

Package ‘anfis’

February 19, 2015

Type Package

Title Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System in R

Version 0.99.1

Date 2015-01-16

Author Cristobal Fresno, Andrea S. Llera and Elmer A. Fernandez

Maintainer Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>

Description The package implements ANFIS Type 3 Takagi and Sugeno's fuzzy if-then rule network with the following features: (1) Independent number of membership functions(MF) for each input, and also different MF extensible types. (2) Type 3 Takagi and Sugeno's fuzzy if-then rule (3) Full Rule combinations, e.g. 2 inputs 2 membership funtions -> 4 fuzzy rules (4) Hibrid learning, i.e. Descent Gradient for precedents and Least Squares Estimation for consequents (5) Multiple outputs.

URL <http://www.bdmg.com.ar>

License GPL (>= 2)

Depends R (>= 3.0), methods, parallel

Collate 'MembershipFunction.R' 'MembershipFunction-show.R' 'BellMF.R'
'GaussianMF.R' 'NormalizedGaussianMF.R'
'MembershipFunction-evaluateMF.R' 'Anfis.R'
'Anfis-initialize.R' 'Anfis-getters.R' 'Anfis-printshow.R'
'Anfis-metrics.R' 'Anfis-package.R' 'Anfis-plotMF.R'
'Anfis-plot.R' 'Anfis-predict.R' 'Anfis-training.R'
'Anfis-trainSet.R' 'Anfis3-example.R'
'MembershipFunction-derivateMF.R' 'MembershipFunction-getset.R'
'MembershipFunction-print.R'

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2015-01-16 16:22:46

R topics documented:

Anfis-package	2
ANFIS-class	3
anfis3	6
BellMF-class	7
derivateMF	8
evaluateMF	11
extract-methods	13
fitted	14
GaussianMF-class	15
getRules	17
initialize	18
LSE	19
MembershipFunction-class	21
NormalizedGaussianMF-class	22
plot	23
plotMF	24
predict	26
print	27
print,MembershipFunction-method	28
show,MembershipFunction-method	29
trainSet	30
Index	32

Anfis-package

Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System in R

Description

The package implements ANFIS Type 3 Takagi and Sugeno's fuzzy if-then rule network. This package includes the new following features:

- Membership Functions (MF) flexible framework:
 - Flexible user-defined membership functions(MF) extensible class.
 - Independent number of (MF) for each input.
 - Different MF types, if required, for each input.
- Type 3 Takagi and Sugeno's fuzzy if-then rule
- Full Rule combinations, e.g. 2 inputs 2 membership functions this means that 4 fuzzy rules will be created.
- Different learning strategies:
 - trainHybridJangOffLine** Hybrid learning, i.e. Descent Gradient for precedents and Least Squares Estimation for consequents.
 - trainHybridJangOnLine** on-line version with hybrid learning.
 - trainHybridOffLine** Adaptive learning coefficient and momentum term.
- Multiple outputs support, i.e., the same input partition can be used to predict more than one output variable.

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

References

1. Jang, J. S. (1993). ANFIS: adaptive-network-based fuzzy inference system. *Systems, Man and Cybernetics, IEEE Transactions on*, 23(3), 665-685.

ANFIS-class

ANFIS S4 class implementation in R

Description

Represent a concrete S4 class that represents an Adaptive Neuro Fuzzy Inference System in R, using type 3 Takagi and Sugeno's fuzzy if-then rule with multiple outputs.

Slots

`premises` list with the MembershipFunctions for each input.

`consequents` numeric matrix with `nrow= #rules`, `ncol= #outputs`.

`rules` matrix with the connectivity of the membership functions to the rules.

`X` input matrix with `ncol=#inputs` and `nrow=#individuals`.

`Y` output matrix with `ncol=#output` and `nrow=#individuals`.

`errors` numeric vector with training errors.

`trainingType` character describing the training algorithm used: `trainHybridJangOffLine`, `trainHybridOffLine` or `trainHybridJangOnLine`.

`fitted.values` numeric matrix with predicted values for training data X.

`residuals` numeric matrix with residuals values for training data X.

`call` call class object with training call.

Features

1. Membership Functions (MF) flexible framework:
 - Flexible user-defined membership functions(MF) extensible class.
 - Independent number of (MF) for each input.
 - Different MF types, if required, for each input.
2. Type 3 Takagi and Sugeno's fuzzy if-then rule
3. Full Rule combinations, e.g. 2 inputs 2 membership functions this means that 4 fuzzy rules will be created.
4. Different learning strategies:
 - trainHybridJangOffLine** Hybrid learning, i.e. Descent Gradient for precedents and Least Squares Estimation for consequents.

trainHybridJangOnLine on-line version with hybrid learning.

trainHybridOffLine Adaptive learning coefficient and momentum term.

- Multiple outputs support, i.e., the same input partition can be used to predict more than one output variable.

Functions

ANFIS S4 class includes the following functions:

initialize constructor of ANFIS Architecture to generate the rule set and consequents

show/print generic output of the object

getRules, getPremises, getConsequents, getErrors, getTrainingType return the respective ANFIS slots

plotMF plot MembershipFunctions domain

plotMFs plot all the MembershipFunctions for the input domain

plot plot training error according with training Type

LSE auxiliary function for Least Square Estimation to avoid singular matrix system in off-line training

trainHybridJangOffLine Jang's Hybrid off-line training

trainHybridJangOnLine Jang's Hybrid on-line training

trainHybridOffLine Hybrid off-line training with momentum and adaptive learning rate

summary, fitted, fitted.values, coef, coefficients, resid, residuals wrappers for traditional model functions

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[BellMF-class](#), [GaussianMF-class](#) and [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

Examples

```

##Set 2 cores using global options for parallel library
require("parallel")
if(.Platform$OS.type == "windows"){
  options(mc.cores=1)
}else{
  options(mc.cores=2) ##You could use all calling detectCores()
}

##Example domain for bidimensional sinc(x,y) function
x <- seq(-10, 10, length= 11)
trainingSet <- trainSet(x,x)
Z <- matrix(trainingSet[, "z"], ncol=length(x), nrow=length(x))
persp(x,x,Z,theta = 45, phi = 15, expand = 0.8, col = "lightblue",
  ticktype="detailed",main="sinc(x)*sinc(y)")

##Training domain patterns
X <- trainingSet[,1:2]
Y <- trainingSet[,3,drop=FALSE]

##Defining the required MembershipFunctions for the ANFIS
membershipFunction<-list(
  x=c(new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=-10,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=-5,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=5,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=10,sigma=2))),
  y=c(new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=-10,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=-5,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=5,sigma=2)),
    new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=10,sigma=2))))

##Creating the ANFIS network with 2 inputs and 4 MembershipFunctions in
##each input
anfis3 <- new(Class="ANFIS",X,Y,membershipFunction)
anfis3

##Check for epsilon-completeness in each input
plotMFs(anfis3)

##Training the ANFIS network.
trainOutput <- trainHybridJangOffLine(anfis3, epochs=10)
##We will use instead an already trained object to reduce example time.
data(anfis3)

##How the training went. You can keep on training as the training error
##is still descending.
plot(anfis3)

##Test the fit, i. e., how the MembershipFunctions partition the input space
plotMFs(anfis3)

```

```

##Just to see if premises, consequents and errors were updated
getPremises(anfis3)[[input=1]][[mf=1]]
getConsequents(anfis3)[1:2,]
getErrors(anfis3) #Training errors
getTrainingType(anfis3)
names(coef(anfis3))
##An alternative to get premises and/or consequents ...
coef(anfis3)$premises[[input=1]][[mf=1]]
coef(anfis3)$consequents[1:2,]

##First five train pattern associated values for the training process
fitted(anfis3)[1:5,]
resid(anfis3)[1:5,]
summary(anfis3)

##Surface comparison between the original training set and the predicted
##ANFIS network
y <- predict(anfis3,X)
z <- matrix(y[,1],ncol=length(x),nrow=length(x))
par(mfrow=c(1,2))
persp(x,x,Z,theta = 45, phi = 15, expand = 0.8, col = "lightblue",
      ticktype="detailed",main="Goal")
persp(x,x,z,theta = 45, phi = 15, expand = 0.8, col = "lightblue",
      ticktype="detailed",main="Fitted training Patterns", zlim=c(min(Z),max(Z)))

```

anfis3

Anfis' trained example to use for demonstration

Description

The example consist in learning of a bidimensional sinc(x,y) function using a regular grid of 121 points in the domain [-10,10]x[-10,10] and five independent Normalized Gaussian Membership Function (MF) for each input (x and y). The training process used the Hybrid off-line Jang's strategy for 10 epochs.

Format

An ANFIS trained object for demonstration.

Details

Training Set

- dim(x)= 121x2, the grid points.
- dim(y)= 121x1, the sinc(x, y) output.

Architecture 2 (5x5) - 25 - 75 (75x1) - 1, i. e., 2 inputs with five MFs in each input, 25 rules and 75 consequents for the single output (75x1)

Last training error 0.01916307

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

Source

see [trainSet](#)

See Also

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

BellMF-class

Bell Membership Function S4 class

Description

Represent a concrete Bell shaped Membership Function S4 class with parameters a, b, c. Slots inherited of MembershipFunction class and related functions: [show](#), [print](#), [derivateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [\[](#) and [\[<-](#).

Slots

`parameters` named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function.
`nParameters` integer with the number of parameters for validity check.
`name` character The description of the membership function.
`expression` expression object just to display purposes.

Note

[derivateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#) are extended. [Prototype](#) is defined and validity is inherited.

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[GaussianMF-class](#) and [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[\]](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<-](#), [MembershipFunction-extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

Examples

```
#BellMF example I
#A bell membership function with default prototype (a=1, b=1,c=0)
#The membership of x in the bell, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be also 0
bell <- new(Class="BellMF")
bell
evaluateMF(object=bell, x=0)
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i="a")
#
#BellMF example II
#A bell membership function with parameters (a=4,b=1,c=-10)
#The membership of x in the bell, should be 0.137931
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0.05945303
#The derivate on "a" at x=0, should be 0.05945303
bell2 <- new(Class="BellMF",parameters=c(a=4,b=1,c=-10))
bell2
evaluateMF(object=bell2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i="a")
```

derivateMF

derivateMF *derivate membership function*

Description

Derivate de membership of x with respect to i of MembershipFunction object heirs.

Usage

```

derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'BellMF'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'GaussianMF'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

## S4 method for signature 'NormalizedGaussianMF'
derivateMF(object, x, i)

```

Arguments

object	MembershipFunction class heirs
x	numeric of the MembershipFunction to be evaluated
i	index of the ith parameter to partially derivate

Value

numeric with the value obtained from the ith derivative at x

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[MembershipFunction-class](#) and [evaluateMF](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[,MembershipFunction-method](#) [[<-](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

Examples

```

#BellMF example I
#A bell membership function with default prototype (a=1, b=1,c=0)
#The membership of x in the bell, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be also 0
bell <- new(Class="BellMF")
bell

```

```

evaluateMF(object=bell, x=0)
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i="a")
#
#BellMF example II
#A bell membership function with parameters (a=4,b=1,c=-10)
#The membership of x in the bell, should be 0.137931
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0.05945303
#The derivate on "a" at x=0, should be 0.05945303
bell2 <- new(Class="BellMF",parameters=c(a=4,b=1,c=-10))
bell2
evaluateMF(object=bell2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i="a")
#GaussianMF example I
#A Gaussian membership function with default prototype (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
gaussian <- new(Class="GaussianMF")
gaussian
evaluateMF(object=gaussian, x=0)
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i="mu")
#
#GaussianMF example II
#A Gaussian membership function with parameters (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The membership of x in the Gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
gaussian2 <- new(Class="GaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))
gaussian2
evaluateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i="mu")
#NormalizedGaussianMF example I
#A normalized Gaussian membership function with default parameters (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
normalizedGaussian <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF")
normalizedGaussian
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i="mu")
#
#NormalizedGaussianMF example II
#A normalized Gaussian membership function with parameters (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
normalizedGaussian2 <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",
  parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))

```

```

normalizedGaussian2
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i="mu")

```

evaluateMF	evaluateMF <i>evaluate membership</i>
------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Evaluate de membership of x to the object MembershipFunction heirs.

Usage

```

evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'BellMF'
evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'GaussianMF'
evaluateMF(object, x)

## S4 method for signature 'NormalizedGaussianMF'
evaluateMF(object, x)

```

Arguments

object	MembershipFunction class heirs
x	numeric of the MembershipFunction to be evaluated

Value

0 <= numeric <=1 with the obtained membership value

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[MembershipFunction-class](#) and [derivateMF](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[,MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<- ,MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

Examples

```
#BellMF example I
#A bell membership function with default prototype (a=1, b=1,c=0)
#The membership of x in the bell, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be also 0
bell <- new(Class="BellMF")
bell
evaluateMF(object=bell, x=0)
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=bell, x=0, i="a")
#
#BellMF example II
#A bell membership function with parameters (a=4,b=1,c=-10)
#The membership of x in the bell, should be 0.137931
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0.05945303
#The derivate on "a" at x=0, should be 0.05945303
bell2 <- new(Class="BellMF",parameters=c(a=4,b=1,c=-10))
bell2
evaluateMF(object=bell2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=bell2, x=0, i="a")
#GaussianMF example I
#A Gaussian membership function with default prototype (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The membership of x in the Gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
gaussian <- new(Class="GaussianMF")
gaussian
evaluateMF(object=gaussian, x=0)
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i="mu")
#
#GaussianMF example II
#A Gaussian membership function with paramateres (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The membership of x in the gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
gaussian2 <- new(Class="GaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))
gaussian2
evaluateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0)
```

```

derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i="mu")
#NormalizedGaussianMF example I
#A normalized Gaussian membership function with default paramateres (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
normalizedGaussian <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF")
normalizedGaussian
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i="mu")
#
#NormalizedGaussianMF example II
#A normalized Gaussian membership function with paramateres (mu=0, sigma=1)
#' #The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
normalizedGaussian2 <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",
  parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))
normalizedGaussian2
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i="mu")

```

extract-methods

Modify membership function parameters

Description

Get/set membership function parameters.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
x[i]
```

```
## S4 replacement method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
x[i] <- value
```

Arguments

x	MembershipFunction class heirs
i	numeric or character to access parameters vector [i]
value	numeric parameter/s values

Value

numeric	parameter/s in the case of object[i]
object	MembershipFunction object in the case of object[i]<- value

See Also

[MembershipFunction-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

fitted

ANFIS training results

Description

Obtain ANFIS slot information, according to training output

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
fitted(object, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
fitted.values(object, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
coef(object, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
coefficients(object, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
resid(object, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
residuals(object, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	ANFIS class object
...	required by resid, residuals, coef and coefficients

Value

according to the call one of the following objects can be returned

list	list with premises and consequents.
numeric	numeric vector with training errors, fitted training values and residuals.
printed	statistics of the training process.

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

GaussianMF-class

GaussianMF Membership Function S4 class

Description

Represent a concrete GaussianMF shaped Membership Function S4 class with parameters mu, sigma. Slots inherited of MembershipFunction class and related functions: show, print, derivateMF, evaluateMF, [and [<-.

Slots

parameters numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function.
 nParameters integer with the number of parameters for validity check.
 name character The description of the membership function.
 expression expression object just to display purposes.

Note

derivateMF, evaluateMF are extended. Prototype is defined and validity is inherited.

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[BellMF-class](#) and [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<-](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

Examples

```
#GaussianMF example I
#A Gaussian membership function with default prototype (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The membership of x in the Gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
gaussian <- new(Class="GaussianMF")
gaussian
evaluateMF(object=gaussian, x=0)
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=gaussian, x=0, i="mu")
#
#GaussianMF example II
#A Gaussian membership function with parameters (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The membership of x in the Gaussian, should be 1/sqrt(2*pi) = 0.3989423
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
gaussian2 <- new(Class="GaussianMF",parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))
gaussian2
evaluateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=gaussian2, x=0, i="mu")
```

getRules	<i>Getters for ANFIS object</i>
----------	---------------------------------

Description

Obtain ANFIS's slot information, according to the given function call.

Usage

```

getRules(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
getRules(object)

getPremises(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
getPremises(object)

getConsequents(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
getConsequents(object)

getErrors(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
getErrors(object)

getTrainingType(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
getTrainingType(object)

```

Arguments

object	ANFIS class object
--------	--------------------

Value

according to the call one of the following objects can be returned

matrix	numeric matrix with rules or consequents
list	list with MembershipFunctions or premises and consequents
character	name of the trainingType
numeric	numeric vector with trainnig errors, fitted training values and residuals

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

initialize

initialize *ANFIS object constructor*

Description

Create the ANFIS object architecture for the trainingSet (X,Y) with full rules.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
initialize(.Object, X, Y, membershipFunction)
```

Arguments

.Object	ANFIS class
X	input matrix with ncol=#inputs and nrow=#individuals
Y	output matrix with ncol=#output and nrow=#individuals
membershipFunction	list with the MembershipFunction for each input

Value

ANFIS object

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[ANFIS-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

LSE

Train ANFIS network

Description

ANFIS on-line or off-line hybrid Jang dynamic learning training process. In addition for off-line learning there is also adaptive learning coefficient and momentum term.

Usage

```
LSE(object, A, B, initialGamma = 1000)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
LSE(object, A, B, initialGamma = 1000)

trainHybridJangOffLine(object, epochs = 5, tolerance = 1e-05,
  initialGamma = 1000, k = 0.01)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
trainHybridJangOffLine(object, epochs = 5,
  tolerance = 1e-05, initialGamma = 1000, k = 0.01)
```

```

trainHybridOffLine(object, epochs = 5, tolerance = 1e-05,
  initialGamma = 1000, eta = 0.05, phi = 0.2, a = 0.01, b = 0.1,
  delta_alpha_t_1 = list())

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
trainHybridOffLine(object, epochs = 5, tolerance = 1e-05,
  initialGamma = 1000, eta = 0.05, phi = 0.2, a = 0.01, b = 0.1,
  delta_alpha_t_1 = list())

trainHybridJangOnLine(object, epochs = 5, tolerance = 1e-15,
  initialGamma = 1000, k = 0.01, lamda = 0.9, S = matrix(nrow = 0, ncol
  = 0))

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
trainHybridJangOnLine(object, epochs = 5,
  tolerance = 1e-15, initialGamma = 1000, k = 0.01, lamda = 0.9,
  S = matrix(nrow = 0, ncol = 0))

```

Arguments

object	ANFIS' class object.
A	internal matrix for Iterative Least Squares Estimation of $AX=B$.
B	internal matrix for Iterative Least Squares Estimation of $AX=B$.
initialGamma	numeric large number $\gg 0$. Default 1000.
epochs	the max number of training epochs. Default 5.
tolerance	convergence error to stop training. Default $1e-5$.
k	numeric with the initial step size for learning rule. Default 0.01.
eta	numeric learning rule coefficient. Default 0.05.
phi	numeric momentum rule coefficient. Default 0.2.
a	numeric step to increase eta if delta_e is < 0 , i.e. descending. Default value 0.01.
b	numeric fraction to decrease eta if delta_e is > 0 , i.e. ascending. Default value is 0.1.
delta_alpha_t_1	list with numeric matrix with last time step. Default list().
lamda	$0 < \text{numeric} < 1$ forgetting factor. Default 0.9.
S	covariance matrix for on-line LSE. Default $\text{matrix}(\text{nrow}=0, \text{ncol}=0)$.

Value

matrix	with the system solution for LSE output.
error	numeric vector with training associated errors (pattern or epoch) according to trainingType.
convergence	TRUE/FALSE if it reached convergence or not.
updated	trainingType, premises, consequents, error, residuals, fitted.values and coefficient.

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[ANFIS-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

MembershipFunction-class

MembershipFunction S4 class

Description

Represent a generic virtual S4 MembershipFunction class, for fuzzy further redefinition. The actual subclasses available are GaussianMF, NormalizedGaussianMF and BellMF.

Slots

`parameters` named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function.

`nParameters` integer with the number of parameters for validity check.

`name` character The description of the membership function.

`expression` expression object just to display purposes.

Functions

MembershipFunction S4 class includes the following functions:

show/print generic output of the object.

`"["`, `"[<-"` getter and setter of the parameters values.

evaluateMF return membership value at x.

derivateMF return the derivate membership at x.

Note

validity: nParameters == length(parameters) and parameters != NA and names(parameters)!="".

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[BellMF-class](#), [GaussianMF-class](#) or [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[,MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<- ,MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

NormalizedGaussianMF-class

NormalizedGaussianMF Membership Function S4 class

Description

Represent a concrete NormalizedGaussianMF shaped [0,1] Membership Function S4 class with parameters mu, sigma. Slots inherited of MembershipFunction class and related functions: show, print, derivateMF, evaluateMF, [and [<-.

Slots

parameters named numeric vector with parameters of Membership Function.

nParameters integer with the number of parameters for validity check.

name character The description of the membership function.

expression expression object just to display purposes.

Note

derivateMF, evaluateMF are extended. Prototype is defined and validity is inherited.

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[BellMF-class](#) and [GaussianMF-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [\[\]](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<-](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

Examples

```
#NormalizedGaussianMF example I
#A normalized Gaussian membership function with default paramateres (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
normalizedGaussian <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF")
normalizedGaussian
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian, x=0, i="mu")
#
#NormalizedGaussianMF example II
#A normalized Gaussian membership function with parameters (mu=0, sigma=1)
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 1
#The derivate of the first parameter at x, should be 0
#The derivate on "mu" parameter at x, should be 0
normalizedGaussian2 <- new(Class="NormalizedGaussianMF",
  parameters=c(mu=0,sigma=1))
normalizedGaussian2
evaluateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i=1)
derivateMF(object=normalizedGaussian2, x=0, i="mu")
```

plot

Plot ANFIS training errors

Description

Plot the training error of the network. If trainingType is "on-line" then full pattern errors along the patterns of the whole training process; for a specific epoch or the epoch summary error.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
plot(x, y, epoch = Inf, ...)
```

Arguments

x	ANFIS class object.
y	not used but necessary for redefining the generic function.
epoch	for on-line only: epoch == Inf the whole training error; epoch == integer > 0 the give epoch trainings errors, epoch == 0 the abs epoch training sum of errors.
...	plot additional parameters.

Value

output graphics.

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[ANFIS-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

plotMF

PlotMF/s ANFIS' MembershipFunction domain/s

Description

Plot the corresponding MembershipFunctions for each/all input/s domain.

Usage

```
plotMF(object, x, input, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
plotMF(object, x, input, ...)

plotMFs(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
plotMFs(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	ANFIS class object.
x	numeric sequence to evaluate each MembershipFunction.
input	integer with the input MembershipFunctions to plot.
...	plot additional parameters.

Value

output graphics

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[ANFIS-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

predict	Predict <i>ANFIS</i> ' network output
---------	---------------------------------------

Description

Forward Pass to predict the ANFIS' output

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
predict(object, x)
```

Arguments

object	ANFIS class object.
x	numeric matrix [patterns x inputs] of input patterns.

Value

matrix with the output values

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[ANFIS-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

print	Print and Show an ANFIS object
-------	--------------------------------

Description

Generic Print/Show Method for ANFIS class output visualization.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
print(x, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'ANFIS'
show(object)
```

Arguments

x	ANFIS class object
...	not used but included for generic print compatibility
object	ANFIS class object

Value

console output of the object

Note

see full example in [ANFIS-class](#)

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[ANFIS-class](#)

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#),

[getTrainingType,ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType,ANFIS-method](#); [initialize,initialize,ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF,plotMF,plotMF,ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs,ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot,plot,ANFIS-method](#); [predict,predict,ANFIS-method](#); [trainSet](#)

`print,MembershipFunction-method`

Print a MembershipFunction object

Description

Generic Print Method for MembershipFunction class and descendants. Usage: `print(x, ...)`

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	MembershipFunction class object
<code>...</code>	not used but included for generic print compatibility

Value

console output of the object

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[MembershipFunction-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[,MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<- ,MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [show](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

show,MembershipFunction-method
Show a *MembershipFunction* object

Description

Generic display method for MembershipFunction class and its descendants. Usage: show(object)

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'MembershipFunction'  
show(object)
```

Arguments

object MembershipFunction class object

Value

console output of the object

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

[MembershipFunction-class](#)

Other Membership Functions: [BellMF](#), [BellMF-class](#); [GaussianMF](#), [GaussianMF-class](#); [MembershipFunction](#), [MembershipFunction-class](#); [NormalizedGaussianMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-class](#); [\[,MembershipFunction-method](#), [\[<- ,MembershipFunction-method](#), [extract-methods](#), [extract-methods](#); [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [derivateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [derivateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [derivateMF-methods](#); [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [evaluateMF](#), [BellMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [GaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#), [evaluateMF](#), [NormalizedGaussianMF-method](#), [evaluateMF-methods](#); [print](#), [MembershipFunction-method](#)

trainSet	<i>Bidimensional Sinc train set example</i>
----------	---

Description

Generates the training set of $\text{sinc}(x) \cdot \text{sinc}(y)$ for the (x,y) regular grid

Usage

```
trainSet(x, y)
```

Arguments

x	numeric vector with the x-th grid coordinates
y	numeric vector with the x-th grid coordinates

Value

matrix	numeric matrix with the columns x, y and $z = \text{sinc}(x,y)$
--------	---

Author(s)

Cristobal Fresno <cfresno@bdmg.com.ar>, Andrea S. Llera <ALLera@leloir.org.ar> and Elmer A. Fernandez <efernandez@bdmg.com.ar>

See Also

Other ANFIS: [ANFIS-class](#); [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [LSE](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [LSE-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOffLine-methods](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridJangOnLine-methods](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [trainHybridOffLine](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [trainHybridOffLine-methods](#); [anfis3](#); [coef](#), [coef](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [coefficients](#), [coefficients](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted](#), [fitted](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [fitted.values](#), [fitted.values](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [resid](#), [resid](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [residuals](#), [residuals](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [summary](#), [summary](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getConsequents](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getErrors](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [getPremises](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getPremises-methods](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [getRules](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getRules-methods](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [getTrainingType](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [initialize](#), [initialize](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [plotMF](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMF-methods](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [plotMFs](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [plotMFs-methods](#); [plot](#), [plot](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [predict](#), [predict](#), [ANFIS-method](#); [print](#), [print](#), [ANFIS-method](#), [show](#), [show](#), [ANFIS-method](#)

Examples

```
##Domain definition for a regular (x,y) grid with 11 points for each
##coordinates
x <- seq(-10, 10, length= 11)
trainingSet <- trainSet(x,x)
```

```
Z <- matrix(trainingSet[,"z"],ncol=length(x),nrow=length(x))

##Plot the domain
persp(x, x, Z, theta=45, phi=15, expand=0.8, col="lightblue",
      ticktype="detailed", main="sinc(x)*sinc(y)")
```

Index

- *Topic **ANFIS**
 - Anfis-package, 2
- *Topic **fuzzy**
 - Anfis-package, 2
- *Topic **membership**
 - Anfis-package, 2
- [, MembershipFunction-method
 - (extract-methods), 13
- [<- , MembershipFunction-method
 - (extract-methods), 13

- ANFIS-class, 3
- Anfis-package, 2
- anfis3, 4, 6, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30

- BellMF, 9, 12, 14, 16, 22, 23, 28, 29
- BellMF (BellMF-class), 7
- BellMF-class, 7

- coef, 4, 7, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- coef (fitted), 14
- coef, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14
- coefficients, 4, 7, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- coefficients (fitted), 14
- coefficients, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14

- derivateMF, 8, 8, 12, 14, 16, 22, 23, 28, 29
- derivateMF, BellMF-method (derivateMF), 8
- derivateMF, GaussianMF-method
 - (derivateMF), 8
- derivateMF, MembershipFunction-method
 - (derivateMF), 8
- derivateMF, NormalizedGaussianMF-method
 - (derivateMF), 8
- derivateMF-methods (derivateMF), 8

- evaluateMF, 8, 9, 11, 14, 16, 22, 23, 28, 29
- evaluateMF, BellMF-method (evaluateMF), 11
- evaluateMF, GaussianMF-method
 - (evaluateMF), 11

- evaluateMF, MembershipFunction-method
 - (evaluateMF), 11
- evaluateMF, NormalizedGaussianMF-method
 - (evaluateMF), 11
- evaluateMF-methods (evaluateMF), 11
- extract-methods, 13

- fitted, 4, 7, 14, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- fitted, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14
- fitted.values, 4, 7, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- fitted.values (fitted), 14
- fitted.values, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14

- GaussianMF, 8, 9, 12, 14, 22, 23, 28, 29
- GaussianMF (GaussianMF-class), 15
- GaussianMF-class, 15
- getConsequents, 4, 7, 15, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- getConsequents (getRules), 17
- getConsequents, ANFIS-method (getRules), 17
- getErrors, 4, 7, 15, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- getErrors (getRules), 17
- getErrors, ANFIS-method (getRules), 17
- getPremises, 4, 7, 15, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- getPremises (getRules), 17
- getPremises, ANFIS-method (getRules), 17
- getPremises-methods (getRules), 17
- getRules, 4, 7, 15, 17, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- getRules, ANFIS-method (getRules), 17
- getRules-methods (getRules), 17
- getTrainingType, 4, 7, 15, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- getTrainingType (getRules), 17
- getTrainingType, ANFIS-method (getRules), 17

- initialize, 4, 7, 15, 18, 18, 21, 24–26, 28, 30
- initialize, ANFIS-method (initialize), 18

- LSE, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 19, 24–27, 30
- LSE, ANFIS-method (LSE), 19

- LSE-methods (LSE), 19
- MembershipFunction, 8, 9, 12, 14, 16, 23, 28, 29
- MembershipFunction
 - (MembershipFunction-class), 21
- MembershipFunction-class, 21
- NormalizedGaussianMF, 8, 9, 12, 14, 16, 22, 28, 29
- NormalizedGaussianMF
 - (NormalizedGaussianMF-class), 22
- NormalizedGaussianMF-class, 22

- plot, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 23, 25, 26, 28, 30
- plot, ANFIS-method (plot), 23
- plotMF, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24, 24, 26, 28, 30
- plotMF, ANFIS-method (plotMF), 24
- plotMF-methods (plotMF), 24
- plotMFs, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24, 26, 28, 30
- plotMFs (plotMF), 24
- plotMFs, ANFIS-method (plotMF), 24
- plotMFs-methods (plotMF), 24
- predict, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24, 25, 26, 28, 30
- predict, ANFIS-method (predict), 26
- print, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24–26, 27, 30
- print, ANFIS-method (print), 27
- print, MembershipFunction-method, 28

- resid, 4, 7, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- resid (fitted), 14
- resid, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14
- residuals, 4, 7, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- residuals (fitted), 14
- residuals, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14

- show, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24–26, 30
- show (print), 27
- show, ANFIS-method (print), 27
- show, MembershipFunction-method, 29
- summary, 4, 7, 18, 19, 21, 24–27, 30
- summary (fitted), 14
- summary, ANFIS-method (fitted), 14

- trainHybridJangOffLine, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 24–27, 30
- trainHybridJangOffLine (LSE), 19
- trainHybridJangOffLine, ANFIS-method (LSE), 19
- trainHybridJangOnLine-methods (LSE), 19
- trainHybridJangOnLine, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 24–27, 30
- trainHybridJangOnLine (LSE), 19
- trainHybridJangOnLine, ANFIS-method (LSE), 19
- trainHybridJangOnLine-methods (LSE), 19
- trainHybridOffLine, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 24–27, 30
- trainHybridOffLine (LSE), 19
- trainHybridOffLine, ANFIS-method (LSE), 19
- trainHybridOffLine-methods (LSE), 19
- trainSet, 4, 7, 15, 18, 19, 21, 24–26, 28, 30