

Package ‘gMOIP’

February 20, 2017

Type Package

Title '2D plots of linear or integer programming models'

Version 1.1.0

Date 2017-01-22

URL <https://github.com/relund/gMOIP/>

BugReports <https://github.com/relund/gMOIP/issues>

Description Make 2D plots of the polyeder of a LP or IP problem, including integer points and iso profit curve. Can also make a plot of a bi-objective criterion space.

License GPL (>= 3.3.2)

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

Imports ggrepel

Depends ggplot2

Suggests tikzDevice

NeedsCompilation no

Author Lars Relund [aut, cre]

Maintainer Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2017-02-20 15:12:14

R topics documented:

cornerPoints	2
criterionPoints	3
gMOIP	5
integerPoints	6
plotCriterion	7
plotPolytope	9

Index**12**

cornerPoints	<i>Calculate the corner points for the polytope $Ax \leq b, x \geq 0$ (used some code from the intpoint package)</i>
--------------	---

Description

Calculate the corner points for the polytope $Ax \leq b, x \geq 0$ (used some code from the intpoint package)

Usage

```
cornerPoints(A, b)
```

Arguments

A	A matrix.
b	Right hand side.

Value

A data frame with a corner point in each row.

Author(s)

Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk>

Examples

```
# Define the LP max/min coeff*x st. Ax<=b, x>=0
A <- matrix(c(9,10,2,4,-3,2), ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE)
b <- c(90,27,3)
coeff <- c(7.75, 10)

# Corner points of the polytope
cPoints<-cornerPoints(A, b)
# Integer points in the polytope
iPoints<-integerPoints(A, b)

# Plot of the polytope
plotPolytope(cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = iPoints)
plotPolytope(cPoints, cPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = c(3,-3), crit = "min")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints) + xlab("x") + ylab("y")
```

```

# Plot of criterion points given a bi-objective vector
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(coeff[1], 0), c2 = c(0, coeff[2]), crit = "max")
head(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = FALSE, addTriangles = TRUE)
# minimize
zPoints<-criterionPoints(zPoints, c1 = c(-1, 1), c2 = c(1, -1), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min")
# identify solutions (x1,x2) corresponding to (z1,z2)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)
# max and min
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE, shape = zPoints$nD)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "max", showLbl = TRUE)
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)

## Not run:
# Generate tikz file for LaTeX
library(tikzDevice)
tikz(file = "plot_polytope.tex", standAlone=F, width = 7, height = 6)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
dev.off()

## End(Not run)

```

criterionPoints	<i>Calculate the criterion points of a set of points and find the set of non-dominated points (pareto points) and classify them into extreme supported, non-extreme supported, non-supported.</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Calculate the criterion points of a set of points and find the set of non-dominated points (pareto points) and classify them into extreme supported, non-extreme supported, non-supported.

Usage

```
criterionPoints(points, c1, c2, crit)
```

Arguments

points	A data frame with columns x1 and x2.
c1	2D vector for first criterion.
c2	2D vector for second criterion.
crit	Either max or min.

Value

A data frame with columns x_1 , x_2 , $z_1 = c_1 * x$, $z_2 = c_2 * x$, $z = z_1 + z_2$, $lbl = label$, $nD = non-dominated$, $ext = extreme$, $nonExt = non-extreme$ supported.

Author(s)

Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk>

Examples

```
# Define the LP max/min coeff*x st. Ax<=b, x>=0
A <- matrix(c(9,10,2,4,-3,2), ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE)
b <- c(90,27,3)
coeff <- c(7.75, 10)

# Corner points of the polytope
cPoints<-cornerPoints(A, b)
# Integer points in the polytope
iPoints<-integerPoints(A, b)

# Plot of the polytope
plotPolytope(cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = iPoints)
plotPolytope(cPoints, cPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = c(3,-3), crit = "min")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints) + xlab("x") + ylab("y")

# Plot of criterion points given a bi-objective vector
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(coeff[1], 0), c2 = c(0, coeff[2]), crit = "max")
head(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = FALSE, addTriangles = TRUE)
# minimize
zPoints<-criterionPoints(zPoints, c1 = c(-1, 1), c2 = c(1, -1), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min")
# identify solutions (x1,x2) corresponding to (z1,z2)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)
# max and min
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE, shape = zPoints$nD)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "max", showLbl = TRUE)
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)

## Not run:
# Generate tikz file for LaTeX
library(tikzDevice)
tikz(file = "plot_polytope.tex", standAlone=F, width = 7, height = 6)
```

```
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
dev.off()

## End(Not run)
```

gMOIP

2D plots of linear/integer programming models.

Description

Make 2D plots of the polyeder of a LP or IP problem, including integer points and iso profit curve. Can also make a plot of a bi-objective criterion space.

Author(s)

Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk> [aut, cre].

See Also

[plotPolytope](#) and [plotCriterion](#).

Examples

```
# Define the LP max/min coeff*x st. Ax<=b, x>=0
A <- matrix(c(9,10,2,4,-3,2), ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE)
b <- c(90,27,3)
coeff <- c(7.75, 10)

# Corner points of the polytope
cPoints<-cornerPoints(A, b)
# Integer points in the polytope
iPoints<-integerPoints(A, b)

# Plot of the polytope
plotPolytope(cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = iPoints)
plotPolytope(cPoints, cPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = c(3,-3), crit = "min")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints) + xlab("x") + ylab("y")

# Plot of criterion points given a bi-objective vector
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(coeff[1], 0), c2 = c(0, coeff[2]), crit = "max")
head(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = FALSE, addTriangles = TRUE)
# minimize
```

```

zPoints<-criterionPoints(zPoints, c1 = c(-1, 1), c2 = c(1, -1), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min")
# identify solutions (x1,x2) corresponding to (z1,z2)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)
# max and min
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE, shape = zPoints$nD)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "max", showLbl = TRUE)
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)

## Not run:
# Generate tikz file for LaTeX
library(tikzDevice)
tikz(file = "plot_polytope.tex", standAlone=F, width = 7, height = 6)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
dev.off()

## End(Not run)

```

integerPoints

Integer points inside the feasible region ($Ax \leq b$).

Description

Integer points inside the feasible region ($Ax \leq b$).

Usage

```
integerPoints(A, b)
```

Arguments

A	A matrix.
b	Right hand side.

Value

A data frame with all integer points inside the feasible region (columns x1, x2, lbl).

Note

Do a simple enumeration of all integer points between min and max.

Author(s)

Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk>

Examples

```

# Define the LP max/min coeff*x st. Ax<=b, x>=0
A <- matrix(c(9,10,2,4,-3,2), ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE)
b <- c(90,27,3)
coeff <- c(7.75, 10)

# Corner points of the polytope
cPoints<-cornerPoints(A, b)
# Integer points in the polytope
iPoints<-integerPoints(A, b)

# Plot of the polytope
plotPolytope(cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = iPoints)
plotPolytope(cPoints, cPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = c(3,-3), crit = "min")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints) + xlab("x") + ylab("y")

# Plot of criterion points given a bi-objective vector
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(coeff[1], 0), c2 = c(0, coeff[2]), crit = "max")
head(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = FALSE, addTriangles = TRUE)
# minimize
zPoints<-criterionPoints(zPoints, c1 = c(-1, 1), c2 = c(1, -1), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min")
# identify solutions (x1,x2) corresponding to (z1,z2)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)
# max and min
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE, shape = zPoints$nD)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "max", showLbl = TRUE)
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)

## Not run:
# Generate tikz file for LaTeX
library(tikzDevice)
tikz(file = "plot_polytope.tex", standAlone=F, width = 7, height = 6)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
dev.off()

## End(Not run)

```

Description

Create a plot of criterion space

Usage

```
plotCriterion(points, showLbl = FALSE, addTriangles = FALSE,
             addHull = TRUE, crit = "max", latex = FALSE)
```

Arguments

points	Data frame with criterion points
showLbl	Add labels to the points.
addTriangles	Add triangles to the non-dominated points
addHull	Add the convex hull of the non-dominated points and rays.
crit	Either min or max. The objective the criterion points are classified as. Note must be the same as used in criterionPoints .
latex	If true make latex math labels for TikZ.

Value

The ggplot2 object.

Author(s)

Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk>

Examples

```
# Define the LP max/min coeff*x st. Ax<=b, x>=0
A <- matrix(c(9,10,2,4,-3,2), ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE)
b <- c(90,27,3)
coeff <- c(7.75, 10)

# Corner points of the polytope
cPoints<-cornerPoints(A, b)
# Integer points in the polytope
iPoints<-integerPoints(A, b)

# Plot of the polytope
plotPolytope(cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = iPoints)
plotPolytope(cPoints, cPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = c(3,-3), crit = "min")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints) + xlab("x") + ylab("y")

# Plot of criterion points given a bi-objective vector
```



```

zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(coeff[1], 0), c2 = c(0, coeff[2]), crit = "max")
head(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = FALSE, addTriangles = TRUE)
# minimize
zPoints<-criterionPoints(zPoints, c1 = c(-1, 1), c2 = c(1, -1), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min")
# identify solutions (x1,x2) corresponding to (z1,z2)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)
# max and min
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE, shape = zPoints$nD)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "max", showLbl = TRUE)
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)

## Not run:
# Generate tikz file for LaTeX
library(tikzDevice)
tikz(file = "plot_polytope.tex", standAlone=F, width = 7, height = 6)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
dev.off()

## End(Not run)

```

plotPolytope

Create a plot of a polytope (bounded convex set)

Description

If an iso profit line added then the max/min is obtained among the points.

Usage

```
plotPolytope(cPoints = NULL, points = NULL, showLbl = FALSE, iso = NULL,
  crit = "max", latex = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

cPoints	Corner points in the polytope.
points	Points to plot (e.g integer points inside the polytope or corner points).
showLbl	Add labels to the points (only if points have a lbl column).
iso	NULL or if 2D vector add the iso profit line the the solution plot.
crit	Either max or min (only used if add the iso profit line)
latex	If true make latex math labels for TikZ.
...	Arguments passed to the aes function in geom_point .

Value

The ggplot2 object.

Author(s)

Lars Relund <lars@relund.dk>

Examples

```
# Define the LP max/min coeff*x st. Ax<=b, x>=0
A <- matrix(c(9,10,2,4,-3,2), ncol = 2, byrow = TRUE)
b <- c(90,27,3)
coeff <- c(7.75, 10)

# Corner points of the polytope
cPoints<-cornerPoints(A, b)
# Integer points in the polytope
iPoints<-integerPoints(A, b)

# Plot of the polytope
plotPolytope(cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = cPoints)
plotPolytope(points = iPoints)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = coeff, crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints, iso = c(3,-3), crit = "min")
plotPolytope(cPoints, iPoints) + xlab("x") + ylab("y")

# Plot of criterion points given a bi-objective vector
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(coeff[1], 0), c2 = c(0, coeff[2]), crit = "max")
head(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = FALSE, addTriangles = TRUE)
# minimize
zPoints<-criterionPoints(zPoints, c1 = c(-1, 1), c2 = c(1, -1), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min")
# identify solutions (x1,x2) corresponding to (z1,z2)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)
# max and min
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "max")
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE, shape = zPoints$nD)
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "max", showLbl = TRUE)
zPoints<-criterionPoints(iPoints, c1 = c(-2, -1), c2 = c(1, 4), crit = "min")
plotCriterion(zPoints, addHull = TRUE, addTriangles = TRUE, crit = "min", showLbl = TRUE)

## Not run:
# Generate tikz file for LaTeX
library(tikzDevice)
tikz(file = "plot_polytope.tex", standAlone=F, width = 7, height = 6)
plotPolytope(cPoints, zPoints, showLbl = TRUE)
```

plotPolytope

11

```
dev.off()
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

Index

*Topic **package**

gMOIP, 5

aes, 9

cornerPoints, 2

criterionPoints, 3, 8

geom_point, 9

gMOIP, 5

gMOIP-package (gMOIP), 5

integerPoints, 6

plotCriterion, 5, 7

plotPolytope, 5, 9