

# Package ‘assertive.matrices’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Assertions to Check Properties of Matrices

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**Description** A set of predicates and assertions for checking the properties of matrices. This is mainly for use by other package developers who want to include run-time testing features in their own packages. End-users will usually want to use assertive directly.

**URL** <https://bitbucket.org/richierocks/assertive.matrices>

**BugReports** <https://bitbucket.org/richierocks/assertive.matrices/issues>

**Depends** R (>= 3.0.0)

**Imports** assertive.base (>= 0.0-2)

**Suggests** testthat, devtools

**License** GPL (>= 3)

**LazyLoad** yes

**LazyData** yes

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**Collate** 'imports.R' 'assert-is-matrix.R' 'is-matrix.R'

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

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**R topics documented:**

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assert\_is\_diagonal\_matrix  
*Is the input a diagonal matrix?*

---

**Description**

Checks that the input is a diagonal matrix.

**Usage**

```
assert_is_diagonal_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,
  severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))
```

```
is_diagonal_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,
  .xname = get_name_in_parent(x))
```

**Arguments**

x	Input to check.
tol	Absolute values smaller than tol are not considered.
severity	How severe should the consequences of the assertion be? Either "stop", "warning", "message", or "none".
.xname	Not intended to be used directly.

**Value**

TRUE if the input is all zeroes (after coercion to be a matrix).

**Examples**

```
x <- diag(3)
is_diagonal_matrix(x)
x[1, 2] <- 100 * .Machine$double.eps
is_diagonal_matrix(x)
x[2, 3] <- 101 * .Machine$double.eps
is_diagonal_matrix(x)
```

---

```
assert_is_identity_matrix
```

*Is the matrix an identity matrix?*

---

## Description

Checks that the input is an identity matrix.

## Usage

```
assert_is_identity_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,  
  severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))  
  
is_identity_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,  
  .xname = get_name_in_parent(x))
```

## Arguments

x	Input to check.
tol	Absolute deviations from the expected values smaller than tol are not considered.
severity	How severe should the consequences of the assertion be? Either "stop", "warning", "message", or "none".
.xname	Not intended to be used directly.

## Value

TRUE if the input is all zeroes (after coercion to be a matrix).

## Examples

```
x <- diag(3)  
is_identity_matrix(x)  
x[1, 2] <- 100 * .Machine$double.eps  
is_identity_matrix(x)  
x[2, 3] <- 101 * .Machine$double.eps  
is_identity_matrix(x)
```

---

```
assert_is_lower_triangular_matrix
```

*Is the matrix upper/lower triangular?*

---

## Description

Checks that the input is an upper or lower triangular matrix.

## Usage

```
assert_is_lower_triangular_matrix(x, strictly = FALSE, tol = 100 *
  .Machine$double.eps, severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))
```

```
assert_is_upper_triangular_matrix(x, strictly = FALSE, tol = 100 *
  .Machine$double.eps, severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))
```

```
is_lower_triangular_matrix(x, strictly = FALSE, tol = 100 *
  .Machine$double.eps, .xname = get_name_in_parent(x))
```

```
is_upper_triangular_matrix(x, strictly = FALSE, tol = 100 *
  .Machine$double.eps, .xname = get_name_in_parent(x))
```

## Arguments

<code>x</code>	Input to check.
<code>strictly</code>	Logical. If TRUE, the diagonal must consist of zeroes.
<code>tol</code>	Absolute deviations from the expected values smaller than <code>tol</code> are not considered.
<code>severity</code>	How severe should the consequences of the assertion be? Either "stop", "warning", "message", or "none".
<code>.xname</code>	Not intended to be used directly.

## Value

TRUE if the input is all zeroes (after coercion to be a matrix).

## Examples

```
x <- matrix(c(1, 2, 3, 0, 5, 6, 0, 0, 9), nrow = 3)
is_lower_triangular_matrix(x)
is_lower_triangular_matrix(x, strictly = TRUE)
is_upper_triangular_matrix(t(x))
is_upper_triangular_matrix(t(x), strictly = TRUE)
x[1, 2] <- 100 * .Machine$double.eps
is_lower_triangular_matrix(x)
x[2, 3] <- 101 * .Machine$double.eps
is_lower_triangular_matrix(x)
```

---

```
assert_is_square_matrix
```

*Is the matrix a square matrix?*

---

**Description**

Checks that the input is a square matrix.

**Usage**

```
assert_is_square_matrix(x, severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))  
is_square_matrix(x, .xname = get_name_in_parent(x))
```

**Arguments**

x	Input to check.
severity	How severe should the consequences of the assertion be? Either "stop", "warning", "message", or "none".
.xname	Not intended to be used directly.

**Value**

TRUE if the input is all zeroes (after coercion to be a matrix).

**Examples**

```
is_square_matrix(matrix(1:9, nrow = 3))  
is_square_matrix(matrix(1:12, nrow = 3))
```

---

```
assert_is_symmetric_matrix
```

*Is the input a symmetric matrix?*

---

**Description**

Checks that the input is a symmetric matrix.

**Usage**

```
assert_is_symmetric_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps, ...,  
  severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))  
  
is_symmetric_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,  
  .xname = get_name_in_parent(x), ...)
```

**Arguments**

x	Input to check.
tol	Differences smaller than tol are not considered.
...	Passed to all.equal.
severity	How severe should the consequences of the assertion be? Either "stop", "warning", "message", or "none".
.xname	Not intended to be used directly.

**Value**

TRUE if the input is symmetric (after coercion to be a matrix).

**Examples**

```
m <- diag(3); m[3, 1] <- 1e-100
assert_is_symmetric_matrix(m)
#These examples should fail.
assertive.base::dont_stop(assert_is_symmetric_matrix(m, tol = 0))
```

---

assert\_is\_zero\_matrix *Is the input a zero matrix*

---

**Description**

Checks that the input is a matrix of zeroes.

**Usage**

```
assert_is_zero_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,
  severity = getOption("assertive.severity", "stop"))

is_zero_matrix(x, tol = 100 * .Machine$double.eps,
  .xname = get_name_in_parent(x))
```

**Arguments**

x	Input to check.
tol	Absolute values smaller than tol are not considered.
severity	How severe should the consequences of the assertion be? Either "stop", "warning", "message", or "none".
.xname	Not intended to be used directly.

**Value**

TRUE if the input is all zeroes (after coercion to be a matrix).

**Examples**

```
x <- matrix(numeric(9), 3)
is_zero_matrix(x)
x[1, 1] <- 100 * .Machine$double.eps
is_zero_matrix(x)
x[2, 2] <- 101 * .Machine$double.eps
is_zero_matrix(x)
```

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