

Package ‘yakmoR’

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Type Package

Title A Simple Wrapper for the k-Means Library Yakmo

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Author Aydin Demircioglu

Maintainer Aydin Demircioglu <aydin.demircioglu@ini.rub.de>

Description This is a simple wrapper for the yakmo K-

Means library (developed by Naoki Yoshinaga, see <http://www.tkl.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/~ynaga/yakmo/>). It performs fast and robust (orthogonal) K-Means.

Copyright Original GPL-2 C++ code by Naoki Yoshinaga (see
<http://www.tkl.iis.u-tokyo.ac.jp/~ynaga/yakmo/>)

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Imports Rcpp (>= 0.11.6), checkmate (>= 1.5.1), BBmisc (>= 1.9)

LinkingTo Rcpp

Suggests knitr, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation yes

Repository CRAN

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`orthoKMeansPredict` *orthogonal kmeans prediction function*

Description

orthogonal kmeans prediction function

Usage

```
orthoKMeansPredict(x, obj = NULL, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data to assign clusters
<code>obj</code>	an object returned by <code>orthoKMeansTrain</code>
<code>verbose</code>	show verbose messages?

Value

a matrix with as many columns as rounds trained

Examples

```
obj = yakmoR::orthoKMeansTrain (x = as.matrix(iris[seq(1,150,2),1:4]),
k = 3, rounds = 3)
predictions = yakmoR::orthoKMeansPredict (x = as.matrix(iris[seq(2, 150, 2),1:4]),
obj = obj)
```

`orthoKMeansPredictCpp` *K-Means prediction using yakmo library*

Description

K-Means prediction using yakmo library

Usage

```
orthoKMeansPredictCpp(x, centers, nf, k = 0L, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data matrix
<code>centers</code>	centers
<code>nf</code>	number of features
<code>k</code>	number of clusters
<code>verbose</code>	verbose output?

Value

a list consisting of cluster these are the labels for the resulting clustering, one column for each clustering

orthoKMeansTrain	<i>Orthogonal k-Means training.</i>
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Description

orthoKMeansTrain will cluster a given data set into the specified number of clusters. It can use either random initialization of the centroids or use KMeans++ for this. The K-Means training itself is accelerated by using techniques by Greg Hamerly. Orthoginality is implemented by using ideas from Cui et al 'Non-redundant multi-view clustering via orthogonalization'.

Usage

```
orthoKMeansTrain(x = NULL, k = NULL, rounds = 1, iter.max = 100,  
init.type = "KMeans++", verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	data to cluster
k	number of centroids
rounds	number of rounds/views for orthogonal kmeans
iter.max	number of maximal iterations for each clustering
init.type	string with method to initialize centroids
verbose	show verbose messages?

Value

an S3 object containing the cluster labels for the training set as well as all necessary information for prediction.

Examples

```
obj = yakmoR::orthoKMeansTrain (x = as.matrix(iris[seq(1,150,2),1:4]),  
k = 3, rounds = 3, verbose = TRUE)
```

`orthoKMeansTrainCpp` *K-Means using yakmo library*

Description

K-Means using yakmo library

Usage

```
orthoKMeansTrainCpp(x, rounds = 1L, k = 3L, iter = 100L, initType = 0L,
verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data matrix
<code>rounds</code>	number of rounds (orthogonal views)
<code>k</code>	number of clusters
<code>iter</code>	numer of iterations in one round
<code>initType</code>	centroid initialization via Random or KMeans++
<code>verbose</code>	verbose output?

Value

a list consisting of centers these are the resulting centroids of the kmean algorithm (as a std::vector of NumericMatrix) cluster these are the labels for the resulting clustering (as a std::vector of NumericVector) obj this is a vector with the final objective value for each round

yakmoR

yakmoR: A package for fast K-Means with multi-view clustering via orthogonalization.

Description

The yakmoR package is a wrapper for the yakmo library. It uses basic K-Means, and provides multi-view clustering via orthogonalization as well as an option to use KMeans++ initialization.

yakmoR functions

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