

Package ‘clickR’

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Type Package

Title Fix Data and Create Report Tables from Different Objects

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Imports beeswarm, boot, lme4, lmerTest, methods, ReporteRs, xtable

Description Tools for assessing data quality, performing exploratory analysis, fixing data errors in numerical, factor and date variables and creating report tables from models and summaries.

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R topics documented:

antimoda	3
check_quality	3
cluster_var	4
coefplot	5
descriptive	6
descriptivo	6
extreme_values	7
fix.dates	7
fix.factors	8
fix.levels	8
fix.numerics	9
fxd	9

GK_assoc	10
ipboxplot	10
is.it	11
kill.factors	11
kurtosis	12
make_csv_table	12
make_latex_table	13
make_table	13
make_word_table	14
matrixPaste	14
may.numeric	15
mine.plot	15
moda	16
moda_cont	16
mtapply	17
nearest	17
nice_names	18
numeros	18
peek	19
plot.reportmodel	19
prop_may	20
prop_min	20
report	21
report.betareg	21
report.brmsfit	22
report.clm	23
report.clmm	23
report.coxph	24
report.data.frame	25
report.default	26
report.factor	26
report.glm	27
report.glmerMod	27
report.glmmodmb	28
report.glmnet	29
report.lm	29
report.lmerMod	30
report.lqmm	31
report.merModLmerTest	31
report.numeric	32
report.rlm	33
report.rq	33
rob.ci	34
rob.pvals	35
scale_01	35
skewness	36
ttrue	36
VarCorr	37

Value

A list of a data.frame with information about data quality of the variable

Examples

```
check_quality(airquality$Ozone) #For one variable
lapply(airquality, check_quality) #For a data.frame
lapply(airquality, check_quality, output=TRUE) #For a data.frame, one row per variable
```

cluster_var

Clustering of variables

Description

Displays associations between variables in a data.frame in a heatmap with clustering

Usage

```
cluster_var(x, margins = c(8, 1))
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
margins	Margins for the plot

Value

A heatmap with the variable associations

Examples

```
cluster_var(iris)
cluster_var(mtcars)
```

coefplot	<i>Plot of the coefficients of a model</i>
----------	--

Description

Creates a plot of the coefficients of a model

Usage

```
coefplot(coefs, lwr.int = coefs, upper.int = coefs, offset = 0,
  coefnames = names(coefs), abline.pos = 0, sorted = FALSE,
  reverse = FALSE, pch = 16, xlim = c(min(lwr.int, na.rm = TRUE),
  max(upper.int, na.rm = TRUE)), ylim = c(1, length(coefs)),
  color = "black", ...)
```

Arguments

coefs	A vector with each coefficient
lwr.int	A vector with the lower end of the CI
upper.int	A vector with the upper end of the CI
offset	Y-axis offset for the coefficients
coefnames	Name for each variable
abline.pos	Position for the vertical reference line
sorted	Should the coefficients be sorted from highest to lowest?
reverse	Should the order be reversed?
pch	Type of point
xlim	Limits of the X-axis
ylim	Limits of the Y-axis
color	Color for the points
...	Further arguments passed to axis()

Value

A plot of the coefficients with their CI

Examples

```
lm1 <- lm(Petal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Species, data=iris)
a<-report(lm1)
par(mar=c(4, 10, 3, 2))
#Coefplot calling plot.reportmodel
plot(a)
#Manual coefplot
coefplot(coefs=c(1, 2, 3), lwr.int=c(0, 1, 2), upper.int=c(5, 6, 7), coefnames=c("A", "B", "C"))
```

descriptive	<i>Detailed summary of the data</i>
-------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Creates a detailed summary of the data

Usage

```
descriptive(x, z = 3, ignore.na = TRUE, by = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
z	Number of decimal places
ignore.na	If TRUE NA values will not count for relative frequencies calculations
by	Factor variable defining groups for the summary

Value

Summary of the data

Examples

```
descriptive(iris)
descriptive(iris, by="Species")
```

descriptivo	<i>Defunct function for creating data summaries</i>
-------------	---

Description

Creates a detailed summary of the data

Usage

```
descriptivo(x)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
---	--------------

Value

Nothing, the function is defunct. Use descriptive() instead.

extreme_values	<i>Extreme values from a numeric vector</i>
----------------	---

Description

Returns the nth lowest and highest values from a vector

Usage

```
extreme_values(x, n = 5, id = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	A vector
n	Number of extreme values to return
id	ID column to reference the found extreme values

Value

A matrix with the lowest and highest values from a vector

fix.dates	<i>Fix dates</i>
-----------	------------------

Description

Fixes dates

Usage

```
fix.dates(x, max.NA = 0.8, min.obs = nrow(x) * 0.05, locale = "C",  
info = TRUE, use.probs = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
max.NA	Maximum allowed proportion of NA values created by coercion
min.obs	Minimum number of non-NA observations allowed per variable
locale	Locale to be used for month names
info	Add generated missing values an excluded variable information as attributes
use.probs	Solve ambiguities by similarity to the most frequent formats

Examples

```
mydata<-data.frame(Dates1=c("25/06/1983", "25-08/2014", "2001/11/01", "2008-10-01"),
                  Dates2=c("01/01/85", "04/04/1982", "07/12-2016", NA),
                  Numeric1=rnorm(4))
fix.dates(mydata)
```

fix.factors	<i>Fix factors imported as numerics</i>
-------------	---

Description

Fixes factors imported as numerics

Usage

```
fix.factors(x, k = 5, drop = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
k	Maximum number of numeric values to be converted to factor
drop	Drop similar levels?

Examples

```
report(mtcars)
report(fix.factors(mtcars))
```

fix.levels	<i>Fix levels</i>
------------	-------------------

Description

Fixes levels of a factor

Usage

```
fix.levels(x, levels = NULL, plot = FALSE, k = ifelse(!is.null(levels),
length(levels), 2))
```

Arguments

x	A factor vector
levels	Optional vector with the levels names
plot	Optional: Plot cluster dendrogram?
k	Number of levels for clustering

Examples

```
factor1<-factor(c("Control", "Treatment", "Tretament", "Tratment", "treatment",
"teatment", "contr1", "cntrol", "CONTol", "not available", "na"))
fix.levels(factor1, k=4, plot=TRUE) #Chose k to select matching levels
fix.levels(factor1, levels=c("Control", "Treatment"), k=4)
```

fix.numerics	<i>Fix numeric data</i>
--------------	-------------------------

Description

Fixes numeric data

Usage

```
fix.numerics(x, k = 8, max.NA = 0.2, info = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
k	Minimum number of different values to be considered numerical
max.NA	Maximum allowed proportion of NA values created by coercion
info	Add generated missing values an excluded variable information as attributes

Examples

```
mydata<-data.frame(Numeric1=c(7.8, 9.2, 5.4, 3.3, "6,8", "3..3"),
Numeric2=c(3.1, 1.2, "3.s4", "a48,s5", 7, "6,,4"))
report(mydata)
report(fix.numerics(mydata, k=5))
```

fxd	<i>Internal function to fix.dates</i>
-----	---------------------------------------

Description

Function to format dates

Usage

```
fxd(d, locale = "C", use.probs = TRUE)
```

Arguments

d	A character vector
locale	Locale to be used for month names
use.probs	Solve ambiguities by similarity to the most frequent formats

GK_assoc	<i>Computes Goodman and Kruskal's tau</i>
----------	---

Description

Returns Goodman and Kruskal's tau measure of association between two categorical variables

Usage

```
GK_assoc(x, y)
```

Arguments

x	A categorical variable
y	A categorical variable

Value

Goodman and Kruskal's tau

Examples

```
data(infert)
GK_assoc(infert$education, infert$case)
GK_assoc(infert$case, infert$education) #Not the same
```

ipboxplot	<i>Improved boxplot</i>
-----------	-------------------------

Description

Creates an improved boxplot with individual data points

Usage

```
ipboxplot(formula, boxwex = 0.6, ...)
```

Arguments

formula	Formula for the boxplot
boxwex	Width of the boxes
...	further arguments passed to beeswarm()

Examples

```
ipboxplot(Sepal.Length ~ Species, data=iris)
ipboxplot(mpg ~ gear, data=mtcars)
```

`is.it`*is.it*

Description

Internal function for mine.plot

Usage

```
is.it(x)
```

Arguments

x logical expression

`kill.factors`*Kill factors*

Description

Changes factor variables to character

Usage

```
kill.factors(dat, k = 10)
```

Arguments

dat A data.frame

k Maximum number of levels for factors

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(Letters=letters[1:20], Nums=1:20)
d$Letters
d <- kill.factors(d)
d$Letters
```

kurtosis	<i>Computes kurtosis</i>
----------	--------------------------

Description

Calculates kurtosis of a numeric variable

Usage

```
kurtosis(x)
```

Arguments

x	A numeric variable
---	--------------------

Value

kurtosis value

make_csv_table	<i>Export a table to excel</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

Description

Exports a table to Excel

Usage

```
make_csv_table(x, file, info)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame object
file	Name of the file
info	Footer for the table

Value

Creates a .csv file with the table

make_latex_table	<i>Export a table to latex</i>
------------------	--------------------------------

Description

Exports a table to latex

Usage

```
make_latex_table(x, file)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame object
file	Name of the file

Value

Creates a .txt file with latex code for the table

make_table	<i>Make a table from report</i>
------------	---------------------------------

Description

Auxiliary function to create tables

Usage

```
make_table(x, file, type, font = "Arial", pointsize = 11,
  add.rownames = TRUE, info = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame object
file	Name of the file
type	Type of file
font	Font type
pointsize	Size of font
add.rownames	Should rownames be added to the output?
info	Footer for the table

Value

Creates a file with the table

make_word_table	<i>Export a table to word</i>
-----------------	-------------------------------

Description

Exports a table to Word

Usage

```
make_word_table(x, pointsize, font, file, add.rownames, info)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame object
pointsize	Font size
font	Font type
file	Name of the file
add.rownames	Should rownames be added to the output?
info	Footer for the table

Value

Creates a word with the table

matrixPaste	<i>Auxiliary matrix paste function</i>
-------------	--

Description

Internal function for report.table

Usage

```
matrixPaste(..., sep = rep(" ", length(list(...)) - 1))
```

Arguments

...	Matrices to paste
sep	Separator for the paste function

may.numeric	<i>Checks if each value might be numeric</i>
-------------	--

Description

Checks if each value from a vector might be numeric

Usage

```
may.numeric(x)
```

Arguments

x	A vector
---	----------

Value

A logical vector

mine.plot	<i>Mine plot</i>
-----------	------------------

Description

Creates a heatmap-like plot for exploring the data

Usage

```
mine.plot(x, what = "is.na(x)", spacing = 5, sort = F, list = FALSE,
  show.x = TRUE, show.y = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
what	A logical expression that will be depicted in the plot
spacing	Numerical separation between lines at the y-axis
sort	If TRUE, variables are sorted according to their results
list	If TRUE, creates a vector with the results
show.x	Should the x-axis be plotted?
show.y	Should the y-axis be plotted?
...	further arguments passed to order()

Examples

```
mine.plot(airquality) #Displays missing data
mine.plot(airquality, what="x>mean(x)+2*sd(x) | x<mean(x)-2*sd(x)") #Shows extreme values
```

moda	<i>Get mode</i>
------	-----------------

Description

Returns the most repeated value

Usage

moda(x)

Arguments

x A categorical variable

Value

The mode

moda_cont	<i>Estimates number of modes</i>
-----------	----------------------------------

Description

Estimates the number of modes

Usage

moda_cont(x)

Arguments

x A numeric variable

Value

Estimated number of modes. If unclear, marked with an '*'

mtapply	<i>Multiple tapply</i>
---------	------------------------

Description

Modification of the tapply function to use with data.frames

Usage

```
mtapply(x, group, fun)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
group	Grouping variable
fun	Function to apply by group

Examples

```
mtapply(mtcars, mtcars$gear, mean)
```

nearest	<i>Internal function for descriptive()</i>
---------	--

Description

Finds positions for substitution of characters in Distribution column

Usage

```
nearest(x, to = seq(0, 1, length.out = 30))
```

Arguments

x	A numeric value between 0-1
to	Range of reference values

Value

The nearest position to the input value

`nice_names`*Nice names*

Description

Changes names of a data frame to ease work with them

Usage

```
nice_names(dat)
```

Arguments

`dat` A data.frame

Examples

```
d <- data.frame('Variable 1'=NA, '% Response'=NA, ' Variable    3'=NA,check.names=FALSE)
names(d)
names(nice_names(d))
```

`numeros`*Brute numeric coercion*

Description

If possible, coerces values from a vector to numeric

Usage

```
numeros(x)
```

Arguments

`x` A vector

Value

A numeric vector

peek	<i>Peek</i>
------	-------------

Description

Takes a peek into a data.frame returning a concise visualization about it

Usage

```
peek(x, n = 10, which = 1:ncol(x))
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame
n	Number of rows to include in output
which	Columns to include in output

Examples

```
peek(iris)
```

plot.reportmodel	<i>Coeffplot for reportmodel objects</i>
------------------	--

Description

Creates a coefplot from the reportmodel object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'reportmodel'
plot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A reportmodel object
...	Further arguments passed to coefplot

Examples

```
lm1 <- lm(Petal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Species, data=iris)
a<-report(lm1)
par(mar=c(4, 10, 3, 2))
plot(a) #Coefplot calling plot.reportmodel
```

prop_max	<i>Gets proportion of most repeated value</i>
----------	---

Description

Returns the proportion for the most repeated value

Usage

```
prop_max(x, ignore.na = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A categorical variable
ignore.na	Should NA values be ignored for computing proportions?

Value

A proportion

prop_min	<i>Gets proportion of least repeated value</i>
----------	--

Description

Returns the proportion for the least repeated value

Usage

```
prop_min(x, ignore.na = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A categorical variable
ignore.na	Should NA values be ignored for computing proportions?

Value

A proportion

report	<i>Generic function for reporting of models</i>
--------	---

Description

Generic function for reporting of models

Usage

```
report(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A model object
...	further arguments passed to <code>make_table</code>

Value

A data frame with the report table

Examples

```
report(iris) #Report of descriptive statistics
lm1 <- lm(Petal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Species, data=iris)
report(lm1) #Report of model
```

report.betareg	<i>Report from beta regression model</i>
----------------	--

Description

Creates a report table from a beta regression model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'betareg'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A betareg model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.brmsfit	<i>Report models from brms package</i>
----------------	--

Description

Creates a report table from model fitted by brms

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'brmsfit'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows", "Arial",
                    "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A brms model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.clm	<i>Report from ordinal model</i>
------------	----------------------------------

Description

Creates a report table from an ordinal model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clm'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An ordinal model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.clmm	<i>Report from ordinal mixed model</i>
-------------	--

Description

Creates a report table from an ordinal mixed model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'clmm'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An ordinal model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.coxph	<i>Report from cox regression model</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a report table from a cox model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'coxph'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A cox model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.data.frame	<i>Report tables of summary data</i>
-------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Creates a report table ready for publication

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
report(x, by = NULL, file = NULL, type = "word",
       digits = 2, digitscat = digits, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] ==
       "Windows", "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11,
       add.rownames = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A data.frame object
by	Grouping variable for the report
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimal places
digitscat	Number of decimal places for categorical variables (if different to digits)
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
add.rownames	Logical for adding rownames to the table
...	further arguments passed to make_table()

Examples

```
report(iris)
(reporTable<-report(iris, by="Species"))
class(reporTable)
```

report.default	<i>Default function for report</i>
----------------	------------------------------------

Description

This is a default function for calling summary(x) on non-implemented classes

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:  
report(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Any object without specific report function
...	further arguments passed to summary

Value

A summary of the object

report.factor	<i>Report from categorical variable</i>
---------------	---

Description

Creates a report table

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'factor'  
report(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A categorical variable
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.glm	<i>Report from generalized linear model</i>
------------	---

Description

Creates a report table from a generalized linear model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glm'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A generalized linear model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.glmMod	<i>Report from generalized linear mixed model</i>
---------------	---

Description

Creates a report table from a generalized linear mixed model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glmerMod'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A generalized linear mixed model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.glmmb	<i>Report from generalized linear mixed model from ADMB</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a report table from a glmmb model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glmmb'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A generalized linear mixed model object (glmmb)
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.glmnet	<i>Report models from glmnet package</i>
---------------	--

Description

Creates a report table from models fitted by glmnet

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glmnet'
report(x, s, drop.zero = TRUE, file = NULL,
       type = "word", digits = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] ==
        "Windows", "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A glmnet model object
s	Value of lambda for estimating the coefficients
drop.zero	Should zero coefficients be dropped?
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.lm	<i>Report from linear model</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

Creates a report table from a linear model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lm'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
        "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A linear model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.lmerMod	<i>Report from linear mixed model</i>
----------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Creates a report table from a linear mixed model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lmerMod'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A linear mixed model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.lqmm	<i>Report from quantile mixed model</i>
-------------	---

Description

Creates a report table from a quantile mixed model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'lqmm'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A quantile model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.merModLmerTest	<i>Report from linear mixed model with pvalues</i>
-----------------------	--

Description

Creates a report table from a linear mixed model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'merModLmerTest'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A linear mixed model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.numeric	<i>Report from numeric variable</i>
----------------	-------------------------------------

Description

Creates a report table

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'numeric'
report(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A numeric variable
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.rlm	<i>Report from robust linear model (rlm)</i>
------------	--

Description

Creates a report table from a robust linear model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'rlm'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A rlm object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

report.rq	<i>Report from quantile regression model</i>
-----------	--

Description

Creates a report table from a quantile regression model

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'rq'
report(x, file = NULL, type = "word", digits = 3,
       digitspvals = 3, font = ifelse(Sys.info()["sysname"] == "Windows",
       "Arial", "Helvetica")[[1]], pointsize = 11, info = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A quantreg model object
file	Name of the file to export the table
type	Format of the file
digits	Number of decimals
digitspvals	Number of decimals for p-values
font	Font to use if type="word"
pointsize	Pointsize to use if type="word"
info	If TRUE, include call in the exported table
...	Further arguments passed to make_table

Value

A data frame with the report table

rob.ci	<i>Function to compute bootstrap confidence intervals for robust linear regression models</i>
--------	---

Description

Estimates confidence intervals for rlm models

Usage

```
rob.ci(x, level = 0.95, maxit = 200, R = 2000)
```

Arguments

x	A rlm object
level	Confidence level for the interval
maxit	Maximum number of iterations per fit
R	Number of bootstrap samples

Value

A matrix with bootstrap confidence intervals for each variable in the model

rob.pvals	<i>Function to compute p-values for robust linear regression models</i>
-----------	---

Description

Estimates p-values for rlm models

Usage

```
rob.pvals(x)
```

Arguments

x A rlm object

Value

A vector of p-values

scale_01	<i>Scales data between 0 and 1</i>
----------	------------------------------------

Description

Scale data to 0-1

Usage

```
scale_01(x)
```

Arguments

x A numeric variable

Value

Scaled data

skewness *Computes skewness*

Description

Calculates skewness of a numeric variable

Usage

skewness(x)

Arguments

x A numeric variable

Value

skewness value

ttrue *True TRUE*

Description

Makes possible logical comparisons against NULL values

Usage

ttrue(x)

Arguments

x A logical vector

Value

A logical vector

VarCorr	<i>Generic VarCorr function</i>
---------	---------------------------------

Description

Extract Variance-Covariance Matrix

Usage

```
VarCorr(x, sigma = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A model object
sigma	Optional value used as a multiplier for the standard deviations
...	Further arguments passed to VarrCorr methods

Value

A Variance-Covariance Matrix

Index

antimoda, 3

check_quality, 3
cluster_var, 4
coefplot, 5

descriptive, 6
descriptivo, 6

extreme_values, 7

fix.dates, 7
fix.factors, 8
fix.levels, 8
fix.numerics, 9
fxd, 9

GK_assoc, 10

ipboxplot, 10
is.it, 11

kill.factors, 11
kurtosis, 12

make_csv_table, 12
make_latex_table, 13
make_table, 13
make_word_table, 14
matrixPaste, 14
may.numeric, 15
mine.plot, 15
moda, 16
moda_cont, 16
mtapply, 17

nearest, 17
nice_names, 18
numeros, 18

peek, 19

plot.reportmodel, 19
prop_max, 20
prop_min, 20

report, 21
report.betareg, 21
report.brmsfit, 22
report.clm, 23
report.clmm, 23
report.coxph, 24
report.data.frame, 25
report.default, 26
report.factor, 26
report.glm, 27
report.glmMod, 27
report.glmMadmb, 28
report.glmnet, 29
report.lm, 29
report.lmerMod, 30
report.lqmm, 31
report.merModLmerTest, 31
report.numeric, 32
report.rlm, 33
report.rq, 33
rob.ci, 34
rob.pvals, 35

scale_01, 35
skewness, 36

ttrue, 36

VarCorr, 37