clme.out )
BIC( clme.out, k=log( nobs(clme.out)/(2*pi) ) )
```

 clme

Constrained Inference for Linear Mixed Effects Models

Description

Constrained inference for linear fixed or mixed effects models using distribution-free bootstrap methodology

Usage

```
clme(formula, data, gfix = NULL, constraints = list(), tsf = lrt.stat,
      tsf.ind = w.stat.ind, mySolver = "LS", verbose = c(FALSE, FALSE, FALSE),
      levels = NULL, ncon = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

formula	a formula expression. The constrained effect(s) must come before any unconstrained covariates on the right-hand side of the expression. The first <code>ncon</code> terms will be assumed to be constrained.
data	data frame containing the variables in the model.
gfix	optional vector of group levels for residual variances. Data should be sorted by this value.
constraints	optional list containing the constraints. See Details for further information.
tsf	function to calculate the test statistic.
tsf.ind	function to calculate the test statistic for individual constrats. See Details for further information.
mySolver	solver to use in isotonization (passed to <code>activeSet</code>).
verbose	optional. Vector of 3 logicals. The first causes printing of iteration step, the second two are passed as the <code>verbose</code> argument to the functions <code>minque</code> and <code>clme_em</code> , respectively.
levels	optional list to manually specify names for constrained coefficients. See Details.
ncon	the number of variables in <code>formula</code> that are constrained.
...	space for additional arguments.

Details

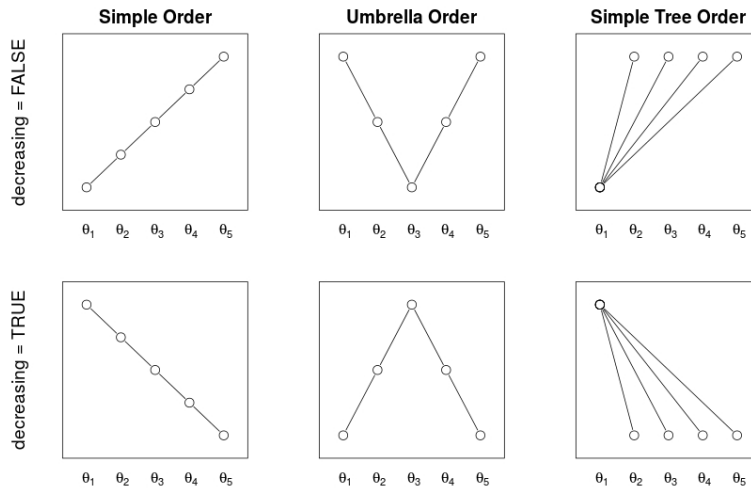
If any random effects are included, the function computes MINQUE estimates of variance components. After, `clme_em` is run to obtain the observed values. If `nsim>0`, a bootstrap test is performed using `resid_boot`. For the argument `levels` the first list element should be the column index (in data) of the constrained effect. The second element should be the true order of the levels.

Value

The output of `clme` is an object of the class `clme`, which is list with elements:

- `theta` estimates of θ coefficients
- `theta0` estimates of θ_0 coefficients under the null hypothesis
- `ssq` estimate of residual variance(s), σ_i^2 .
- `tsq` estimate of random effects variance component(s), τ_i^2 .
- `cov.theta` the unconstrained covariance matrix of θ
- `ts.glb` test statistic for the global hypothesis.
- `ts.ind` test statistics for each of the constraints.
- `mySolver` the solver used for isotonization.
- `constraints` list containing the constraints (A) and the contrast for the global test (B).
- `dframe` data frame containing the variables in the model.
- `residuals` matrix containing residuals. For mixed models three types of residuals are given.
- `random.effects` estimates of random effects.

- `gfix` group sample sizes for residual variances.
- `gran` group sizes for random effect variance components.
- `gfix_group` group names for residual variances.
- `formula` the formula used in the model.
- `call` the function call.
- `order` list describing the specified or estimated constraints.
- `P1` the number of constrained parameters.
- `nsim` the number of bootstrap simulations used for inference.



Note

The argument `constraints` is a list containing the order restrictions. The elements are `order`, `node`, `decreasing`, `A`, and `B`, though not all are necessary. The function can calculate the last two for default orders (simple, umbrella, or simple tree). For default orders, `constraints` should be a list containing any subset of `order`, `node`, and `decreasing`. See the figure below for a depiction of these values; the pictured node of the simple tree orders (middle column) is 1, and the node for the umbrella orders (right column) is 3. These may be vectors (e.g. `order=c('simple','umbrella')`). If any of these three are missing, the function will test for all possible values of the missing element(s), excluding simple tree.

For non-default orders, the elements `A` and `B` should be provided. `A` is an $r \times 2$ matrix (where r is the number of linear constraints, $0 < r$). Each row should contain two indices, the first element is the index of the lesser coefficient, the second element is the index of the greater coefficient. So a row of $(1, 2)$ corresponds to the constraint $\theta_1 \leq \theta_2$, and a row $(4, 3)$ corresponds to the constraint $\theta_4 \leq \theta_3$, etc. Element `B` should hold similar contrasts, specifically those needed for calculating the Williams' type test statistic (`B` is only needed if `tsf=w.stat`) The argument `tsf` is a function to calculate the desired test statistic. The default function calculates likelihood ratio type test statistic. A Williams type test statistic, which is the maximum of the test statistic over the constraints in `constraints$B`, is also available, and custom functions may be defined. See `w.stat` for details. By default, homogeneity of variances is assumed for residuals (e.g., `gfix` does not define groups) and for each random effect. Some values can be passed to `clme` that are not used in this function.

For instance, `seed` and `nsim` can each be passed as an argument here, and `summary.clme` will use these values.

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order="simple", decreasing=FALSE, node=1 )

clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data=rat.blood ,
                constraints=cons, seed=42, nsim=10, ncon=1)
```

clme_em_fixed	<i>Constrained EM algorithm for linear fixed or mixed effects models.</i>
---------------	---

Description

`clme_em_fixed` performs a constrained EM algorithm for linear fixed effects models.

`clme_em_mixed` performs a constrained EM algorithm for linear mixed effects models.

`clme_em` is the general function, it will call the others. These Expectation-maximization (EM) algorithms estimate model parameters and compute a test statistic.

Usage

```
clme_em_fixed(Y, X1, X2 = NULL, U = NULL, Nks = dim(X1)[1],
              Qs = dim(U)[2], constraints, mq.phi = NULL, tsf = lrt.stat,
              tsf.ind = w.stat.ind, mySolver = "LS", em.iter = 500, em.eps = 1e-04,
              verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

```
clme_em_mixed(Y, X1, X2 = NULL, U = NULL, Nks = dim(X1)[1],
              Qs = dim(U)[2], constraints, mq.phi = NULL, tsf = lrt.stat,
              tsf.ind = w.stat.ind, mySolver = "LS", em.iter = 500, em.eps = 1e-04,
              verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

```
clme_em(Y, X1, X2 = NULL, U = NULL, Nks = nrow(X1), Qs = ncol(U),
        constraints, mq.phi = NULL, tsf = lrt.stat, tsf.ind = w.stat.ind,
        mySolver = "LS", em.iter = 500, em.eps = 1e-04, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

Y	$N \times 1$ vector of response data.
X1	$N \times p_1$ design matrix.
X2	optional $N \times p_2$ matrix of covariates.
U	optional $N \times c$ matrix of random effects.
Nks	optional $K \times 1$ vector of group sizes.
Qs	optional $Q \times 1$ vector of group sizes for random effects.

constraints	list containing the constraints. See Details.
mq.phi	optional MINQUE estimates of variance parameters.
tsf	function to calculate the test statistic.
tsf.ind	function to calculate the test statistic for individual constrats. See Details for further information.
mySolver	solver to use in isotonization (passed to activeSet).
em.iter	maximum number of iterations permitted for the EM algorithm.
em.eps	criterion for convergence for the EM algorithm.
verbose	if TRUE, function prints messages on progress of the EM algorithm.
...	space for additional arguments.

Details

Argument `constraints` is a list including at least the elements `A`, `B`, and `Anull`. This argument can be generated by function [create.constraints](#).

Value

The function returns a list with the elements:

- `theta` coefficient estimates.
- `theta.null` vector of coefficient estimates under the null hypothesis.
- `ssq` estimate of residual variance term(s).
- `tsq` estimate of variance components for any random effects.
- `cov.theta` covariance matrix of the unconstrained coefficients.
- `ts.glb` test statistic for the global hypothesis.
- `ts.ind` test statistics for each of the constraints.
- `mySolver` the solver used for isotonization.

Note

There are few error catches in these functions. If only the EM estimates are desired, users are recommended to run `clme` setting `nsim=0`.

By default, homogeneous variances are assumed for the residuals and (if included) random effects. Heterogeneity can be induced using the arguments `Nks` and `Qs`, which refer to the vectors (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k) and (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_q) , respectively. See [CLME-package](#) for further explanation the model and these values.

See [w.stat](#) and [lrt.stat](#) for more details on using custom test statistics.

See Also

[CLME-package](#) `clme` [create.constraints](#) [lrt.stat](#) [w.stat](#)

Examples

```

data( rat.blood )

model_mats <- model_terms_clme( mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood )

Y <- model_mats$Y
X1 <- model_mats$X1
X2 <- model_mats$X2
U <- model_mats$U

cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )

clme.out <- clme_em(Y = Y, X1 = X1, X2 = X2, U = U, constraints = cons)

```

clme_resids

Computes various types of residuals

Description

Computes several types of residuals for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
clme_resids(formula, data, gfix = NULL, ncon = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>formula</code>	a formula expression. The constrained effect(s) must come before any unconstrained covariates on the right-hand side of the expression. The first <code>ncon</code> terms will be assumed to be constrained.
<code>data</code>	data frame containing the variables in the model.
<code>gfix</code>	optional vector of group levels for residual variances. Data should be sorted by this value.
<code>ncon</code>	the number of variables in <code>formula</code> that are constrained.

Details

For fixed-effects models $Y = X\beta + \epsilon$, residuals are given as $\hat{\epsilon} = Y - X\hat{\beta}$. For mixed-effects models $Y = X\beta + U\xi + \epsilon$, three types of residuals are available. $PA = Y - X\hat{\beta}$, $SS = U\hat{\xi}$, $FM = Y - X\hat{\beta} - U\hat{\xi}$

Value

List containing the elements `PA`, `SS`, `FM`, `cov.theta`, `xi`, `ssq`, `tsq`. `PA`, `SS`, `FM` are defined above (for fixed-effects models, the residuals are only `PA`). Then `cov.theta` is the unconstrained covariance matrix of the fixed-effects coefficients, `xi` is the vector of random effect estimates, and `ssq` and `tsq` are unconstrained estimates of the variance components.

Note

There are few error catches in these functions. If only the EM estimates are desired, users are recommended to run `clme` setting `nsim=0`.

By default, homogeneous variances are assumed for the residuals and (if included) random effects. Heterogeneity can be induced using the arguments `Nks` and `Qs`, which refer to the vectors (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k) and (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_q) , respectively. See [CLME-package](#) for further explanation the model and these values.

See `w.stat` and `lrt.stat` for more details on using custom test statistics.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )

clme.out <- clme_resids(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood, ncon=1 )

## End(Not run)
```

confint.clme

Individual confidence intervals

Description

Calculates confidence intervals for fixed effects parameter estimates in objects of class `clme`.

Calculates confidence intervals for fixed effects parameter estimates in objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
confint(object, parm, level = 0.95, ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
confint(object, parm, level = 0.95, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	object of class <code>clme</code> .
<code>parm</code>	parameter for which confidence intervals are computed (not used).
<code>level</code>	nominal confidence level.
<code>...</code>	space for additional arguments.

Details

Confidence intervals are computed using Standard Normal critical values. Standard errors are taken from the covariance matrix of the unconstrained parameter estimates.

Value

Returns a matrix with two columns named `lcl` and `ucl` (lower and upper confidence limit).

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

confint( clme.out )
```

`create.constraints` *Generate common order constraints*

Description

Automatically generates the constraints in the format used by [clme](#). Allowed orders are simple, simple tree, and umbrella orders.

Usage

```
create.constraints(P1, constraints)
```

Arguments

<code>P1</code>	the length of θ_1 , the vector constrained coefficients.
<code>constraints</code>	List with the elements <code>order</code> , <code>node</code> , and <code>decreasing</code> . See Details for further information.

Details

The elements of `constraints` are:

- `order`: string. Currently “simple”, “simple.tree” and “umbrella” are supported.
- `node`: numeric, the node of the coefficients (unnecessary for simple orders).
- `decreasing`: logical. For simple orders, is the trend decreasing? For umbrella and simple tree, does the nodal parameter have the greatest value (e.g., the peak, instead of the valley)?

See [clme](#) for more information and a depiction of these three elements.

Value

The function returns a list containing the elements of input argument constraints as well as

- A matrix of dimension $r \times 2$ containing the order constraints, where r is the number of linear constraints.
- B matrix containing the contrasts necessary for computation of the Williams' type test statistic (may be identical to A).
- A null matrix similar to A which defines all possible constraints. Used to obtain parameter estimates under the null hypothesis.
- order the input argument for constraints\$order.
- node the input argument for constraints\$node.
- decreasing the input argument for constraints\$decreasing

See [w.stat](#) for more information on B

Note

The function `clme` also utilizes the argument constraints. For `clme`, this argument may either be identical to the argument of this function, or may be the output of `create.constraints` (that is, a list containing appropriate matrices A, Anull, and if necessary, B).

An example the the A matrix might be:

```
[1,] [1] [2]
[2,]  1  2
[3,]  2  3
[4,]  4  3
[5,]  5  4
[6,]  6  5
```

This matrix defines what **CLME** describes as a decreasing umbrella order. The first row defines the constraint that $\theta_1 \leq \theta_2$, the second row defined the constraint $\theta_2 \leq \theta_3$, the third row defines $\theta_4 \leq \theta_3$, and so on. The values are indexes, and the left column is the index of the parameter constrained to be smaller.

See Also

[clme](#), [w.stat](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
# For simple order, the node does not matter
create.constraints( P1 = 5, constraints = list( order='simple' ,
                                             decreasing=FALSE ))

# Compare constraints against decreasing=TRUE
create.constraints( P1 = 5, constraints=list( order='simple' ,
```

```

decreasing=TRUE ))

# Umbrella order
create.constraints( P1 = 5, constraints=list( order='umbrella' , node=3
, decreasing=FALSE ))

## End(Not run)

```

fibroid

Fibroid Growth Study

Description

This data set contains a subset of the data from the Fibroid Growth Study.

[,1]	ID	ID for subject.
[,2]	fid	ID for fibroid (each women could have multiple fibroids).
[,3]	lfgr	log fibroid growth rate. See details.
[,4]	age	age category Younger, Middle, Older.
[,5]	loc	location of fibroid, corpus, fundus, or lower segment.
[,6]	bmi	body mass index of subject.
[,7]	preg	parity, whether the subject had delivered a child.
[,8]	race	race of subject (Black or White only).
[,9]	vol	initial volume of fibroid.

Usage

```
data(fibroid)
```

Format

A frame containing 240 observations on 9 variables.

Details

The response variable lfgr was calculated as the change in log fibroid volume, divided by the length of time between measurements. The growth rates were averaged to produce a single value for each fibroid, which was scaled to represent a 6-month percent change in volume.

References

Peddada, Laughlin, Miner, Guyon, Haneke, Vahdat, Semelka, Kowalik, Armao, Davis, and Baird(2008). Growth of Uterine Leiomyomata Among Premenopausal Black and White Women. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 105(50), 19887-19892. URL <http://www.pnas.org/content/105/50/19887.full.pdf>.

`fixef.clme`*Extract fixed effects*

Description

Extract fixed effects

Extract fixed effects

Extracts the fixed effects estimates from objects of class `clme`.

Extract fixed effects

Extract fixed effects

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
fixef(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'  
fixef(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
fixef(object, ...)
```

```
fixed.effects(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'  
fixed.effects(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
fixed.effects(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
coefficients(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
coefficients(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
coef(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'  
coefficients(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'  
coef(object, ...)
```


Arguments

object object of class [clme](#).
 ... space for additional arguments

Value

Returns a numeric vector.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                 constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

fixef( clme.out )
```

formula.clme

Extract formula

Description

Extracts the formula from objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
formula(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x object of class [clme](#).
 ... space for additional arguments

Details

The package **CLME** parametrizes the model with no intercept term. If an intercept was included, it will be removed automatically.

Value

Returns a formula object

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
               constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

formula( clme.out )
```

is.clme

Constructor method for objects S3 class clme

Description

Constructor method for objects S3 class clme

Test if an object is of class clme or coerce an object to be such.

Usage

```
is.clme(x)
```

```
as.clme(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x list with the elements corresponding to the output of [clme](#).
... space for additional arguments.

Value

Returns an object of the class clme.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )

cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
               constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

is.clme( clme.out )
as.clme( clme.out )
```

logLik.clme	<i>Log-likelihood</i>
-------------	-----------------------

Description

Computes the log-likelihood of the fitted model for objects of class `clme`.

Log-likelihood

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
logLik(object, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'  
logLik(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	object of class <code>clme</code> .
<code>...</code>	space for additional arguments

Details

The log-likelihood is computed using the Normal distribution. The model uses residual bootstrap methodology, and Normality is neither required nor assumed. Therefore the log-likelihood may not be a useful measure in the context of **CLME**.

Value

Numeric.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)
[logLik.clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )  
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )  
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,  
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)  
  
logLik( clme.out )
```

lrt.stat	<i>Likelihood ratio type statistic (global)</i>
----------	---

Description

Calculates the likelihood ratio type test statistic (under Normality assumption) for a constrained linear mixed effects model. This is the default test statistic for **CLME**.

Usage

```
lrt.stat(theta, theta.null, cov.theta, ...)
```

Arguments

theta	estimated coefficients.
theta.null	coefficients estimated under the null hypothesis.
cov.theta	covariance matrix of the (unconstrained) coefficients.
...	additional arguments, to enable custom test statistic functions.

Value

Output is a numeric value.

Note

This is an internal function, unlikely to be useful outside of [CLME-package](#). To define custom functions, the arguments available are:

theta, theta.null, cov.theta, B, A, Y, X1, X2, U, tsq, ssq, Nks, and Qs.

Of the additional arguments, B and A are identical to those produced by [create.constraints](#). The rest, Y, X1, X2, U, tsq, , ssq, Nks, and Qs, are equivalent to arguments to [clme_em](#).

Custom functions must produce numeric output. Output may have length greater than 1, which corresponds to testing multiple global hypotheses.

See Also

[clme_em](#), [w.stat](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )

clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

# Individually compute lrt statistic
lrt.stat(clme.out$theta, clme.out$theta.null, clme.out$cov.theta )
```

 minque

 MINQUE Algorithm

Description

Algorithm to obtain MINQUE estimates of variance components of a linear mixed effects model.

Usage

```
minque(Y, X1, X2 = NULL, U = NULL, Nks = dim(X1)[1], Qs = dim(U)[2],
       mq.eps = 1e-04, mq.iter = 500, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

Y	$N \times 1$ vector of response data.
X1	$N \times p_1$ design matrix.
X2	optional $N \times p_2$ matrix of covariates.
U	optional $N \times c$ matrix of random effects.
Nks	optional $K \times 1$ vector of group sizes.
Qs	optional $Q \times 1$ vector of group sizes for random effects.
mq.eps	criterion for convergence for the MINQUE algorithm.
mq.iter	maximum number of iterations permitted for the MINQUE algorithm.
verbose	if TRUE, function prints messages on progress of the MINQUE algorithm.
...	space for additional arguments.

Details

By default, the model assumes homogeneity of variances for both the residuals and the random effects (if included). See the Details in [c1me_em](#) for more information on how to use the arguments Nks and Qs to permit heterogeneous variances.

Value

The function returns a vector of the form $(\tau_1^2, \tau_2^2, \dots, \tau_q^2, \sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \dots, \sigma_k^2)'$. If there are no random effects, then the output is just $(\sigma_1^2, \sigma_2^2, \dots, \sigma_k^2)'$.

Note

This function is called by several other function in **CLME** to obtain estimates of the random effect variances. If there are no random effects, they will not call minque.

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )

model_mats <- model_terms_clme( mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id) ,
                               data = rat.blood )

Y <- model_mats$Y
X1 <- model_mats$X1
X2 <- model_mats$X2
U <- model_mats$U

# No covariates or random effects
minque(Y = Y, X1 = X1 )

# Include covariates and random effects
minque(Y = Y, X1 = X1, X2 = X2, U = U )
```

model.frame.clme	<i>Extracts the model frame</i>
------------------	---------------------------------

Description

Extracts the model frame from objects of class `clme`.

Extracts the model frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
model.frame(formula, ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
model.frame(formula, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>formula</code>	a formula expression.
<code>...</code>	space for additional arguments

Value

Returns a data frame with the variables in the model.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)
[model.frame.clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data( rat.blood )
model.frame.clme( mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood )

## End(Not run)
```

model.matrix.clme	<i>Extract the model design matrix.</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Extracts the fixed-effects design matrix from objects of class `clme`.
Extract the model design matrix.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
model.matrix(object, type = "fixef", ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
model.matrix(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	an object of class <code>clme</code> .
<code>type</code>	specify whether to return the fixed-effects or random-effects matrix.
<code>...</code>	space for additional arguments

Value

Returns a matrix.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)
[model.matrix.clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
               constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

model.matrix( clme.out )

## End(Not run)
```

model_terms_clme	<i>Create model matrices for clme</i>
------------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Parses formulas to creates model matrices for clme.

Usage

```
model_terms_clme(formula, data, ncon = 1)
```

Arguments

formula	a formula defining a linear fixed or mixed effects model. The constrained effect(s) must come before any unconstrained covariates on the right-hand side of the expression. The first ncon terms will be assumed to be constrained.
data	data frame containing the variables in the model.
ncon	the number of variables in formula that are constrained.

Value

A list with the elements:

Y	response variable
X1	design matrix for constrained effect
X2	design matrix for covariates
P1	number of constrained coefficients
U	matrix of random effects
formula	the final formula call (automatically removes intercept)
dframe	the dataframe containing the variables in the model
REidx	an element to define random effect variance components
REnames	an element to define random effect variance components

Note

The first term on the right-hand side of the formula should be the fixed effect with constrained coefficients. Random effects are represented with a vertical bar, so for example the random effect U would be included by $Y \sim X1 + (1|U)$.

The intercept is removed automatically. This is done to ensure that parameter estimates are of the means of interest, rather than being expressed as a mean with offsets.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
model_terms_clme( mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id) , data = rat.blood )
```

nobs.clme	<i>Number of observations</i>
-----------	-------------------------------

Description

Obtains the number of observations used to fit an model for objects of class clme.

Number of observations

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
nobs(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
nobs(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object an object of class clme.
 ... space for additional arguments

Value

Numeric.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

[nobs.clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                 constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

nobs( clme.out )
```

plot.clme

S3 method to plot objects of class clme

Description

Generates a basic plot of estimated coefficients which are subject to constraints (θ_1). Lines indicate individual constraints (not global tests) and significance.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x object of class 'clme' to be plotted.
... additional plotting arguments.

Note

While it is possible to plot the output of a clme fit, this will only plot the fitted means. To indicate significance, plotting must be performed on the summary of a clme fit. This method will change the class so that plot.summary.clme will be called properly.

See Also

[CLME-package clme plot.summary.clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
set.seed( 42 )
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                  constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 10)
plot( clme.out )

## End(Not run)
```

plot.summary.clme *S3 method to plot objects of class clme*

Description

Generates a basic plot of estimated coefficients which are subject to constraints (θ_1). Lines indicate individual constraints (not global tests) and significance.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
plot(x, alpha = 0.05, legendx = "below",
     inset = 0.01, ci = FALSE, ylim = NULL, cex = 1.75, pch = 21,
     bg = "white", xlab = expression(paste("Component of ", theta[1])),
     ylab = expression(paste("Estimated Value of ", theta[1])), tree = NULL,
     ...)
```

Arguments

x	object of class 'clme' to be plotted.
alpha	significance level of the test.
legendx	character indicating placement of legend. See Details.
inset	inset distance(s) from the margins as a fraction of the plot region when legend is placed by keyword.
ci	plot individual confidence intervals.
ylim	limits of the y axis.
cex	size of plotting symbols.
pch	plotting symbols.
bg	background (fill) color of the plotting symbols.
xlab	label of the x axis.
ylab	label of the y axis.
tree	logical to produce alternate graph for tree ordering.
...	additional plotting arguments.

Details

All of the individual contrasts in the `constraints$A` matrix are tested and plotted. The global test is not represented (unless it happens to coincide with an individual contrast). Only the elements of θ which appear in any constraints (e.g. the elements of θ_1) are plotted. Coefficients for the covariates are not plotted. Solid lines denote no significant difference, while dashed lines denote statistical significance. Significance is determined by the individual p-value being less than or equal to the supplied α threshold. By default a legend denoting the meaning of solid and dashed lines will be placed below the graph. Argument `legendx` may be set to a legend keyword (e.g.

legend=' 'bottomright' ') to place it inside the graph at the specified location. Setting legendx to FALSE or to a non-supported keyword suppresses the legend. Confidence intervals for the coefficients may be plotted. They are individual confidence intervals, and are computed using the covariance matrix of the unconstrained estimates of θ_1 . These confidence intervals have higher coverage probability than the nominal value, and as such may appear to be in conflict with the significance tests. Alternate forms of confidence intervals may be provided in future updates.##

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
set.seed( 42 )
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
               constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 10)
clme.out2 <- summary( clme.out )
plot( clme.out2 )

## End(Not run)
```

print.clme	<i>Printout of fitted object.</i>
------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Prints basic information on a fitted object of class clme.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	an object of class clme.
...	space for additional arguments

Value

Text printed to console.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data( rat.blood )
set.seed( 42 )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 10)

print( clme.out )

## End(Not run)
```

print.summary.clme *S3 method to print a summary for objects of class clme*

Description

Summarizes the output of objects of class `clme`, such as those produced by `clme`. Prints a tabulated display of global and individual tests, as well as parameter estimates.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
print(x, alpha = 0.05, digits = 4, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	an object of class <code>clme</code> .
<code>alpha</code>	level of significance.
<code>digits</code>	number of decimal digits to print.
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to other functions.

Value

NULL, just prints results to the console.

Note

The individual tests are performed on the specified order. If no specific order was specified, then the individual tests are performed on the estimated order.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
set.seed( 42 )
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 10)

summary( clme.out )

## End(Not run)
```

```
print.varcorr_clme      Printout for variance components
```

Description

Prints variance components of an objects of `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'varcorr_clme'
print(object, rdig = 5, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	object of class <code>clme</code> .
<code>rdig</code>	number of digits to round to.
<code>...</code>	space for additional arguments.

Value

Text printed to console.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

print.varcorr_clme( clme.out )

## End(Not run)
```

random.effects	<i>Extract random effects</i>
----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Extract random effects

Extract random effects

Usage

```
random.effects(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
random.effects(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	object of class clme.
...	space for additional arguments

ranef.clme	<i>Extract random effects</i>
------------	-------------------------------

Description

Extract random effects

Extract random effects

Extracts the random effects estimates from objects of class clme.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
ranef(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
ranef(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
ranef(object, ...)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
random.effects(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object object of class clme.
 ... space for additional arguments

Value

Returns a numeric vector.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

ranef( clme.out )
```

rat.blood

Experiment on mice

Description

This data set contains the data from an experiment on 24 Sprague-Dawley rats from Cora et al (2012).

[,1]	id	ID for rat (factor).
[,2]	time	time period (in order, 0, 6, 24, 48, 72, 96 hours).
[,3]	temp	storage temperature reference (' 'Ref' ') vs. room temperature (' 'RT' ').
[,4]	sex	sex, male (' 'Male' ') vs. female (' 'Female' '). Coded as ' 'Female' '=1.
[,5]	wbc	white blood cell count ($10^3/\mu L$).
[,6]	rbc	red blood cell count ($10^6/\mu L$).
[,7]	hgb	hemoglobin concentration (g/dl).
[,8]	hct	hematocrit (%).
[,9]	spun	(HCT %).
[,10]	mcv	MCV, a measurement of erythrocyte volume (fl).
[,11]	mch	mean corpuscular hemoglobin (pg).
[,12]	mchc	mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (g/dl).
[,13]	plts	platelet count ($10^3/\mu L$).

Usage

```
data(rat.blood)
```


Format

A frame containing 241 observations on 13 variables.

Details

The response variable lfgr was calculated as the change in log fibroid volume, divided by the length of time between measurements. The growth rates were averaged to produce a single value for each fibroid, which was scaled to represent a 6-month percent change in volume.

References

Cora M, King D, Betz L, Wilson R, and Travlos G (2012). Artfactual changes in Sprauge-Dawley rat hematologic parameters after storage of samples at 3 C and 21 C. Journal of the American Association for Laboratory Animal Science, 51(5), 616-621. URL <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3447451/>.

residuals.clme	<i>Various types of residuals</i>
----------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Computes several types of residuals for objects of class clme.

Various types of residuals

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
residuals(object, type = "FM", ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
residuals(object, type = "FM", ...)
```

Arguments

object	object of class <code>clme</code> .
type	type of residual (for mixed-effects models only).
...	space for additional arguments

Details

For fixed-effects models $Y = X\beta + \epsilon$, residuals are given as

$$\hat{\epsilon} = Y - X\hat{\beta}$$

. For mixed-effects models $Y = X\beta + U\xi + \epsilon$, three types of residuals are available. $PA = Y - X\hat{\beta}$
 $SS = U\hat{\xi}$
 $FM = Y - X\hat{\beta} - U\hat{\xi}$

Value

Returns a numeric matrix.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

residuals( clme.out, type='PA' )

## End(Not run)
```

resid_boot

Obtain Residual Bootstrap

Description

Generates bootstrap samples of the data vector.

Usage

```
resid_boot(formula, data, gfix = NULL, eps = NULL, xi = NULL,
           null.resids = TRUE, theta = NULL, ssq = NULL, tsq = NULL,
           cov.theta = NULL, seed = NULL, nsim = 1000, mySolver = "LS",
           ncon = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

formula	a formula expression. The constrained effect(s) must come before any unconstrained covariates on the right-hand side of the expression. The first ncon terms will be assumed to be constrained.
data	data frame containing the variables in the model.
gfix	optional vector of group levels for residual variances. Data should be sorted by this value.
eps	estimates of residuals.
xi	estimates of random effects.
null.resids	logical indicating if residuals should be computed under the null hypothesis.
theta	estimates of fixed effects coefficients. Estimated if not submitted.
ssq	estimates of residual variance components. Estimated if not submitted.

tsq	estimates of random effects variance components. Estimated if not submitted.
cov.theta	covariance matrix of fixed effects coefficients. Estimated if not submitted.
seed	set the seed for the RNG.
nsim	number of bootstrap samples to use for significance testing.
mySolver	solver to use, passed to activeSet.
ncon	the number of variables in formula that are constrained.
...	space for additional arguments.

Details

If any of the parameters theta, ssq, tsq, eps, or xi are provided, the function will use those values in generating the bootstrap samples. They will be estimated if not submitted. If `null.resids=TRUE`, then theta will be projected onto the space of the null hypothesis ($H_0 : \theta_1 = \theta_2 = \dots = \theta_{p_1}$) regardless of whether it is provided or estimated. To generate bootstraps with a specific theta, set `null.residuals=FALSE`.

Value

Output is N times $nsim$ matrix, where each column is a bootstrap sample of the response data Y .

Note

This function is primarily designed to be called by `clme`.

By default, homogeneous variances are assumed for the residuals and (if included) random effects. Heterogeneity can be induced using the arguments `Nks` and `Qs`, which refer to the vectors (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k) and (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_q) , respectively. See `clme_em` for further explanation of these values.

See Also

[clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
boot_sample <- resid_boot(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), nsim = 10,
                        data = rat.blood, null.resids = TRUE, ncon = 1 )
```

shiny_clme

*Shiny GUI for CLME***Description**

Opens a graphical user interface to run **CLME**, built from the **shiny** package.

Usage

```
shiny_clme()
```

```
shinyUI_clme
```

```
shinyServer_clme(input, output)
```

Arguments

input input from GUI.

output output to GUI.

Format

```
List of 3
 $ : NULL
 $ : NULL
 $ :List of 1
  ..$ :List of 3
   .. ..$ name      : chr "div"
   .. ..$ attribs  :List of 1
   .. .. ..$ class: chr "container-fluid"
   .. ..$ children:List of 2
   .. .. ..$ :List of 2
   .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
   .. .. .. .. ..$ name      : chr "head"
   .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs  : list()
   .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 1
   .. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ name      : chr "title"
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs  : list()
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 1
   .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ : chr "Constrained Linear Mixed Effects"
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ name      : chr "h2"
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs  : list()
   .. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 1
```

```

.. .. .. .. .. .. ..$ : chr "Constrained Linear Mixed Effects"
.. .. .. .. .. .. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. .. .. .. .. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr [1:2] "shiny.tag.list" "list"
.. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. .. ..$ class: chr "row"
.. .. .. ..$ children:List of 2
.. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ class: chr "col-sm-4"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "form"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ class: chr "well"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 36
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "label"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs : list()
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ : chr "Data (choose CSV file)"
.. .. .. .. .. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "input"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 4
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ id : chr "file1"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "file1"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ type : chr "file"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ accept: chr "text/csv,text/comma-separated-values,text/plain"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ children: list()
.. .. .. .. .. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 2
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ id : chr "file1_progress"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ class: chr "progress progress-striped active shiny-file-input"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ :List of 3
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. .. .. .. ..$ class: chr "progress-bar"

```

```

..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs :List of 2
..$ class: chr "control-label"
..$ for : chr "dlmt"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Delimiter:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "select"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ id: chr "dlmt"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :Classes 'html', 'character' atomic [1:1] <option value
<option value="Tab-delimited">Tab-delimited</option>
<option value="xlsx">xlsx</option>
..- attr(*, "html")= logi TRUE
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "script"
..$ attribs :List of 3
..$ type : chr "application/json"
..$ data-for : chr "dlmt"
..$ data-nonempty: chr ""
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "{}"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "html_dependencies")=List of 1
..$ :List of 8
..$ name : chr "selectize"
..$ version : chr "0.11.2"
..$ src :List of 1
..$ href: chr "shared/selectize"

```

```

.. .. . $ meta      : NULL
.. .. . $ script    : NULL
.. .. . $ stylesheet: chr "css/selectize.bootstrap3.css"
.. .. . $ head      : chr "<!--[if lt IE 9]>\n<script src=\"shared/selectize
.. .. . $ attachment: NULL
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name      : chr "hr"
.. .. . $ attribs   : list()
.. .. . $ children  : list()
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name      : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs   :List of 1
.. .. . $ class     : chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.. .. . $ children  :List of 2
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name      : chr "label"
.. .. . $ attribs   :List of 2
.. .. . $ class     : chr "control-label"
.. .. . $ for       : chr "solver"
.. .. . $ children  :List of 1
.. .. . $ : chr "Type of Solver / fitting norm:"
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name      : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs   : list()
.. .. . $ children  :List of 2
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name      : chr "select"
.. .. . $ attribs   :List of 1
.. .. . $ id        : chr "solver"
.. .. . $ children  :List of 1
.. .. . $ :Classes 'html', 'character' atomic [1:1] <option value
<option value="Least Absolute Value (L1)">Least Absolute Value (L1)</option>
<option value="General LS (GLS)">General LS (GLS)</option>
<option value="Asymmetrix LS">Asymmetrix LS</option>
<option value="L1 approx">L1 approx</option>
<option value="Huber">Huber</option>
<option value="SILF">SILF</option>
<option value="Chebyshev">Chebyshev</option>
<option value="L-p Power Norm">L-p Power Norm</option>
<option value="Quantile">Quantile</option>
<option value="Poisson">Poisson</option>
.. .. . - attr(*, "html")= logi TRUE
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name      : chr "script"

```

```

..$ attribs :List of 3
..$ type      : chr "application/json"
..$ data-for   : chr "solver"
..$ data-nonempty: chr ""
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "{}"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "html_dependencies")=List of 1
..$ :List of 8
..$ name      : chr "selectize"
..$ version   : chr "0.11.2"
..$ src       :List of 1
..$ href      : chr "shared/selectize"
..$ meta      : NULL
..$ script    : NULL
..$ stylesheet: chr "css/selectize.bootstrap3.css"
..$ head      : chr "<!--[if lt IE 9]>\n<script src=\"shared/selectize"
..$ attachment: NULL
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   :List of 1
..$ class     : chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "label"
..$ attribs   :List of 2
..$ class     : chr "control-label"
..$ for       : chr "tsfunc"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Test Statistic:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "select"
..$ attribs   :List of 1
..$ id        : chr "tsfunc"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :Classes 'html', 'character' atomic [1:1] <option value
<option value="Williams">Williams</option>
..- attr(*, "html")= logi TRUE
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3

```



```

.. ..$ name      : chr "script"
.. ..$ attribs   :List of 3
.. ..$ type      : chr "application/json"
.. ..$ data-for   : chr "tsfunc"
.. ..$ data-nonempty: chr ""
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ : chr "{}"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..- attr(*, "html_dependencies")=List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 8
.. ..$ name      : chr "selectize"
.. ..$ version    : chr "0.11.2"
.. ..$ src        :List of 1
.. ..$ href       : chr "shared/selectize"
.. ..$ meta       : NULL
.. ..$ script     : NULL
.. ..$ stylesheet: chr "css/selectize.bootstrap3.css"
.. ..$ head       : chr "<!--[if lt IE 9]>\n<script src=\"shared/selectize"
.. ..$ attachment: NULL
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "div"
.. ..$ attribs   :List of 2
.. ..$ id       : chr "order"
.. ..$ class     : chr "form-group shiny-input-checkboxgroup shiny-input-contain"
.. ..$ children:List of 2
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "label"
.. ..$ attribs   :List of 2
.. ..$ class     : chr "control-label"
.. ..$ for       : chr "order"
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ : chr "Order (select at least one):"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "div"
.. ..$ attribs   :List of 1
.. ..$ class     : chr "shiny-options-group"
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "div"
.. ..$ attribs   :List of 1
.. ..$ class     : chr "checkbox"
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 3

```

```

..$ name      : chr "label"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children  : List of 2
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "input"
..$ attribs   : List of 3
..$ type      : chr "checkbox"
..$ name      : chr "order"
..$ value     : chr "Simple"
..$ children  : list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "span"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children  : List of 1
..$           : chr "Simple"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   : List of 1
..$ class     : chr "checkbox"
..$ children  : List of 1
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "label"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children  : List of 2
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "input"
..$ attribs   : List of 3
..$ type      : chr "checkbox"
..$ name      : chr "order"
..$ value     : chr "Umbrella"
..$ children  : list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "span"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children  : List of 1
..$           : chr "Umbrella"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$           : List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   : List of 1
..$ class     : chr "checkbox"

```

```
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 3
..$ type : chr "checkbox"
..$ name : chr "order"
..$ value: chr "Tree"
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "span"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Tree"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "checkbox"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 2
..$ id : chr "decreasing"
..$ type: chr "checkbox"
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "span"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 1
```

```

.....$ : chr "Decreasing (inverted) order:"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "span"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ class: chr "help-block"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ : chr "Identify columns of data"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "span"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ class: chr "help-block"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ : chr "Use column letters or numbers"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "span"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ class: chr "help-block"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ : chr "e.g., 1-3 or A-C or a list: 1,4,6"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "div"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.....$ children:List of 2
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "label"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ for: chr "yy"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ : chr "Column of response:"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "input"
.....$ attribs :List of 4
.....$ id : chr "yy"
.....$ type : chr "text"
.....$ class: chr "form-control"
.....$ value: chr ""
.....$ children: list()
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"

```

```

.. .. . :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 2
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "label"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ for: chr "p1"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. . ..$ : chr "Column of constrained effect:"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "input"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 4
.. .. . ..$ id : chr "p1"
.. .. . ..$ type : chr "text"
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-control"
.. .. . ..$ value: chr ""
.. .. . ..$ children: list()
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 2
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "label"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ for: chr "p2"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. . ..$ : chr "Column(s) of Covariates:"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "input"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 4
.. .. . ..$ id : chr "p2"
.. .. . ..$ type : chr "text"
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-control"
.. .. . ..$ value: chr "None"
.. .. . ..$ children: list()
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"

```

```

. . . . . $ children:List of 2
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "label"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 1
. . . . . $ for: chr "q"
. . . . . $ children:List of 1
. . . . . $ : chr "Column(s) of random effects:"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "input"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 4
. . . . . $ id : chr "q"
. . . . . $ type : chr "text"
. . . . . $ class: chr "form-control"
. . . . . $ value: chr "None"
. . . . . $ children: list()
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "div"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 1
. . . . . $ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
. . . . . $ children:List of 2
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "label"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 1
. . . . . $ for: chr "nsim"
. . . . . $ children:List of 1
. . . . . $ : chr "Number of Bootstraps:"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "input"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 6
. . . . . $ id : chr "nsim"
. . . . . $ type : chr "number"
. . . . . $ class: chr "form-control"
. . . . . $ value: chr "1000"
. . . . . $ min : num 0
. . . . . $ max : num 50000
. . . . . $ children: list()
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "hr"
. . . . . $ attribs : list()
. . . . . $ children: list()
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . $ :List of 3

```

```

.. ..$ name      : chr "span"
.. ..$ attribs  :List of 1
.. ..$ class    : chr "help-block"
.. ..$ children :List of 1
.. ..$ : chr "Click to run model or update output."
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "button"
.. ..$ attribs  :List of 3
.. ..$ id       : chr "compute1"
.. ..$ type     : chr "button"
.. ..$ class    : chr "btn btn-default action-button"
.. ..$ children :List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 2
.. ..$ : NULL
.. ..$ : chr "Run model"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "button"
.. ..$ attribs  :List of 3
.. ..$ id       : chr "compute2"
.. ..$ type     : chr "button"
.. ..$ class    : chr "btn btn-default action-button"
.. ..$ children :List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 2
.. ..$ : NULL
.. ..$ : chr "Update plot"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "button"
.. ..$ attribs  :List of 3
.. ..$ id       : chr "compute3"
.. ..$ type     : chr "button"
.. ..$ class    : chr "btn btn-default action-button"
.. ..$ children :List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 2
.. ..$ : NULL
.. ..$ : chr "Update summary"
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "hr"
.. ..$ attribs  : list()
.. ..$ children : list()
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name      : chr "div"
.. ..$ attribs  :List of 1
.. ..$ class    : chr "form-group shiny-input-container"

```

```

..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "checkbox"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 2
..$ id : chr "outcheck"
..$ type: chr "checkbox"
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "span"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Format Output:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ data-display-if: chr "input.outcheck"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "checkbox"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 2

```



```

..$ id : chr "plotci"
..$ type: chr "checkbox"
..$ children: list()
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "span"
..$ attris : list()
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "CI on Plot:"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attris :List of 1
..$ data-display-if: chr "input.outcheck"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attris :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attris :List of 2
..$ class: chr "control-label"
..$ for : chr "alpha"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Alpha level:"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attris :List of 12
..$ class : chr "js-range-slider"
..$ id : chr "alpha"
..$ data-min : num 0
..$ data-max : num 0.15
..$ data-from : num 0.05
..$ data-step : num 0.01
..$ data-grid : chr "true"
..$ data-grid-num : num 7.5
..$ data-grid-snap : chr "false"
..$ data-prettify-separator: chr ","
..$ data-keyboard : chr "true"
..$ data-keyboard-step : num 6.67
..$ children: list()

```

```

..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "html_dependencies")=List of 1
..$ :List of 8
..$ name      : chr "ionrangeslider"
..$ version   : chr "2.0.6"
..$ src       :List of 1
..$ href      : chr "shared/ionrangeslider"
..$ meta      : NULL
..$ script    : chr "js/ion.rangeSlider.min.js"
..$ stylesheet: chr [1:2] "css/ion.rangeSlider.css" "css/ion.r
..$ head      : NULL
..$ attachment: NULL
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   :List of 1
..$ data-display-if: chr "input.outcheck"
..$ children  :List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   :List of 1
..$ class     : chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children  :List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "div"
..$ attribs   :List of 1
..$ class     : chr "checkbox"
..$ children  :List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "label"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children  :List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "input"
..$ attribs   :List of 2
..$ id        : chr "makeFactor"
..$ type      : chr "checkbox"
..$ children  : list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name      : chr "span"
..$ attribs   : list()
..$ children  :List of 1
..$ : chr "Force constrained effect to be factor"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"

```

```

..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "hr"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "checkbox"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 2
..$ id : chr "varssq"
..$ type: chr "checkbox"
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "span"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Heteroscedasticity:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ data-display-if: chr "input.varssq"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 2

```

```

..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ for: chr "gfix"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Column of variance groups:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 4
..$ id : chr "gfix"
..$ type : chr "text"
..$ class: chr "form-control"
..$ value: chr ""
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "checkbox"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 2
..$ id : chr "xlevel1"
..$ type: chr "checkbox"
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "span"
..$ attribs : list()
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Define order of constrained groups:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"

```

```

.. .. . :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ data-display-if: chr "input.xlevel1"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 2
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "label"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ for: chr "xlevels"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. . ..$ : chr "Column of ordered group levels:"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "input"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 4
.. .. . ..$ id : chr "xlevels"
.. .. . ..$ type : chr "text"
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-control"
.. .. . ..$ value: chr ""
.. .. . ..$ children: list()
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "div"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. .. . ..$ class: chr "checkbox"
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 1
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "label"
.. .. . ..$ attribs : list()
.. .. . ..$ children:List of 2
.. .. . ..$ :List of 3
.. .. . ..$ name : chr "input"
.. .. . ..$ attribs :List of 2
.. .. . ..$ id : chr "technical"
.. .. . ..$ type: chr "checkbox"
.. .. . ..$ children: list()

```

```

.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "span"
.....$ attribs : list()
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ : chr "Select Control Parameters:"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "div"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ data-display-if: chr "input.technical"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "div"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
.....$ children:List of 2
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "label"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ for: chr "emiter"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ : chr "Max EM Iterations:"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "input"
.....$ attribs :List of 6
.....$ id : chr "emiter"
.....$ type : chr "number"
.....$ class: chr "form-control"
.....$ value: chr "500"
.....$ min : num 10
.....$ max : num 50000
.....$ children: list()
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "div"
.....$ attribs :List of 1
.....$ data-display-if: chr "input.technical"
.....$ children:List of 1
.....$ :List of 3
.....$ name : chr "div"
.....$ attribs :List of 1

```

```

... ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
... ..$ children:List of 2
... ..$ :List of 3
... ..$ name : chr "label"
... ..$ attribs :List of 1
... ..$ for: chr "mqiter"
... ..$ children:List of 1
... ..$ : chr "Max MINQUE Iterations:"
... ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
... ..$ :List of 3
... ..$ name : chr "input"
... ..$ attribs :List of 6
... ..$ id : chr "mqiter"
... ..$ type : chr "number"
... ..$ class: chr "form-control"
... ..$ value: chr "500"
... ..$ min : num 10
... ..$ max : num 50000
... ..$ children: list()
... ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
... ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
... ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
... ..$ :List of 3
... ..$ name : chr "div"
... ..$ attribs :List of 1
... ..$ data-display-if: chr "input.technical"
... ..$ children:List of 1
... ..$ :List of 3
... ..$ name : chr "div"
... ..$ attribs :List of 1
... ..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
... ..$ children:List of 2
... ..$ :List of 3
... ..$ name : chr "label"
... ..$ attribs :List of 1
... ..$ for: chr "emeps"
... ..$ children:List of 1
... ..$ : chr "EM Convergence Criteria:"
... ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
... ..$ :List of 3
... ..$ name : chr "input"
... ..$ attribs :List of 6
... ..$ id : chr "emeps"
... ..$ type : chr "number"
... ..$ class: chr "form-control"
... ..$ value: chr "0.0001"
... ..$ min : num 0
... ..$ max : num 50000

```

```

..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ data-display-if: chr "input.technical"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ for: chr "mqeps"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "MINQUE Convergence Criteria:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 6
..$ id : chr "mqeps"
..$ type : chr "number"
..$ class: chr "form-control"
..$ value: chr "0.0001"
..$ min : num 0
..$ max : num 50000
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ data-display-if: chr "input.technical"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "form-group shiny-input-container"
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "label"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ for: chr "ranseed"

```



```

..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Set RNG Seed:"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "input"
..$ attribs :List of 6
..$ id : chr "ranseed"
..$ type : chr "number"
..$ class: chr "form-control"
..$ value: chr "42"
..$ min : num 0
..$ max : num Inf
..$ children: list()
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "col-sm-8"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "div"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "tabbable tabs-above"
..$ children:List of 2
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "ul"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "nav nav-tabs"
..$ children:List of 4
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "li"
..$ attribs :List of 1
..$ class: chr "active"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ :List of 3
..$ name : chr "a"
..$ attribs :List of 3
..$ href : chr "#tab-3376-1"
..$ data-toggle: chr "tab"
..$ data-value : chr "Data Summary"
..$ children:List of 1
..$ : chr "Data Summary"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"

```

```

.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "li"
.. ..$ attribs : list()
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "a"
.. ..$ attribs :List of 3
.. ..$ href : chr "#tab-3376-2"
.. ..$ data-toggle: chr "tab"
.. ..$ data-value : chr "Model Summary"
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ : chr "Model Summary"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "li"
.. ..$ attribs : list()
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "a"
.. ..$ attribs :List of 3
.. ..$ href : chr "#tab-3376-3"
.. ..$ data-toggle: chr "tab"
.. ..$ data-value : chr "Model Plot"
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ : chr "Model Plot"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "li"
.. ..$ attribs : list()
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "a"
.. ..$ attribs :List of 3
.. ..$ href : chr "#tab-3376-4"
.. ..$ data-toggle: chr "tab"
.. ..$ data-value : chr "Model Data"
.. ..$ children:List of 1
.. ..$ : chr "Model Data"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. ..$ :List of 3
.. ..$ name : chr "div"
.. ..$ attribs :List of 1
.. ..$ class: chr "tab-content"
.. ..$ children:List of 4

```

```

.. .. . :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 3
.. .. . $ class : chr "tab-pane active"
.. .. . $ data-value: chr "Data Summary"
.. .. . $ id : chr "tab-3376-1"
.. .. . $ children:List of 2
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 3
.. .. . $ id : chr "fig0"
.. .. . $ class: chr "shiny-plot-output"
.. .. . $ style: chr "width: 100% ; height: 650px"
.. .. . $ children: list()
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 2
.. .. . $ id : chr "sum_table"
.. .. . $ class: chr "shiny-html-output"
.. .. . $ children: list()
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 3
.. .. . $ class : chr "tab-pane"
.. .. . $ data-value: chr "Model Summary"
.. .. . $ id : chr "tab-3376-2"
.. .. . $ children:List of 1
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "pre"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 2
.. .. . $ id : chr "summary"
.. .. . $ class: chr "shiny-text-output"
.. .. . $ children: list()
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 3
.. .. . $ class : chr "tab-pane"
.. .. . $ data-value: chr "Model Plot"
.. .. . $ id : chr "tab-3376-3"
.. .. . $ children:List of 1
.. .. . $ :List of 3
.. .. . $ name : chr "div"
.. .. . $ attribs :List of 3

```

```

. . . . . $ id : chr "fig1"
. . . . . $ class: chr "shiny-plot-output"
. . . . . $ style: chr "width: 100% ; height: 650px"
. . . . . $ children: list()
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "div"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 3
. . . . . $ class : chr "tab-pane"
. . . . . $ data-value: chr "Model Data"
. . . . . $ id : chr "tab-3376-4"
. . . . . $ children:List of 1
. . . . . $ :List of 3
. . . . . $ name : chr "div"
. . . . . $ attribs :List of 2
. . . . . $ id : chr "datatbl"
. . . . . $ class: chr "shiny-datatable-output"
. . . . . $ children: list()
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "html_dependencies")=List of 2
. . . . . $ :List of 8
. . . . . $ name : chr "datatables"
. . . . . $ version : chr "1.10.5"
. . . . . $ src :List of 1
. . . . . $ href: chr "shared/datatables"
. . . . . $ meta : NULL
. . . . . $ script : chr "js/jquery.dataTables.min.js"
. . . . . $ stylesheet: NULL
. . . . . $ head : NULL
. . . . . $ attachment: NULL
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"
. . . . . $ :List of 8
. . . . . $ name : chr "datatables-bootstrap"
. . . . . $ version : chr "1.10.5"
. . . . . $ src :List of 1
. . . . . $ href: chr "shared/datatables"
. . . . . $ meta : NULL
. . . . . $ script : chr "js/dataTables.bootstrap.js"
. . . . . $ stylesheet: chr [1:2] "css/dataTables.bootstrap.css"
. . . . . $ head : NULL
. . . . . $ attachment: NULL
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
. . . . . - attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"

```

```

.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "shiny.tag"
- attr(*, "class")= chr [1:2] "shiny.tag.list" "list"
- attr(*, "html_dependencies")=List of 1
..$ :List of 8
.. ..$ name      : chr "bootstrap"
.. ..$ version   : chr "3.3.1"
.. ..$ src       :List of 2
.. .. ..$ href: chr "shared/bootstrap"
.. .. ..$ file: chr "/home/statman/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/3.2/shiny/www/shared/bootstrap"
.. ..$ meta      :List of 1
.. .. ..$ viewport: chr "width=device-width, initial-scale=1"
.. ..$ script    : chr [1:3] "js/bootstrap.min.js" "shim/html5shiv.min.js" "shim/respond.min.js"
.. ..$ stylesheet: chr "css/bootstrap.min.css"
.. ..$ head      : NULL
.. ..$ attachment: NULL
.. ..- attr(*, "class")= chr "html_dependency"

```

Details

Currently the GUI does not allow specification of custom orders for the alternative hypothesis. Future versions may enable this capability. The data should be a CSV or table-delimited file with the first row being a header. Variables are identified using their column letter or number (e.g., 1 or A). Separate multiple variables with a comma (e.g., 1,2,4 or A,B,D), or select a range of variables with a dash (e.g., 1-4 or A-D). Set to 'None' (default) to indicate no covariates or random effects. If group levels for the constrained effect are character, they may not be read in the proper order. An extra column may contain the ordered group levels (it may therefore have different length than the rest of the dataset).

Note

This function is primarily designed to be called by `clme`.

By default, homogeneous variances are assumed for the residuals and (if included) random effects. Heterogeneity can be induced using the arguments `Nks` and `Qs`, which refer to the vectors (n_1, n_2, \dots, n_k) and (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_q) , respectively. See `clme_em` for further explanation of these values.

Examples

```
## Not run: shiny_clme()
```

sigma

Residual variance components

Description

Extract residual variance components for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
sigma(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object      object of class clme.
...         space for additional arguments
```

```
sigma.clme      Residual variance components
```

Description

Extract residual variance components for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'
sigma(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object      object of class clme.
...         space for additional arguments
```

Value

Numeric.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

sigma( clme.out )
```

sigma.summary.clme *Residual variance components*

Description

Extract residual variance components for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'  
sigma(object, ...)
```

Arguments

`object` object of class `clme`.
`...` space for additional arguments

Value

Numeric.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )  
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )  
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,  
                  constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)  
  
sigma( clme.out )
```

summary.clme *Produce summary values for objects of class clme*

Description

Summarizes the output of objects of class `clme`, such as those produced by `clme`.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clme'  
summary(object, nsim = 1000, seed = 42, verbose = c(FALSE,  
                  FALSE), ...)
```

Arguments

object	an object of class <code>clme</code> .
nsim	the number of bootstrap samples to use for inference.
seed	the value for the seed of the random number generator.
verbose	vector of logicals. First element will print progress for bootstrap test, second element is passed to the EM algorithm for every bootstrap sample.
...	additional arguments passed to other functions.

Value

The output of `summary.clme` is an object of the class `summary.clme`. This is a list containing the input object (of class `clme`), along with elements:

<code>p.value</code>	p-value for the global hypothesis
<code>p.value.ind</code>	p-values for each of the constraints

See Also

[CLME-package `clme`](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
set.seed( 42 )
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
               constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 10)

summary( clme.out )

## End(Not run)
```

Description

Variance components

Variance components

Extracts variance components for objects of class `clme`.

Usage

```

VarCorr(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
VarCorr(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'clme'
VarCorr(object, ...)

```

Arguments

```

object      object from which to extract variance components
...         space for additional arguments.

```

Value

Numeric.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```

data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

VarCorr( clme.out )

```

vcov.clme

Variance-covariance matrix

Description

Extracts variance-covariance matrix for objects of class clme.

Variance-covariance matrix

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'clme'
vcov(object, ...)

## S3 method for class 'summary.clme'
vcov(object, ...)

```

Arguments

object object of class `clme`.
 ... space for additional arguments

Value

Numeric matrix.

See Also

[CLME-package clme](#)

Examples

```
data( rat.blood )
cons <- list(order = "simple", decreasing = FALSE, node = 1 )
clme.out <- clme(mcv ~ time + temp + sex + (1|id), data = rat.blood ,
                constraints = cons, seed = 42, nsim = 0)

vcov( clme.out )
```

w.stat

Williams' Type Test Statistic.

Description

Calculates a Williams' type test statistic for a constrained linear mixed effects model.

Williams' type statistic (individual)

Usage

```
w.stat(theta, cov.theta, B, A, ...)
```

```
w.stat.ind(theta, cov.theta, B, A, ...)
```

Arguments

theta estimated coefficients.
 cov.theta covariance matrix of the (unconstrained) coefficients.
 B matrix to obtain the global contrast.
 A matrix of linear constraints.
 ... additional arguments, to enable custom test statistic functions.

Details

See [create.constraints](#) for an example of A. Argument B is similar, but defines the global contrast for a Williams' type test statistic. This is the largest hypothesized difference in the constrained coefficients. So for an increasing simple order, the test statistic is the difference between the two extreme coefficients, θ_1 and θ_{p_1} , divided by the standard error (unconstrained). For an umbrella order order, two contrasts are considered, θ_1 to θ_s , and θ_{p_1} to θ_s , each divided by the appropriate unconstrained standard error. A general way to express this statistic is:

$$W = \max(\theta_{B[i,2]} - \theta_{B[i,1]}) / \text{sqr}t(\text{VAR}(\theta_{B[i,2]} - \theta_{B[i,1]}))$$

where the numerator is the difference in the constrained estimates, and the standard error in the denominator is based on the covariance matrix of the unconstrained estimates.

The function `w.stat.ind` does the same, but uses the A matrix which defines all of the individual constraints, and returns a test statistic for each constraints instead of taking the maximum.

Value

Output is a numeric value.

Note

See [lrt.stat](#) for information on creating custom test statistics.

Examples

```
theta <- exp(1:4/4)
th.cov <- diag(4)
X1 <- matrix( 0 , nrow=1 , ncol=4 )
const <- create.constraints( P1=4 , constraints=list(order='simple' ,
                                                    decreasing=FALSE) )

w.stat( theta , th.cov , const$B , const$A )

w.stat.ind( theta , th.cov , const$B , const$A )
```

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