

Package ‘fivethirtyeight’

August 8, 2017

Title Data and Code Behind the Stories and Interactives at
‘FiveThirtyEight’

Description Datasets and code published by the data journalism website
‘FiveThirtyEight’ available at <<https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data>>.
Note that while we received guidance from editors at ‘FiveThirtyEight’, this
package is not officially published by ‘FiveThirtyEight’.

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airline_safety	<i>Should Travelers Avoid Flying Airlines That Have Had Crashes in the Past?</i>
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Description

The raw data behind the story "Should Travelers Avoid Flying Airlines That Have Had Crashes in the Past?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/should-travelers-avoid-flying-airlines-that-have-had-c>

Usage

```
airline_safety
```

Format

A data frame with 56 rows representing airlines and 9 variables:

airline airline

incl_reg_subsidiaries indicates that regional subsidiaries are included

avail_seat_km_per_week available seat kilometers flown every week

incidents_85_99 Total number of incidents, 1985-1999

fatal_accidents_85_99 Total number of fatal accidents, 1985-1999

fatalities_85_99 Total number of fatalities, 1985-1999

incidents_00_14 Total number of incidents, 2000-2014

fatal_accidents_00_14 Total number of fatal accidents, 2000-2014

fatalities_00_14 Total number of fatalities, 2000-2014

Source

Aviation Safety Network <http://aviation-safety.net>.

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
airline_safety_tidy <- airline_safety %>%
  gather(type, count, -c(airline, incl_reg_subsidiaries, avail_seat_km_per_week)) %>%
  mutate(
    period = str_sub(type, start=-5),
    period = str_replace_all(period, "_", "-"),
    type = str_sub(type, end=-7)
  )
```

antiquities_act

Trump Might Be The First President To Scrap A National Monument

Description

The raw data behind the story "Trump Might Be The First President To Scrap A National Monument" <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/trump-might-be-the-first-president-to-scrap-a-national-monument/>

Usage

```
antiquities_act
```

Format

A data frame with 344 rows representing acts and 9 variables:

current_name Current name of piece of land designated under the Antiquities Act

states State(s) or territory where land is located

original_name If included, original name of piece of land designated under the Antiquities Act

current_agency Current land management agency. NPS = National Parks Service, BLM = Bureau of Land Management, USFS = US Forest Service, FWS = US Fish and Wildlife Service, NOAA = National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

action Type of action taken on land

date Date of action

year Year of action

pres_or_congress President or congress that issued action

acres_affected Acres affected by action. Note that total current acreage is not included. National monuments that cover ocean are listed in square miles.

Source

National Parks Conservation Association <https://www.npca.org/> and National Parks Service Archeology Program <https://www.nps.gov/history/archeology/sites/antiquities/MonumentsList.htm>

avengers

Joining The Avengers Is As Deadly As Jumping Off A Four-Story Building

Description

The raw data behind the story "Joining The Avengers Is As Deadly As Jumping Off A Four-Story Building" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/avengers-death-comics-age-of-ultron/>.

Usage

avengers

Format

A data frame with 173 rows representing characters and 21 variables:

url The URL of the comic character on the Marvel Wikia

name_alias The full name or alias of the character

appearances The number of comic books that character appeared in as of April 30

current Is the member currently active on an avengers affiliated team?

gender The recorded gender of the character

probationary_intro Sometimes the character was given probationary status as an Avenger, this is the date that happened

full_reserve_avengers_intro The month and year the character was introduced as a full or reserve member of the Avengers

year The year the character was introduced as a full or reserve member of the Avengers

years_since_joining 2015 minus the year

honorary The status of the avenger, if they were given "Honorary" Avenger status, if they are simply in the "Academy," or "Full" otherwise

death1 TRUE if the Avenger died, FALSE if not.

return1 TRUE if the Avenger returned from their first death, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

death2 TRUE if the Avenger died a second time after their revival, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

return2 TRUE if the Avenger returned from their second death, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

death3 TRUE if the Avenger died a third time after their second revival, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

return3 TRUE if the Avenger returned from their third death, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

death4 TRUE if the Avenger died a fourth time after their third revival, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

return4 TRUE if the Avenger returned from their fourth death, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

death5 TRUE if the Avenger died a fifth time after their fourth revival, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

return5 TRUE if the Avenger returned from their fifth death, FALSE if they did not, blank if not applicable

notes Descriptions of deaths and resurrections.

Source

Deaths of Marvel comic book characters between the time they joined the Avengers and April 30, 2015, the week before Secret Wars #1.

bad_drivers

Dear Mona, Which State Has The Worst Drivers?

Description

The raw data behind the story "Dear Mona, Which State Has The Worst Drivers?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/which-state-has-the-worst-drivers/>

Usage

bad_drivers

Format

A data frame with 51 rows representing the 50 states + D.C. and 8 variables:

state State

num_drivers Number of drivers involved in fatal collisions per billion miles

perc_speeding Percentage of drivers involved in fatal collisions who were speeding

perc_alcohol Percentage of drivers involved in fatal collisions who were alcohol-impaired

perc_not_distracted Percentage of drivers involved in fatal collisions who were not distracted

perc_no_previous Percentage of drivers involved in fatal collisions who had not been involved in any previous accidents

insurance_premiums Car insurance premiums (\$)

losses Losses incurred by insurance companies for collisions per insured driver (\$)

Source

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration 2012, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration 2009 & 2012, National Association of Insurance Commissioners 2010 & 2011.

bechdel

The Dollar-And-Cents Case Against Hollywood's Exclusion of Women

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Dollar-And-Cents Case Against Hollywood's Exclusion of Women" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-dollar-and-cents-case-against-hollywoods-exclusion->

Usage

bechdel

Format

A data frame with 1794 rows representing movies and 15 variables:

year Year of release

imdb Text to append <http://www.imdb.com/title/> to for IMDB url. E.g. <http://www.imdb.com/title/tt1711425>

title Movie test

test bechdel test result (detailed, with discrepancies indicated)

clean_test bechdel test result (detailed): ok = passes test, dubious, men = women only talk about men, notalk = women don't talk to each other, nowomen = fewer than two women

binary Bechdel Test PASS vs FAIL binary
budget Film budget
domgross Domestic (US) gross
intgross Total International (i.e., worldwide) gross
code Bechdel Code
budget_2013 Budget in 2013 inflation adjusted dollars
domgross_2013 Domestic gross (US) in 2013 inflation adjusted dollars
intgross_2013 Total International (i.e., worldwide) gross in 2013 inflation adjusted dollars
period_code
decade_code

Details

A vignette of an analysis of this dataset using the tidyverse can be found on [CRAN](#) or by running:
`vignette("bechdel", package = "fivethirtyeight")`

Source

www.bechdeltest.com and www.the-numbers.com. The original data can be found at <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/bechdel>.

biopics

'Straight Outta Compton' Is The Rare Biopic Not About White Dudes

Description

The raw data behind the story "'Straight Outta Compton' Is The Rare Biopic Not About White Dudes" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/straight-outta-compton-is-the-rare-biopic-not-about-white-dudes/>

Usage

biopics

Format

A data frame with 761 rows representing movies and 14 variables:

title Title of the film.

site Text to append <http://www.imdb.com/title/> to for IMDB url. E.g. <http://www.imdb.com/title/tt1711425>

country Country of origin.

year_release Year of release.

box_office Gross earnings at U.S. box office.

director Director of film.

number_of_subjects The number of subjects featured in the film.

subject The actual name of the featured subject.

type_of_subject The occupation of subject or reason for recognition.

race_known Indicates whether the subject's race was discernible based on background of self, parent, or grandparent.

subject_race Race of the subject.

person_of_color Dummy variable that indicates person of color.

subject_sex Sex of subject.

lead_actor_actress The actor or actress who played the subject.

Source

IMDB <http://www.imdb.com/>

bob_ross

A Statistical Analysis of the Work of Bob Ross

Description

The raw data behind the story "A Statistical Analysis of the Work of Bob Ross" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/a-statistical-analysis-of-the-work-of-bob-ross/>.

Usage

bob_ross

Format

A data frame with 403 rows representing episodes and 71 variables:

episode Episode code

season Season number

episode_num Episode number

title Title of episode

apple_frame Present (1) or not (0)

aurora_borealis Present (1) or not (0)

barn Present (1) or not (0)

beach Present (1) or not (0)

boat Present (1) or not (0)

bridge Present (1) or not (0)

building Present (1) or not (0)

bushes Present (1) or not (0)

cabin Present (1) or not (0)
cactus Present (1) or not (0)
circle_frame Present (1) or not (0)
cirrus Present (1) or not (0)
cliff Present (1) or not (0)
clouds Present (1) or not (0)
conifer Present (1) or not (0)
cumulus Present (1) or not (0)
deciduous Present (1) or not (0)
diane_andre Present (1) or not (0)
dock Present (1) or not (0)
double_oval_frame Present (1) or not (0)
farm Present (1) or not (0)
fence Present (1) or not (0)
fire Present (1) or not (0)
florida_frame Present (1) or not (0)
flowers Present (1) or not (0)
fog Present (1) or not (0)
framed Present (1) or not (0)
grass Present (1) or not (0)
guest Present (1) or not (0)
half_circle_frame Present (1) or not (0)
half_oval_frame Present (1) or not (0)
hills Present (1) or not (0)
lake Present (1) or not (0)
lakes Present (1) or not (0)
lighthouse Present (1) or not (0)
mill Present (1) or not (0)
moon Present (1) or not (0)
mountain Present (1) or not (0)
mountains Present (1) or not (0)
night Present (1) or not (0)
ocean Present (1) or not (0)
oval_frame Present (1) or not (0)
palm_trees Present (1) or not (0)
path Present (1) or not (0)
person Present (1) or not (0)

portrait Present (1) or not (0)
rectangle_3d_frame Present (1) or not (0)
rectangular_frame Present (1) or not (0)
river Present (1) or not (0)
rocks Present (1) or not (0)
seashell_frame Present (1) or not (0)
snow Present (1) or not (0)
snowy_mountain Present (1) or not (0)
split_frame Present (1) or not (0)
steve_ross Present (1) or not (0)
structure Present (1) or not (0)
sun Present (1) or not (0)
tomb_frame Present (1) or not (0)
tree Present (1) or not (0)
trees Present (1) or not (0)
triple_frame Present (1) or not (0)
waterfall Present (1) or not (0)
waves Present (1) or not (0)
windmill Present (1) or not (0)
window_frame Present (1) or not (0)
winter Present (1) or not (0)
wood_framed Present (1) or not (0)

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/bob-ross>

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
bob_ross_tidy <- bob_ross %>%
  gather(object, present, -c(episode, season, episode_num, title)) %>%
  mutate(present = as.logical(present)) %>%
  arrange(episode, object)
```

cand_events_20150114 *Looking For Clues: Who Is Going To Run For President In 2016?*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Looking For Clues: Who Is Going To Run For President In 2016?"
<http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/2016-president-who-is-going-to-run/>.

Usage

cand_events_20150114

Format

A data frame with 42 rows representing events attended in Iowa and New Hampshire by potential presidential primary candidates and 8 variables:

person Potential presidential candidate

party Political party

state State of event

event Name of event

type Type of event

date Date of event

link Link to event

snippet Snippet of event description

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/potential-candidates>

See Also

[cand_state_20150114](#), [cand_events_20150130](#), and [cand_state_20150130](#)

cand_events_20150130 *Who Will Run For President: Romney Is Out*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Who Will Run For President: Romney Is Out" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/romney-not-running-for-president/>.

Usage

cand_events_20150130

Format

A data frame with 74 rows representing events attended by potential presidential primary candidates and 8 variables:

person Potential presidential candidate

party Political party

state State of event

event Name of event

type Type of event

date Date of event

link Link to event

snippet Snippet of event description

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/potential-candidates>

See Also

[cand_state_20150130](#), [cand_events_20150114](#), and [cand_state_20150114](#)

cand_state_20150114 *Looking For Clues: Who Is Going To Run For President In 2016?*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Looking For Clues: Who Is Going To Run For President In 2016?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/2016-president-who-is-going-to-run/>.

Usage

cand_state_20150114

Format

A data frame with 25 rows representing potential presidential primary candidates and 5 variables:

person Potential presidential candidate

party Political party

date Date of event

latest Latest statement

score Likelihood of running score, 1 = Not running, 5 = Definitely running

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/potential-candidates>

See Also

[cand_events_20150114](#), [cand_events_20150130](#), and [cand_state_20150130](#)

cand_state_20150130 *Who Will Run For President: Romney Is Out*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Who Will Run For President: Romney Is Out" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/romney-not-running-for-president/>.

Usage

cand_state_20150130

Format

A data frame with 27 rows representing potential presidential primary candidates and 5 variables:

person Potential presidential candidate

party Political party

date Date of event

latest Latest statement

score Likelihood of running score, 1 = Not running, 5 = Definitely running

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/potential-candidates>

See Also

[cand_events_20150130](#), [cand_events_20150114](#), and [cand_state_20150114](#)

classic_rock_raw_data *Why Classic Rock Isn't What It Used To Be*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Why Classic Rock Isn't What It Used To Be" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/why-classic-rock-isnt-what-it-used-to-be/>.

Usage

```
classic_rock_raw_data
```

Format

A data frame with 37,673 rows representing song plays and 8 variables:

song Song name

artist Artist name

callsign Station callsign

time Time of song play in seconds elapsed since January 1, 1970

date_time Time of song play in date/time format

unique_id Unique ID for each song play

combined Song and artist name combined

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/classic-rock>

See Also

[classic_rock_song_list](#)

classic_rock_song_list

Why Classic Rock Isn't What It Used To Be

Description

The raw data behind the story "Why Classic Rock Isn't What It Used To Be" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/why-classic-rock-isnt-what-it-used-to-be/>.

Usage

classic_rock_song_list

Format

A data frame with 2230 rows representing unique songs and 7 variables:

song Song name

artist Artist name

release_year Release year as listed in SongFacts

combined Song and artist name combined

has_year Logical variable of whether release year is included

playcount Number of plays across all stations

playcount_has_year Number of plays across all stations if a year was found

Source

SongFacts and <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/classic-rock>

See Also

[classic_rock_raw_data](#)

college_all_ages

The Economic Guide To Picking A College Major

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Economic Guide To Picking A College Major" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-economic-guide-to-picking-a-college-major/>.

Usage

college_all_ages

Format

A data frame with 173 rows representing majors (all ages) and 11 variables:

major_code Major code, FO1DP in ACS PUMS

major Major description

major_category Category of major from Carnevale et al

total Total number of people with major

employed Number employed (ESR == 1 or 2)

employed_fulltime_yearround Employed at least 50 weeks (WKW == 1) and at least 35 hours (WKHP >= 35)

unemployed Number unemployed (ESR == 3)

unemployment_rate Unemployed / (Unemployed + Employed)

p25th 25th percentile of earnings

median Median earnings of full-time, year-round workers

p75th 75th percentile of earnings

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/blob/master/college-majors/readme.md>.

See Also

[college_grad_students](#), [college_recent_grads](#)

college_grad_students *The Economic Guide To Picking A College Major*

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Economic Guide To Picking A College Major" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-economic-guide-to-picking-a-college-major/>.

Usage

```
college_grad_students
```

Format

A data frame with 173 rows representing majors (graduate vs nongraduate students) and 22 variables:

major_code Major code, FO1DP in ACS PUMS

major Major description

major_category Category of major from Carnevale et al

grad_total Total number of people with major
grad_sample_size Sample size (unweighted) of full-time, year-round ONLY (used for earnings)
grad_employed Number employed (ESR == 1 or 2)
grad_employed_fulltime_yearround Employed at least 50 weeks (WKW == 1) and at least 35 hours (WKHP >= 35)
grad_unemployed Number unemployed (ESR == 3)
grad_unemployment_rate Unemployed / (Unemployed + Employed)
grad_p25th 25th percentile of earnings
grad_median Median earnings of full-time, year-round workers
grad_p75th 75th percentile of earnings
nongrad_total Total number of people with major
nongrad_employed Number employed (ESR == 1 or 2)
nongrad_employed_fulltime_yearround Employed at least 50 weeks (WKW == 1) and at least 35 hours (WKHP >= 35)
nongrad_unemployed Number unemployed (ESR == 3)
nongrad_unemployment_rate Unemployed / (Unemployed + Employed)
nongrad_p25th 25th percentile of earnings
nongrad_median Median earnings of full-time, year-round workers
nongrad_p75th 75th percentile of earnings
grad_share grad_total / (grad_total + nongrad_total)
grad_premium (grad_median-nongrad_median)/nongrad_median

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/blob/master/college-majors/readme.md>.

See Also

[college_all_ages](#), [college_recent_grads](#)

college_recent_grads *The Economic Guide To Picking A College Major*

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Economic Guide To Picking A College Major" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-economic-guide-to-picking-a-college-major/>.

Usage

college_recent_grads

Format

A data frame with 173 rows representing majors (recent graduates) and 21 variables:

rank Rank by median earnings

major_code Major code, FO1DP in ACS PUMS

major Major description

major_category Category of major from Carnevale et al

total Total number of people with major

sample_size Sample size (unweighted) of full-time, year-round ONLY (used for earnings)

men Men with major

women Women with major

sharewomen Proportion women

employed Number employed (ESR == 1 or 2)

employed_fulltime Employed 35 hours or more

employed_parttime Employed less than 35 hours

employed_fulltime_yearround Employed at least 50 weeks (WKW == 1) and at least 35 hours (WKHP >= 35)

unemployed Number unemployed (ESR == 3)

unemployment_rate Unemployed / (Unemployed + Employed)

p25th 25th percentile of earnings

median Median earnings of full-time, year-round workers

p75th 75th percentile of earnings

college_jobs Number with job requiring a college degree

non_college_jobs Number with job not requiring a college degree

low_wage_jobs Number in low-wage service jobs

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/blob/master/college-majors/readme.md>. Note that women-stem.csv was a subset of the original recent-grads.csv, so no data frame was created.

See Also

[college_grad_students](#), [college_all_ages](#)

 comic_characters

Comic Books Are Still Made By Men, For Men And About Men

Description

The raw data behind the story "Comic Books Are Still Made By Men, For Men And About Men" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/women-in-comic-books/>.

Usage

comic_characters

Format

A data frame with 23272 rows representing characters and 16 variables:

publisher Comic publisher: DC Comics or Marvel

page_id The unique identifier for that characters page within the wikia

name The name of the character

urlslug The unique url within the wikia that takes you to the character

id The identity status of the character (Secret Identity, Public identity, [on marvel only: No Dual Identity])

align If the character is Good, Bad or Neutral

eye Eye color of the character

hair Hair color of the character

sex Sex of the character (e.g. Male, Female, etc.)

gsm If the character is a gender or sexual minority (e.g. Homosexual characters, bisexual characters)

alive If the character is alive or deceased

appearances The number of appearances of the character in comic books (as of Sep. 2, 2014. Number will become increasingly out of date as time goes on.)

first_appearance The month and year of the character's first appearance in a comic book, if available

month The month of the character's first appearance in a comic book, if available

year The year of the character's first appearance in a comic book, if available

date The date of the character's first appearance in a comic book, if available

Source

DC Wikia http://dc.wikia.com/wiki/Main_Page and Marvel Wikia http://marvel.wikia.com/Main_Page. Characters were scraped on August 24, 2014. Appearance counts were scraped on September 2, 2014. The month and year of the first issue each character appeared in was pulled on October 6, 2014.

comma_survey	<i>Elitist, Superfluous, Or Popular? We Polled Americans on the Oxford Comma</i>
--------------	--

Description

The raw data behind the story "Elitist, Superfluous, Or Popular? We Polled Americans on the Oxford Comma" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/elitist-superfluous-or-popular-we-polled-americans-o>

Usage

```
comma_survey
```

Format

A data frame with 1129 rows representing respondents and 13 variables:

respondent_id Respondent ID

gender Gender

age Age

household_income Household income bracket

education Education level

location Location (census region)

more_grammar_correct In your opinion, which sentence is more grammatically correct?

heard_oxford_comma Prior to reading about it above, had you heard of the serial (or Oxford) comma?

care_oxford_comma How much, if at all, do you care about the use (or lack thereof) of the serial (or Oxford) comma in grammar?

write_following How would you write the following sentence?

data_singular_plural When faced with using the word "data", have you ever spent time considering if the word was a singular or plural noun?

care_data How much, if at all, do you care about the debate over the use of the word "data" as a singular or plural noun?

care_proper_grammar In your opinion, how important or unimportant is proper use of grammar?

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/comma-survey-data>.

congress_age

Both Republicans And Democrats Have an Age Problem

Description

The raw data behind the story "Both Republicans And Democrats Have an Age Problem" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/both-republicans-and-democrats-have-an-age-problem/>.

Usage

congress_age

Format

A data frame with 18,635 rows representing members of Congress (House and Senate) and 13 variables:

congress Congress number.

chamber Chamber of congress: House of Representatives or Senate.

bioguide bioguide

firstname First name

middlename Middle name

lastname Last name

suffix Suffix

birthday Birthday

state State abbreviation

party Party abbreviation

incumbent Boolean variable of whether member was an incumbent.

termstart Start date of session.

age Age at start of session.

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/congress-age>

cousin_marriage	<i>How Many Americans Are Married To Their Cousins?</i>
-----------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "How Many Americans Are Married To Their Cousins?" <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/how-many-americans-are-married-to-their-cousins/>.

Usage

cousin_marriage

Format

A data frame with 70 rows representing countries and 2 variables:

country Country

percent Percent of marriages that are consanguineous

Source

http://www.consang.net/index.php/Main_Page

daily_show_guests	<i>Every Guest Jon Stewart Ever Had On 'The Daily Show'</i>
-------------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "Every Guest Jon Stewart Ever Had On 'The Daily Show'" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/every-guest-jon-stewart-ever-had-on-the-daily-show/>.

Usage

daily_show_guests

Format

A data frame with 2693 rows representing guests and 5 variables:

year The year the episode aired

google_knowledge_occupation Their occupation or office, according to Google's Knowledge Graph or, if they're not in there, how Stewart introduced them on the program.

show Air date of episode. Not unique, as some shows had more than one guest

group A larger group designation for the occupation. For instance, us senators, us presidents, and former presidents are all under "politicians"

raw_guest_list The person or list of people who appeared on the show, according to Wikipedia. The GoogleKnowlege_Occupation only refers to one of them in a given row.

Source

Google Knowledge Graph, The Daily Show clip library, Wikipedia.

democratic_bench	<i>Some Democrats Who Could Step Up If Hillary Isn't Ready For Hillary</i>
------------------	--

Description

The raw data behind the story "Some Democrats Who Could Step Up If Hillary Isn't Ready For Hillary" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/some-democrats-who-could-step-up-if-hillary-isnt-ready-f>

Usage

democratic_bench

Format

A data frame with 67 rows representing members of the Democratic Party and 3 variables:

candidate Candidate

raised_exp Amount the candidate was expected to raise

raised_act Amount the candidate actually raised

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/democratic-bench>.

drinks	<i>Dear Mona Followup: Where Do People Drink The Most Beer, Wine And Spirits?</i>
--------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "Dear Mona Followup: Where Do People Drink The Most Beer, Wine And Spirits?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/dear-mona-followup-where-do-people-drink-the-most-be>

Usage

drinks

Format

A data frame with 193 rows representing countries and 5 variables:

country country

beer_servings Servings of beer in average serving sizes per person

spirit_servings Servings of spirits in average serving sizes per person

wine_servings Servings of wine in average serving sizes per person

total_litres_of_pure_alcohol Total litres of pure alcohol per person

Source

World Health Organisation, Global Information System on Alcohol and Health (GISAH), 2010.

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
drinks_tidy <- drinks %>%
  gather(type, servings, -c(country, total_litres_of_pure_alcohol)) %>%
  mutate(
    type = str_sub(type, start=1, end=-10)
  ) %>%
  arrange(country, type)
```

drug_use

How Baby Boomers Get High

Description

The raw data behind the story "How Baby Boomers Get High" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/how-baby-boomers-get-high/>. It covers usage of 13 drugs in the past 12 months across 17 age groups.

Usage

drug_use

Format

A data frame with 17 rows representing age groups and 28 variables:

age Age group

n Number of people surveyed

alcohol_use Percentage who used alcohol

alcohol_freq Median number of times a user used alcohol

marijuana_use Percentage who used marijuana
marijuana_freq Median number of times a user used marijuana
cocaine_use Percentage who used cocaine
cocaine_freq Median number of times a user used cocaine
crack_use Percentage who used crack
crack_freq Median number of times a user used crack
heroin_use Percentage who used heroin
heroin_freq Median number of times a user used heroin
hallucinogen_use Percentage who used hallucinogens
hallucinogen_freq Median number of times a user used hallucinogens
inhalant_use Percentage who used inhalants
inhalant_freq Median number of times a user used inhalants
pain_releiver_use Percentage who used pain relievers
pain_releiver_freq Median number of times a user used pain relievers
oxycontin_use Percentage who used oxycontin
oxycontin_freq Median number of times a user used oxycontin
tranquilizer_use Percentage who used tranquilizer
tranquilizer_freq Median number of times a user used tranquilizer
stimulant_use Percentage who used stimulants
stimulant_freq Median number of times a user used stimulants
meth_use Percentage who used meth
meth_freq Median number of times a user used meth
sedative_use Percentage who used sedatives
sedative_freq Median number of times a user used sedatives

Source

National Survey on Drug Use and Health from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Data Archive <http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/content/SAMHDA/index.html>.

Examples

```

# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
use <- drug_use %>%
  select(age, n, ends_with("_use")) %>%
  gather(drug, use, -c(age, n)) %>%
  mutate(drug = str_sub(drug, start=1, end=-5))
freq <- drug_use %>%
  select(age, n, ends_with("_freq")) %>%
  gather(drug, freq, -c(age, n)) %>%
  mutate(drug = str_sub(drug, start=1, end=-6))
drug_use_tidy <- left_join(x=use, y=freq, by = c("age", "n", "drug")) %>%
  arrange(age)

```

`elo_blatter`*Blatter's Reign At FIFA Hasn't Helped Soccer's Poor*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Blatter's Reign At FIFA Hasn't Helped Soccer's Poor" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/blatters-reign-at-fifa-hasnt-helped-soccers-poor/>.

Usage`elo_blatter`**Format**

A data frame with 191 rows representing countries and 5 variables:

country FIFA member country

elo98 The team's Elo in 1998

elo15 The team's Elo in 2015

confederation Confederation to which country belongs

gdp06 The country's purchasing power parity GDP as of 2006

popu06 The country's 2006 population

gdp_source Source for gdp06

popu_source Source for popu06

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/elo-blatter>.

`endorsements`*Pols And Polls Say The Same Thing: Jeb Bush Is A Weak Front-Runner*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Pols And Polls Say The Same Thing: Jeb Bush Is A Weak Front-Runner" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/pols-and-polls-say-the-same-thing-jeb-bush-is-a-weak-fr>

This data includes something we call "endorsement points," an attempt to quantify the importance of endorsements by weighting each one according to the position held by the endorser: 10 points for each governor, 5 points for each senator and 1 point for each representative

Usage`endorsements`

Format

A data frame with 109 rows representing candidates and 9 variables:

year Election year

party Political party

candidate Candidate running in primary

endorsement_points Weighted endorsements through June 30th of the year before the primary

percentage_endorsement_points Percentage of total weighted endorsement points for the candidate's political party through June 30th of the year before the primary

money_raised Money raised through June 30th of the year before the primary

percentage_of_money Percentage of total money raised by the candidate's political party through June 30th of the year before the primary

primary_vote_percentage Percentage of votes won in the primary

won_primary Did the candidate win the primary?

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/endorsements-june-30>

fandango

Be Suspicious Of Online Movie Ratings, Especially Fandango's

Description

The raw data behind the story "Be Suspicious Of Online Movie Ratings, Especially Fandango's" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/fandango-movies-ratings/>. contains every film that has a Rotten Tomatoes rating, a RT User rating, a Metacritic score, a Metacritic User score, and IMDb score, and at least 30 fan reviews on Fandango.

Usage

fandango

Format

A data frame with 146 rows representing movies and 23 variables:

film The film in question

year Year of film

rottentomatoes The Rotten Tomatoes Tomatometer score for the film

rottentomatoes_user The Rotten Tomatoes user score for the film

metacritic The Metacritic critic score for the film

metacritic_user The Metacritic user score for the film

- imdb** The IMDb user score for the film
- fandango_stars** The number of stars the film had on its Fandango movie page
- fandango_ratingvalue** The Fandango ratingValue for the film, as pulled from the HTML of each page. This is the actual average score the movie obtained.
- rt_norm** The Rotten Tomatoes Tomatometer score for the film , normalized to a 0 to 5 point system
- rt_user_norm** The Rotten Tomatoes user score for the film , normalized to a 0 to 5 point system
- metacritic_norm** The Metacritic critic score for the film, normalized to a 0 to 5 point system
- metacritic_user_norm** The Metacritic user score for the film, normalized to a 0 to 5 point system
- imdb_norm** The IMDb user score for the film, normalized to a 0 to 5 point system
- rt_norm_round** The Rotten Tomatoes Tomatometer score for the film , normalized to a 0 to 5 point system and rounded to the nearest half-star
- rt_user_norm_round** The Rotten Tomatoes user score for the film , normalized to a 0 to 5 point system and rounded to the nearest half-star
- metacritic_norm_round** The Metacritic critic score for the film, normalized to a 0 to 5 point system and rounded to the nearest half-star
- metacritic_user_norm_round** The Metacritic user score for the film, normalized to a 0 to 5 point system and rounded to the nearest half-star
- imdb_norm_round** The IMDb user score for the film, normalized to a 0 to 5 point system and rounded to the nearest half-star
- metacritic_user_vote_count** The number of user votes the film had on Metacritic
- imdb_user_vote_count** The number of user votes the film had on IMDb
- fandango_votes** The number of user votes the film had on Fandango
- fandango_difference** The difference between the presented Fandango_Stars and the actual Fandango_Ratingvalue

Source

The data from Fandango was pulled on Aug. 24, 2015.

fifa_audience

How To Break FIFA

Description

The raw data behind the story "How To Break FIFA" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/how-to-break-fifa/>.

Usage

fifa_audience

Format

A data frame with 3652 rows representing guests and 6 variables:

country FIFA member country

confederation Confederation to which country belongs

population_share Country's share of global population (percentage)

tv_audience_share Country's share of global world cup TV Audience (percentage)

gdp_weighted_share Country's GDP-weighted audience share (percentage)

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/fifa>

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
fifa_audience_tidy <- fifa_audience %>%
  gather(type, share, -c(country, confederation)) %>%
  mutate(type = str_sub(type, start=1, end=-7)) %>%
  arrange(country)
```

fivethirtyeight

fivethirtyeight: Data and Code Behind the Stories and Interactives at 'FiveThirtyEight'

Description

An R library that provides access to the code and data sets published by FiveThirtyEight <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data>. Note that while we received guidance from editors at 538, this package is not officially published by 538. Contribute to this package at <https://github.com/rudeboybert/fivethirtyeight>.

Examples

```
# Example usage:
library(fivethirtyeight)
head(bechdel)

# All information about any data set can be found in the help file:
?bechdel

# To view a list of all data sets:
data(package = "fivethirtyeight")

# To view a detailed list of all data sets:
```

```
vignette("fivethirtyeight", package = "fivethirtyeight")

# Some data sets include vignettes with an example analysis:
vignette("bechdel", package = "fivethirtyeight")

# To browse all vignettes:
browseVignettes(package = "fivethirtyeight")
```

 flying

41 Percent Of Fliers Think You're Rude If You Recline Your Seat

Description

The raw data behind the story "41 Percent Of Fliers Think You're Rude If You Recline Your Seat" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/airplane-etiquette-recline-seat>.

Usage

```
flying
```

Format

A data frame with 1040 rows representing respondents and 27 variables:

respondent_id RespondentID

gender Gender

age Age

height Height

children_under_18 Do you have any children under 18?

household_income Household income bracket

education Education Level

location Location (census region)

frequency How often do you travel by plane?

recline_frequency Do you ever recline your seat when you fly?

recline_obligation Under normal circumstances, does a person who reclines their seat during a flight have any obligation to the person sitting behind them?

recline_rude Is it rude to recline your seat on a plane?

recline_eliminate Given the opportunity, would you eliminate the possibility of reclining seats on planes entirely?

switch_seats_friends Is it rude to ask someone to switch seats with you in order to be closer to friends?

switch_seats_family Is it rude to ask someone to switch seats with you in order to be closer to family?

wake_up_bathroom Is it rude to wake a passenger up if you are trying to go to the bathroom?

wake_up_walk Is it rude to wake a passenger up if you are trying to walk around?

baby In general, is it rude to bring a baby on a plane?

unruly_child In general, is it rude to knowingly bring unruly children on a plane?

two_arm_rests In a row of three seats, who should get to use the two arm rests?

middle_arm_rest In a row of two seats, who should get to use the middle arm rest?

shade Who should have control over the window shade?

unsold_seat Is it rude to move to an unsold seat on a plane?

talk_stranger Generally speaking, is it rude to say more than a few words to the stranger sitting next to you on a plane?

get_up On a 6 hour flight from NYC to LA, how many times is it acceptable to get up if you're not in an aisle seat?

electronics Have you ever used personal electronics during take off or landing in violation of a flight attendant's direction?

smoked Have you ever smoked a cigarette in an airplane bathroom when it was against the rules?

Source

SurveyMonkey survey

food_world_cup

The FiveThirtyEight International Food Association's 2014 World Cup

Description

The raw data behind the story "The FiveThirtyEight International Food Association's 2014 World Cup" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-fivethirtyeight-international-food-associations-2014-w>
 For all the countries below, the response to the following question is presented: "Please rate how much you like the traditional cuisine of X"

- 5: I love this country's traditional cuisine. I think it's one of the best in the world.
- 4: I like this country's traditional cuisine. I think it's considerably above average.
- 3: I'm OK with this county's traditional cuisine. I think it's about average.
- 2: I dislike this country's traditional cuisine. I think it's considerably below average.
- 1: I hate this country's traditional cuisine. I think it's one of the worst in the world.
- N/A: I'm unfamiliar with this country's traditional cuisine.

Usage

food_world_cup

Format

A data frame with 1373 rows representing respondents and 48 variables:

respondent_id Respondent ID

knowledge Generally speaking, how would you rate your level of knowledge of cuisines from different parts of the world?

interest How much, if at all, are you interested in cuisines from different parts of the world?

gender Gender

age Age

household_income Household income bracket

education Education Level

location Location (census region)

algeria Cuisine of Algeria

argentina Cuisine of Argentina

australia Cuisine of Australia

belgium Cuisine of Belgium

bosnia_and_herzegovina Cuisine of Bosnia & Herzegovina

brazil Cuisine of Brazil

cameroon Cuisine of Cameroon

chile Cuisine of Chile

china Cuisine of China

colombia Cuisine of Colombia

costa_rica Cuisine of Costa Rica

croatia Cuisine of Croatia

cuba Cuisine of Cuba

ecuador Cuisine of Ecuador

england Cuisine of England

ethiopia Cuisine of Ethiopia

france Cuisine of France

germany Cuisine of Germany

ghana Cuisine of Ghana

greece Cuisine of Greece

honduras Cuisine of Honduras

india Cuisine of India

iran Cuisine of Iran

ireland Cuisine of Ireland

italy Cuisine of Italy

ivory_coast Cuisine of Ivory Coast

japan Cuisine of Japan
mexico Cuisine of Mexico
nigeria Cuisine of Nigeria
portugal Cuisine of Portugal
russia Cuisine of Russia
south_korea Cuisine of South Korea
spain Cuisine of Spain
switzerland Cuisine of Switzerland
thailand Cuisine of Thailand
the_netherlands Cuisine of the Netherlands
turkey Cuisine of Turkey
united_states Cuisine of the United States
uruguay Cuisine of Uruguay
vietnam Cuisine of Vietnam

See Also

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/food-world-cup>

goose

The Save Ruined Relief Pitching. The Goose Egg Can Fix It.

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Save Ruined Relief Pitching. The Goose Egg Can Fix It."
<https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/goose-egg-new-save-stat-relief-pitchers/>.

Usage

goose

Format

A data frame with 30,533 rows representing pitchers and 12 variables:

name Pitcher name
year Start year of season
team Retrosheet team code
league NL or AL
goose_eggs Goose eggs
broken_eggs Broken eggs
mehs Mehs

league_average_gpct League-average goose percentage
ppf Pitcher park factor
replacement_gpct Replacement-level goose percentage
gwar Goose Wins Above Replacement
key_retro Retrosheet unique player identifier

Source

Retrosheet <http://www.retrosheet.org/>

hate_crimes

Higher Rates Of Hate Crimes Are Tied To Income Inequality

Description

The raw data behind the story "Higher Rates Of Hate Crimes Are Tied To Income Inequality"
<https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/higher-rates-of-hate-crimes-are-tied-to-income-inequality/>.

Usage

hate_crimes

Format

A data frame with 51 rows representing US states and DC and 12 variables:

state State name
median_house_inc Median household income, 2016
share_unemp_seas Share of the population that is unemployed (seasonally adjusted), Sept. 2016
share_pop_metro Share of the population that lives in metropolitan areas, 2015
share_pop_hs Share of adults 25 and older with a high-school degree, 2009
share_non_citizen Share of the population that are not U.S. citizens, 2015
share_white_poverty Share of white residents who are living in poverty, 2015
gini_index Gini Index, 2015
share_non_white Share of the population that is not white, 2015
share_vote_trump Share of 2016 U.S. presidential voters who voted for Donald Trump
hate_crimes_per_100k_splc Hate crimes per 100,000 population, Southern Poverty Law Center, Nov. 9-18, 2016
avg_hatecrimes_per_100k_fbi Average annual hate crimes per 100,000 population, FBI, 2010-2015

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/hate-crimes>

hiphop_cand_lyrics *Hip-Hop Is Turning On Donald Trump*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Hip-Hop Is Turning On Donald Trump" <http://projects.fivethirtyeight.com/clinton-trump-hip-hop-lyrics/>.

Usage

hiphop_cand_lyrics

Format

A data frame with 377 rows representing hip-hop songs referencing POTUS candidates in 2016 and 8 variables:

candidate Candidate referenced
song Song name
artist Artist name
sentiment Positive, negative or neutral
theme Theme of lyric
album_release_date Date of album release
line Lyrics
url Genius link

Source

Genius <http://genius.com/>

hist_ncaa_bball_casts *The NCAA Bracket: Checking Our Work*

Description

The raw data behind the story "The NCAA Bracket: Checking Our Work" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/the-ncaa-bracket-checking-our-work>.

Usage

hist_ncaa_bball_casts

Format

A data frame with 253 rows representing NCAA men's basketball tournament games and 6 variables:

year

round

favorite

underdog

favorite_prob

favorite_win

Source

See <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/the-ncaa-bracket-checking-our-work/>

hist_senate_preds *How The FiveThirtyEight Senate Forecast Model Works*

Description

The raw data behind the story "How The FiveThirtyEight Senate Forecast Model Works" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/how-the-fivethirtyeight-senate-forecast-model-works/>.

Usage

hist_senate_preds

Format

A data frame with 207 rows representing US state elections and 5 variables:

state Election

year Year of election

candidate Last name

forecast_prob Probability of winning election per FiveThirtyEight Election Day forecast

result 'Win' or 'Loss'

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/forecast-methodology>

librarians	<i>Where Are America's Librarians?</i>
------------	--

Description

The raw data behind the story "Where Are America's Librarians?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/where-are-americas-librarians>.

Usage

librarians

Format

A data frame with 371 rows representing areas in the US and 9 variables:

prim_state
area_name
tot_emp
emp_prse
jobs_1000
loc_quotient
mor
high_emp
low_emp

Source

Bureau of Labor Statistics [http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes254021.htm#\(1\)](http://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes254021.htm#(1))

love_actually_adj	<i>The Definitive Analysis Of 'Love Actually,' The Greatest Christmas Movie Of Our Time</i>
-------------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Definitive Analysis Of 'Love Actually,' The Greatest Christmas Movie Of Our Time" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/some-people-are-too-superstitious-to-have-a-b>
The adjacency matrix of which actors appear in the same scene together.

Usage

love_actually_adj

Format

A data frame with 14 rows representing actors and 15 variables:

actors
bill_nighy
keira_knightley
andrew_lincoln
hugh_grant
colin_firth
alan_rickman
heike_makatsch
laura_linney
emma_thompson
liam_neeson
kris_marshall
abdul_salis
martin_freeman
rowan_atkinson

See Also

[love_actually_appearance.](#)

love_actually_appearance

*The Definitive Analysis Of 'Love Actually,' The Greatest Christmas
Movie Of Our Time*

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Definitive Analysis Of 'Love Actually,' The Greatest Christmas Movie Of Our Time" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-definitive-analysis-of-love-actually-the-g>
A table of the central actors in "Love Actually" and which scenes they appear in.

Usage

love_actually_appearance

Format

A data frame with 71 rows representing scenes and 15 variables:

```
scenes
bill_nighy
keira_knightley
andrew_lincoln
hugh_grant
colin_firth
alan_rickman
heike_makatsch
laura_linney
emma_thompson
liam_neeson
kris_marshall
abdul_salis
martin_freeman
rowan_atkinson
```

See Also

[love_actually_adj.](#)

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
love_actually_appearance_tidy <- love_actually_appearance %>%
  gather(actor, appears, -c(scenes)) %>%
  arrange(scenes)
```

mad_men

"Mad Men" Is Ending. What's Next For The Cast?

Description

The raw data behind the story *"Mad Men" Is Ending. What's Next For The Cast?* <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/mad-men-is-ending-whats-next-for-the-cast/>.

Usage

```
mad_men
```


Format

A data frame with 248 rows representing performers on TV shows and 15 variables:

performer The name of the actor, according to IMDb. This is not a unique identifier - two performers appeared in more than one program

show The television show where this actor appeared in more than half the episodes

show_start The year the television show began

show_end The year the television show ended, "PRESENT" if the show remains on the air as of May 10.

status Why the actor is no longer on the program: "END" if the show has concluded, "LEFT" if the show remains on the air.

charend The year the character left the show. Equal to "Show End" if the performer stayed on until the final season.

years_since 2015 minus CharEnd

num_lead The number of leading roles in films the performer has appeared in since and including "CharEnd", according to OpusData

num_support The number of leading roles in films the performer has appeared in since and including "CharEnd", according to OpusData

num_shows The number of seasons of television of which the performer appeared in at least half the episodes since and including "CharEnd", according to OpusData

score #LEAD + #Shows + 0.25*(#SUPPORT)

score_div_y "Score" divided by "Years Since"

lead_notes The list of films counted in #LEAD

support_notes The list of films counted in #SUPPORT

show_notes The seasons of shows counted in #Shows

Source

IMDB <http://imdb.com>

male_flight_attend *Dear Mona, How Many Flight Attendants Are Men?*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Dear Mona, How Many Flight Attendants Are Men?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/dear-mona-how-many-flight-attendants-are-men/>.

Usage

male_flight_attend

Format

A data frame with 320 rows representing job categories and 2 variables:

job_category Category of job

percentage_male Percentage of workforce that are male

Source

IPUMS 2012 <https://usa.ipums.org/usa/>

mlb_as_play_talent	<i>The Best MLB All-Star Teams Ever</i>
--------------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Best MLB All-Star Teams Ever" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-best-mlb-all-star-teams-ever/>.

Usage

mlb_as_play_talent

Format

A data frame with 3930 rows representing Major League Baseball players in given seasons and 15 variables:

bbref_id Player's ID at Baseball-Reference.com

yearid The season in question

gamenum Order of All-Star Game for the season (in years w/ multiple ASGs; set to 0 when only 1 per year)

gameid Game ID at Baseball-Reference.com

lgid League of All-Star team

startingpos Position (according to baseball convention; 1=pitcher, 2=catcher, etc.) if starter

off600 Estimate of offensive talent, in runs above league average per 600 plate appearances

def600 Estimate of fielding talent, in runs above league average per 600 plate appearances

pitch200 Estimate of pitching talent, in runs above league average per 200 innings pitched

asg_pa Number of plate appearances in the All-Star Game itself

asg_ip Number of innings pitched in the All-Star Game itself

offper9innasg Expected offensive runs added above average (from talent) based on PA in ASG, scaled to a 9-inning game

defper9innasg Expected defensive runs added above average (from talent) based on PA in ASG, scaled to a 9-inning game

pitper9innasg Expected pitching runs added above average (from talent) based on IP in ASG, scaled to a 9-inning game

totper9innasg Expected runs added above average (from talent) based on PA/IP in ASG, scaled to a 9-inning game

Source

<http://baseball-reference.com> , <http://chadwick-bureau.com>, Fangraphs

mlb_as_team_talent *The Best MLB All-Star Teams Ever*

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Best MLB All-Star Teams Ever" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-best-mlb-all-star-teams-ever/>.

Usage

mlb_as_team_talent

Format

A data frame with 172 rows representing Major League Baseball seasons and 16 variables:

yearid The season in question

gamenum Order of All-Star Game for the season (in years w/ multiple ASGs; set to 0 when only 1 per year)

gameid Game ID at Baseball-Reference.com

lgid League of All-Star team

tm_off_talent Total runs of offensive talent above average per game (36 plate appearances)

tm_def_talent Total runs of fielding talent above average per game (36 plate appearances)

tm_pit_talent Total runs of pitching talent above average per game (9 innings)

mlb_avg_rpg MLB average runs scored/game that season

talent_rspg Expected runs scored per game based on talent (MLB R/G + team OFF talent)

talent_rapg Expected runs allowed per game based on talent (MLB R/G - team DEF talent- team PIT talent)

unadj_pyth Unadjusted pythagorean talent rating; $PYTH = (RSPG^{1.83}) / (RSPG^{1.83} + RAPG^{1.83})$

timeline_adj Estimate of relative league quality where 2015 MLB = 1.00

sos Strength of schedule faced; adjusts an assumed .500 SOS downward based on timeline adjustment

adj_pyth Adjusted pythagorean record; $= (SOS * unadj_Pyth) / ((2 * unadj_Pyth * SOS) - SOS - unadj_Pyth + 1)$

no_1_player Best player according to combo of actual PA/IP and talent

no_2_player 2nd-best player according to combo of actual PA/IP and talent

Source

<http://baseball-reference.com> , <http://chadwick-bureau.com>, Fangraphs

murder_2015_final *A Handful Of Cities Are Driving 2016's Rise In Murder*

Description

The raw data behind the story "A Handful Of Cities Are Driving 2016's Rise In Murder" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/a-handful-of-cities-are-driving-2016s-rise-in-murders/>.

Usage

murder_2015_final

Format

A data frame with 83 rows representing large US cities and 5 variables:

city Name of city

state Name of state

murders_2014 Total murders in 2014

murders_2015 Total murders in 2015

change 2015 - 2014

Source

Unknown

murder_2016_prelim *A Handful Of Cities Are Driving 2016's Rise In Murder*

Description

The raw data behind the story "A Handful Of Cities Are Driving 2016's Rise In Murder" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/a-handful-of-cities-are-driving-2016s-rise-in-murders/>.

Usage

murder_2016_prelim

Format

A data frame with 79 rows representing large US cities and 7 variables:

city Name of city

state Name of state

murders_2015 Number of murders in 2015

murders_2016 Number of murder in 2016 (as of as_of date)

change 2016 - 2015

source Source of data

as_of 2016 murders up to this date

Source

Listed as source variable in dataset

nba_draft_2015	<i>Projecting The Top 50 Players In The 2015 NBA Draft Class</i>
----------------	--

Description

The raw data behind the story "Projecting The Top 50 Players In The 2015 NBA Draft Class" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/projecting-the-top-50-players-in-the-2015-nba-draft-class/>.

Usage

nba_draft_2015

Format

A data frame with 1090 rows representing National Basketball Association players/prospects and 9 variables:

player Player name

position The player's position going into the draft

id The player's identification code

draft_year The year the player was eligible for the NBA draft

projected_spm The model's projected statistical plus/minus over years 2-5 of the player's NBA career

superstar Probability of becoming a superstar player (1 per draft, SPM $\geq +3.3$)

starter Probability of becoming a starting-caliber player (10 per draft, SPM $\geq +0.5$)

role_player Probability of becoming a role player (25 per draft, SPM ≥ -1.4)

bust Probability of becoming a bust (everyone else, SPM < -1.4)

Source

See <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/projecting-the-top-50-players-in-the-2015-nba-draft-class/>

nba_tattoos	<i>Accurately Counting NBA Tattoos Isn't Easy, Even If You're Up Close</i>
-------------	--

Description

The raw data behind the story "Accurately Counting NBA Tattoos Isn't Easy, Even If You're Up Close" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/accurately-counting-nba-tattoos-isnt-easy-even-if-youre-up-close/>

Usage

nba_tattoos

Format

A data frame with 636 rows representing National Basketball Association players and 2 variables:

player_name Name of player

tattoos TRUE corresponds to player having tattoos, FALSE corresponds to not

Source

Ethan Swan <http://nbatattoos.tumblr.com/>

nfltix_div_avgprice	<i>Who Goes To Meaningless NFL Games And Why?</i>
---------------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "Who Goes To Meaningless NFL Games And Why?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/who-goes-to-meaningless-nfl-games-and-why/>.

Usage

nfltix_div_avgprice

Format

A data frame with 108 rows representing National Football League games and 3 variables:

event NFL divisional game info

division NFL division

avg_tix_price Average ticket price

Source

StubHub

nfltix_usa_avg	<i>Who Goes To Meaningless NFL Games And Why?</i>
----------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "Who Goes To Meaningless NFL Games And Why?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/who-goes-to-meaningless-nfl-games-and-why/>.

Usage

nfltix_usa_avg

Format

A data frame with 32 rows representing National Football League teams and 2 variables:

team Name of NFL team

avg_tix_price Average ticket price

Source

StubHub

nflwr_aging_curve	<i>The Football Hall Of Fame Has A Receiver Problem</i>
-------------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Football Hall Of Fame Has A Receiver Problem" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-football-hall-of-fame-has-a-receiver-problem/>.

Usage

nflwr_aging_curve

Format

A data frame with 24 rows representing National Football League wide receiver ages and 3 variables:

age_from Beginning age

age_to Ending age

trypg_change Change in TRY per game from one age-year to next

Source

Unknown

nflwr_hist

The Football Hall Of Fame Has A Receiver Problem

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Football Hall Of Fame Has A Receiver Problem" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-football-hall-of-fame-has-a-receiver-problem/>.

Usage

nflwr_hist

Format

A data frame with 6496 rows representing National Football League wide receivers and 6 variables:

pfr_player_id Player identification code at Pro-Football-Reference.com

player_name The player's name

career_try Career True Receiving Yards

career_ranypa Adjusted Net Yards Per Attempt (relative to average) of player's career teams, weighted by TRY w/ each team

career_wow The amount by which career_ranypa exceeds what would be expected from his QBs' (age-adjusted) performance without the receiver

bcs_rating The number of yards per game by which a player would outgain an average receiver on the same team, after adjusting for teammate quality and age (update of <http://www.sabernomics.com/sabernomics/index.php/2005/02/ranking-the-all-time-great-wide-receivers/>)

Source

See <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-football-hall-of-fame-has-a-receiver-problem/>

nfl_fav_team

The Rams Are Dead To Me, So I Answered 3,352 Questions To Find A New NFL Team

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Rams Are Dead To Me, So I Answered 3,352 Questions To Find A New NFL Team" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-rams-are-dead-to-me-so-i-answered-3352-ques>

Usage

nfl_fav_team

Format

A data frame with 32 rows representing National Football League teams and 17 variables:

team Name of NFL team

fan_relations Fan relations - Courtesy by players, coaches and front offices toward fans, and how well a team uses technology to reach them

ownership Ownership - Honesty; loyalty to core players and the community

players Players - Effort on the field, likability off it

future_wins Future wins - Projected wins over next 5 seasons

bandwagon Bandwagon Factor - Are the team's next 5 years likely to be better than their previous 5?

tradition Tradition - Championships/division titles/wins in team's entire history

bang_buck Bang for the buck - Wins per fan dollars spent

behavior Behavior - Suspensions by players on team since 2007, with extra weight to transgressions vs. women

nyc_prox Proximity to New York City

stlouis_prox Proximity to St. Louis

afford Affordability - Price of tickets, parking and concessions

small_market Small Market - Size of market in terms of population, where smaller is better

stadium_exp Stadium experience - Quality of venue; fan-friendliness of environment; frequency of game-day promotions

coaching Coaching - Strength of on-field leadership

uniform Uniform - Stylishness of uniform design, according to Uni Watch's Paul Lukas

big_market Big Market - Size of market in terms of population, where bigger is better

Source

<http://www.espn.com/sportsnation/teamrankings>, <http://www.allourideas.org/nflteampickingsample>

nfl_suspensions

The NFL's Uneven History Of Punishing Domestic Violence

Description

The raw data behind the story "The NFL's Uneven History Of Punishing Domestic Violence" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/nfl-domestic-violence-policy-suspensions/>.

Usage

nfl_suspensions

Format

A data frame with 269 rows representing National Football League players and 7 variables:

name first initial.last name

team team at time of suspension

games number of games suspended (one regular season = 16 games)

category personal conduct, substance abuse, performance enhancing drugs or in-game violence

description description of suspension

year year of suspension

source news source

Source

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_players_and_coaches_suspended_by_the_NFL, <http://www.sportrac.com/fines-tracker/nfl/suspensions/>

nutrition_pvalues

You Can't Trust What You Read About Nutrition

Description

The raw data behind the story "You Can't Trust What You Read About Nutrition" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/you-cant-trust-what-you-read-about-nutrition>.

Usage

nutrition_pvalues

Format

A data frame with 27716 rows representing Regression fits for p-hacking and 3 variables:

food Name of food (response/dependent variable)

characteristic Name of characteristic (predictor/independent variable)

p_values P-value from regression fit

Source

See <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/you-cant-trust-what-you-read-about-nutrition>

police_deaths	<i>The Dallas Shooting Was Among The Deadliest For Police In U.S. History</i>
---------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Dallas Shooting Was Among The Deadliest For Police In U.S. History" <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-dallas-shooting-was-among-the-deadliest-for-police>

Usage

police_deaths

Format

A data frame with 22800 rows representing Police officers/dogs who lost their lives and 7 variables:

person Name of person/canine who died

cause_of_death Cause of death

date Date of event

year Year of event

canine TRUE if canine, FALSE if human

dept_name Name of police department

state State of police department

Source

Officer Down Memorial Page <https://www.odmp.org/>

police_killings	<i>Where Police Have Killed Americans In 2015</i>
-----------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "Where Police Have Killed Americans In 2015" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/where-police-have-killed-americans-in-2015>.

Usage

police_killings

Format

A data frame with 467 rows representing People who died from interactions with police and 34 variables:

name Name of deceased
age Age of deceased
gender Gender of deceased
raceethnicity Race/ethnicity of deceased
month Month of killing
day Day of incident
year Year of incident
streetaddress Address/intersection where incident occurred
city City where incident occurred
state State where incident occurred
latitude Latitude, geocoded from address
longitude Longitude, geocoded from address
state_fp State FIPS code
county_fp County FIPS code
tract_ce Tract ID code
geo_id Combined tract ID code
county_id Combined county ID code
namelsad Tract description
lawenforcementagency Agency involved in incident
cause Cause of death
armed How/whether deceased was armed
pop Tract population
share_white Share of pop that is non-Hispanic white
share_black Share of pop that is black (alone, not in combination)
share_hispanic Share of pop that is Hispanic/Latino (any race)
p_income Tract-level median personal income
h_income Tract-level median household income
county_income County-level median household income
comp_income 'h_income' / 'county_income'
county_bucket Household income, quintile within county
nat_bucket Household income, quintile nationally
pov Tract-level poverty rate (official)
urate Tract-level unemployment rate
college Share of 25+ pop with BA or higher

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/police-killings>

`police_locals`*Most Police Don't Live In The Cities They Serve*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Most Police Don't Live In The Cities They Serve" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/most-police-dont-live-in-the-cities-they-serve/>.

Usage

```
police_locals
```

Format

A data frame with 75 rows representing cities and 8 variables:

city U.S. city

force_size Number of police officers serving that city

all Percentage of the total police force that lives in the city

white Percentage of white (non-Hispanic) police officers who live in the city

non_white Percentage of non-white police officers who live in the city

black Percentage of black police officers who live in the city

hispanic Percentage of Hispanic police officers who live in the city

asian Percentage of Asian police officers who live in the city

Details

The dataset includes the cities with the 75 largest police forces, with the exception of Honolulu for which data is not available. All calculations are based on data from the U.S. Census.

The Census Bureau numbers are potentially going to differ from other counts for three reasons:

1. The census category for police officers also includes sheriffs, transit police and others who might not be under the same jurisdiction as a city's police department proper. The census category won't include private security officers.
2. The census data is estimated from 2006 to 2010; police forces may have changed in size since then.
3. There is always a margin of error in census numbers; they are estimates, not complete counts.

Note: Missing values means that there are fewer than 100 police officers of that race serving that city.

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/police-locals>

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run:
library(tidyverse)
police_locals_tidy <- police_locals %>%
  gather(key = "race", value = "perc_in", all:asian)
```

pres_2016_trail	<i>The Last 10 Weeks Of 2016 Campaign Stops In One Handy Gif</i>
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Description

The raw data behind the story "The Last 10 Weeks Of 2016 Campaign Stops In One Handy Gif"
<https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-last-10-weeks-of-2016-campaign-stops-in-one-handy-gif/>.

Usage

```
pres_2016_trail
```

Format

A data frame with 177 rows representing 2016 Republican and Democratic candidate campaign trail stops and 5 variables:

candidate Clinton or Trump
date The date of the event
location The location of the event
lat Latitude of the event location
lng Longitude of the event location

Source

<https://hillaryspeeches.com/>, <http://www.conservativedailynews.com/>

pres_commencement	<i>Sitting Presidents Give Way More Commencement Speeches Than They Used To</i>
-------------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "Sitting Presidents Give Way More Commencement Speeches Than They Used To" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/sitting-presidents-give-way-more-commencement-speeches-they-used-to/>.

Usage

```
pres_commencement
```

Format

A data frame with 154 rows representing speeches and 8 variables:

pres Number of president (33 is Harry Truman, the 33rd president; 44 is Barack Obama, the 44th president)

pres_name Name of president

title Description of commencement speech

date Date speech was delivered

city City where speech was delivered

state State where speech was delivered

building Name of building in which speech was delivered

room Room in which speech was delivered

Source

American Presidency Project, Gerhard Peters and John T. Woolley <http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu>

pulitzer

Do Pulitzers Help Newspapers Keep Readers?

Description

The raw data behind the story "Do Pulitzers Help Newspapers Keep Readers?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/do-pulitzers-help-newspapers-keep-readers/>.

Usage

pulitzer

Format

A data frame with 50 rows representing newspapers and 7 variables:

newspaper Newspaper

circ2004 Daily Circulation in 2004

circ2013 Daily Circulation in 2013

pctchg_circ Percent change in Daily Circulation from 2004 to 2013

num_finals1990_2003 Number of Pulitzer Prize winners and finalists from 1990 to 2003

num_finals2004_2014 Number of Pulitzer Prize winners and finalists from 2004 to 2014

num_finals1990_2014 Number of Pulitzer Prize winners and finalists from 1990 to 2014

Source

See <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/do-pulitzers-help-newspapers-keep-readers/>

riddler_castles *Can You Rule Riddler Nation?*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Can You Rule Riddler Nation?" <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/can-you-rule-riddler-nation/>. Analysis of the submitted solutions can be found at: <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/can-you-save-the-drowning-swimmer/>

Usage

```
riddler_castles
```

Format

A data frame with 1387 rows representing submissions and 11 variables:

castle1 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 1
castle2 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 2
castle3 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 3
castle4 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 4
castle5 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 5
castle6 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 6
castle7 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 7
castle8 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 8
castle9 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 9
castle10 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 10
reason Why did you choose your troop deployment?

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/riddler-castles>

See Also

[riddler_castles2](#)

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
riddler_castles_tidy<-riddler_castles %>%
  gather(key = castle , value = soldiers, castle1:castle10) %>%
  mutate(castle = as.numeric(str_replace(castle, "castle","")))
```

riddler_castles2 *The Battle For Riddler Nation, Round 2*

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Battle For Riddler Nation, Round 2" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-battle-for-riddler-nation-round-2/>. Analysis of the submitted solutions can be found at: <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/how-much-should-you-bid-for-that-painting/>

Usage

```
riddler_castles2
```

Format

A data frame with 932 rows representing submissions and 11 variables:

castle1 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 1
castle2 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 2
castle3 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 3
castle4 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 4
castle5 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 5
castle6 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 6
castle7 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 7
castle8 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 8
castle9 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 9
castle10 Number of troops out of 100 send to castle 10
reason Why did you choose your troop deployment?

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/riddler-castles>

See Also

[riddler_castles](#)

Examples

```
# To convert data frame to tidy data (long) format, run
library(tidyverse)
library(stringr)
riddler_castles_tidy<-riddler_castles2 %>%
  gather(key = castle , value = soldiers, castle1:castle10) %>%
  mutate(castle = as.numeric(str_replace(castle, "castle", "")))
```

san_andreas	<i>The Rock Isn't Alone: Lots Of People Are Worried About 'The Big One'</i>
-------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Rock Isn't Alone: Lots Of People Are Worried About 'The Big One'" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/the-rock-isnt-alone-lots-of-people-are-worried-about-the-b>

Usage

san_andreas

Format

A data frame with 1013 rows representing respondents and 11 variables:

worry_general In general, how worried are you about earthquakes?

worry_bigone How worried are you about the "Big One," a massive, catastrophic earthquake?

will_occur Do you think the "Big One" will occur in your lifetime?

experience Have you ever experienced an earthquake?

prepared Have you or anyone in your household taken any precautions for an earthquake (packed an earthquake survival kit, prepared an evacuation plan, etc.)?

fam_san_andreas How familiar are you with the San Andreas Fault line?

fam_yellowstone How familiar are you with the Yellowstone Supervolcano?

age Age

female Gender

hhold_income How much total combined money did all members of your HOUSEHOLD earn last year?

region US Region

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/san-andreas>

`senate_polls`*Early Senate Polls Have Plenty to Tell Us About November*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Early Senate Polls Have Plenty to Tell Us About November" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/early-senate-polls-have-plenty-to-tell-us-about-november/>.

Usage`senate_polls`**Format**

A data frame with 107 rows representing a poll and 4 variables:

year Year

election_result Final poll margin

presidential_approval Early presidential approval rating

poll_average Early poll margin

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/early-senate-polls>

`steak_survey`*How Americans Like Their Steak*

Description

The raw data behind the story "How Americans Like Their Steak" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/how-americans-like-their-steak/>.

Usage`steak_survey`

Format

A data frame with 550 rows representing respondents and 15 variables:

respondent_id Respondent ID
lottery_a not sure
smoke Is respondent a smoker?
alcohol Is respondent a drinker?
gamble Is respondent a gambler?
skydiving Is respondent a skydiver?
speed not sure
cheated not sure
steak not sure
steak_prep Preferred steak preparation
female Is respondent female?
age Age
hhold_income Household income
educ Education level
region Region of US

Source

See <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/how-americans-like-their-steak/>

tarantino	<i>A Complete Catalog Of Every Time Someone Cursed Or Bled Out In A Quentin Tarantino Movie</i>
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Description

The raw data behind the story "A Complete Catalog Of Every Time Someone Cursed Or Bled Out In A Quentin Tarantino Movie" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/complete-catalog-curses-deaths-quentin-t>

Usage

tarantino

Format

A data frame with 1894 rows representing curse/death instances and 4 variables:

movie Film title
profane Whether the event was a profane word (TRUE) or a death (FALSE)
word The specific profane word, if the event was a word
minutes_in The number of minutes into the film the event occurred

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/tarantino>

tennis_events_time *Why Some Tennis Matches Take Forever*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Why Some Tennis Matches Take Forever" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/why-some-tennis-matches-take-forever/>.

Usage

```
tennis_events_time
```

Format

A data frame with 205 rows representing tournaments and 5 variables:

tournament Name of event

surface Court surface used at the event

sec_added Seconds added per point for this event on this surface in years shown, from regression model controlling for players, year and other factors

year_start Start year for data used from this tournament in regression

year_end End year for data used from this tournament in regression

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/tennis-time>

See Also

[tennis_players_time](#) and [tennis_serve_time](#)

tennis_players_time *Why Some Tennis Matches Take Forever*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Why Some Tennis Matches Take Forever" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/why-some-tennis-matches-take-forever/>.

Usage

tennis_players_time

Format

A data frame with 218 rows representing players and 2 variables:

player Player Name

sec_added Weighted average of seconds added per point as loser and winner of matches, 1991-2015, from regression model controlling for tournament, surface, year and other factors

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/tennis-time>

See Also

[tennis_events_time](#) and [tennis_serve_time](#)

tennis_serve_time *Why Some Tennis Matches Take Forever*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Why Some Tennis Matches Take Forever" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/why-some-tennis-matches-take-forever/>.

Usage

tennis_serve_time

Format

A data frame with 120 rows representing serves and 7 variables:

server Name of player serving at 2015 French Open

sec_between Time in seconds between end of marked point and next serve, timed by stopwatch app

opponent Opponent, receiving serve

game_score Score in the current game during the timed interval between points

set Set number, out of five

game Score in games within the set

date Date

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/tennis-time>

See Also

[tennis_events_time](#) and [tennis_players_time](#)

tenth_circuit

For A Trump Nominee, Neil Gorsuch's Record Is Surprisingly Moderate On Immigration

Description

The raw data behind the story "For A Trump Nominee, Neil Gorsuch's Record Is Surprisingly Moderate On Immigration" <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/for-a-trump-nominee-neil-gorsuchs-record-is>

Usage

```
tenth_circuit
```

Format

A data frame with 954 rows representing cases and 13 variables:

title Name of the case

date Date of decision

federalreporter_cit Case citation, as listed in the Federal Reporter Series

westlaw_cit Case citation, Westlaw format

issue Issue number, in cases divided into multiple issues

weight Weight per issue (total weight per case equals one)

judge1 Name of first judge

judge2 Name of second judge

judge3 Name of third judge

vote1_liberal Vote of first judge. 1 = liberal, 0 = conservative.

vote2_liberal Vote of second judge. 1 = liberal, 0 = conservative.

vote3_liberal Vote of third judge. 1 = liberal, 0 = conservative.

category Category of case, immigration or discrimination

Note

In immigration cases, partial relief to immigration petitioner is coded as liberal because the petitioner typically seeks just one core remedy (e.g., withholding of removal, adjustment of status, or asylum); in discrimination cases, partial relief is coded as multiple issues because the plaintiff often seeks separate remedies under multiple claims (e.g., disparate treatment, retaliation, etc.) and different sources of law.

Source

See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/tenth-circuit>

trump_news

How Trump Hacked The Media

Description

The raw data behind the story "How Trump Hacked The Media" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/how-donald-trump-hacked-the-media/>.

Usage

```
trump_news
```

Format

A data frame with 286 rows representing lead stories and 3 variables:

date Date of lead story about Donald Trump.

major_cat Story classification

detail

Source

Memorandum <http://www.memorandum.com/>.

trump_twitter	<i>The World's Favorite Donald Trump Tweets</i>
---------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The World's Favorite Donald Trump Tweets" <https://fivethirtyeight.com/features/the-worlds-favorite-donald-trump-tweets/>. Tweets posted on twitter by Donald Trump (@realDonaldTrump)

Usage

```
trump_twitter
```

Format

A data frame with 448 rows representing tweets and 3 variables:

id
created_at
text

Source

Twitter <https://twitter.com/realdonaldtrump>

unisex_names	<i>The Most Common Unisex Names In America: Is Yours One Of Them?</i>
--------------	---

Description

The raw data behind the story "The Most Common Unisex Names In America: Is Yours One Of Them?" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/there-are-922-unisex-names-in-america-is-yours-one-of-them/>

Usage

```
unisex_names
```

Format

A data frame with 919 rows representing names and 5 variables:

name First names from the Social Security Administration
total Total number of living Americans with the name
male_share Percentage of people with the name who are male
female_share Percentage of people with the name who are female
gap Gap between male_share and female_share

Source

Social Security Administration <https://www.ssa.gov/oact/babynames/limits.html>. See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/unisex-names>.

US_births_1994_2003	<i>Some People Are Too Superstitious To Have A Baby On Friday The 13th</i>
---------------------	--

Description

The raw data behind the story "Some People Are Too Superstitious To Have A Baby On Friday The 13th" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/some-people-are-too-superstitious-to-have-a-baby-on-friday>

Usage

US_births_1994_2003

Format

A data frame with 3652 rows representing dates and 6 variables:

year Year

month Month

date_of_month Day

date POSIX date

day_of_week Abbreviation of day of week

births Number of births

Source

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's National Center for Health Statistics

See Also

[US_births_2000_2014](#)

US_births_2000_2014 *Some People Are Too Superstitious To Have A Baby On Friday The 13th*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Some People Are Too Superstitious To Have A Baby On Friday The 13th" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/features/some-people-are-too-superstitious-to-have-a-baby-on-friday>

Usage

US_births_2000_2014

Format

A data frame with 5479 rows representing dates and 6 variables:

year Year

month Month

date_of_month Day

date POSIX date

day_of_week Abbreviation of day of week

births Number of births

Source

Social Security Administration

See Also

[US_births_1994_2003](#).

weather_check *Where People Go To Check The Weather*

Description

The raw data behind the story "Where People Go To Check The Weather" <http://fivethirtyeight.com/datalab/weather-forecast-news-app-habits/>.

Usage

weather_check

Format

A data frame with 928 rows representing respondents and 9 variables:

respondent_id Respondent ID

ck_weather Do you typically check a daily weather report?

weather_source How do you typically check the weather?

weather_source_site If they responded "A specific website or app" when asked how they typically check the weather, they were asked to write-in the app or website they used.

ck_weather_watch If you had a smartwatch (like the soon to be released Apple Watch), how likely or unlikely would you be to check the weather on that device?

age Age

female Gender

hhold_income How much total combined money did all members of your HOUSEHOLD earn last year?

region US Region

Source

The source of the data is a Survey Monkey Audience poll commissioned by FiveThirtyEight and conducted from April 6 to April 10, 2015. See <https://github.com/fivethirtyeight/data/tree/master/weather-check>

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