Package 'kstIO'

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Title Knowledge Space Theory Input/Output

Description Knowledge space theory by Doignon and Falmagne (1999) <doi:10.1007/978-3-642-58625-5> is a set- and order-theoretical framework which proposes mathematical formalisms to operationalize knowledge structures in a particular domain. The 'kstIO' package provides basic functionalities to read and write KST data from/to files to be used together with the 'kst', 'kstMatrix', 'pks' or 'DAKS' packages.

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Depends R (>= 3.3.0), pks (>= 0.4-0), MASS, stringr, sets

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kstIO-package kstIO *File formats*

Description

Knowledge space theory by Doignon and Falmagne (1985, 1999) is a set- and order-theoretical framework, which proposes mathematical formalisms to operationalize knowledge structures in a particular domain. The 'kstIO' package provides basic functionalities to read and write KST data from/to files.

Details

This page focuses on the different file formats that can be used with the kstIO functions.

File Formats

Over time and in different research groups with knowledge space theory, different file formats have evolved.

Matrix Format: The probably simplest and most direct approach is to store the information in a binary ASCII matrix where a "1" in row i and column j means that item j is element of state/response pattern i.

There is no separating character between the columns, and there should be no trailing whitespace at the end of the line. The last line of the matrix must carry an EndOfLine - in most editors (except vi) this means an empty line after the matrix.

KST Tools Format: This format (Hockemeyer, 2001) extends the matrix format by two preceding header lines containing the number of items and the number of states/response patterns, respectively.

SRBT Tools Format: This format (Pötzi \& Wesiak, 2001) extends the KST tools format by yet another preceding header line with format and content metadata. This new header line has the format

```
#SRBT v2.0 <struct> ASCII <comment>
```

where <struct> specifies the type of data stored in the file and <comment> is an optional arbitrary comment.

The following data types are supported by the respective kstIO functions:

- basis
- data
- space
- structure

For kbase files, the encoding information "ASCII" is missing because kbase files are always in ASCII format.

Base Files: Base files are available only in KST and SRBT tools format. Their matrix part differs from the other files in that it contains "0", "1", and "2". A "1" means that the state is minimal for the item and a "2" means that it is not (but contains the item). A "0" stands (as always) for the state not containing the item.

Example:

```
#SRBT v2.0 structure ASCII
3
5
000
100
110
101
111
```

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References

Doignon, J.-P. & Falmagne, J.-C. (1985). Spaces for the assessment of knowledge. *International Journal of Man-Machine Studies, 23,* 175–196.

Doignon, J.-P. & Falmagne, J.-C. (1999). *Knowledge Spaces.* Springer Verlag, Berlin.

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). KST Tools User Manual (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. & Wesiak, G. (2001). SRbT Tools User Manual. https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

See Also

kbase kspace kstructure

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read_kbase *Read base file*

Description

Read a base from a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
read_kbase(filename, format = "auto")
```

Arguments

filename	A character string specifying the name of the base file.
format	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT", "KST", "matrix", or "auto" (default).

Details

The format values "SRBT", "KST", and "matrix" refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package. The value "auto" (default) requests an automatic detection of the format by thje read_XXX function.

Value

A list with the following elements:

matrix	the read structure/data as binary matrix
sets	the read structure as object of class kbase

Note

In automatic format detection, the distinction between "matrix" and "KST" formats work somewhat heuristic. In other words, in rare cases the automatic detection might give the wrong result.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). SRbT Tools User Manual. https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kbase, kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Produce a base file
library(kst)
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
b <- kbase(kspace(kstructure(as.pattern(DoignonFalmagne7$K, as.set=TRUE))))
write_kbase(b, "DF7.bas", "KST") # (Old) KST format
# Read file
read_kbase("DF7.bas") # Automatic format detection
read_kbase("DF7.bas", "KST") # Explicit format specification
```

`read_kdata` *Read a response patterns file*

Description

Read a set of response patterns from a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
read_kdata(filename, format = "auto")
```

Arguments

`filename`	A character string specifying the name of the data file.
`format`	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT", "KST", "matrix", or "auto" (default).

Details

The `format` values `"SRBT"`, `"KST"`, and `"matrix"` refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package. The value `"auto"` (default) requests an automatic detection of the format by thje `read_XXX` function.

Value

A binary matrix with the response patterns.

Note

In automatic format detection, the distinction between `"matrix"` and `"KST"` formats work somewhat heuristic. In other words, in rare cases the automatic detection might give the wrong result.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). SRbT Tools User Manual. https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Produce a data file
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
d <- as.binmat(DoignonFalmagne7$N.R)
write_kdata(d, "DF7.dat", "matrix") # matrix format (without any headers)
# Read file
read_kdata("DF7.dat") # Automatic format detection (default)
read_kdata("DF7.dat", "matrix") # Explicit ormat specification
```

`read_kspace` *Read a knowledge space file*

Description

ead a knowledge space from a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
read_kspace(filename, format = "auto")
```

Arguments

`filename`	A character string specifying the name of the space file.
`format`	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT", "KST", "matrix", or "auto" (default).

Details

The `format` values `"SRBT"`, `"KST"`, and `"matrix"` refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package. The value `"auto"` (default) requests an automatic detection of the format by thje `read_XXX` function.

Value

A list with the following elements:

`matrix`	the read structure/data as binary matrix
`sets`	the read structure as `kspace`.

Note

In automatic format detection, the distinction between `"matrix"` and `"KST"` formats work somewhat heuristic. In other words, in rare cases the automatic detection might give the wrong result.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). SRbT Tools User Manual. https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kspace, kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Produce a space file
library(kst)
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
ksp <- kspace(kstructure(as.pattern(DoignonFalmagne7$K, as.set=TRUE)))
write_kspace(ksp, "DF7.spc") # Write in (default) SRBT format
# Read file
read_kspace("DF7.spc") # Automatic format detection (default)
read_kspace("DF7.spc", "SRBT") # Explicit format specification
```

---

read_kstructure *Read a knowledge structure file*

Description

Read a knowledge structure from a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
read_kstructure(filename, format = "auto")
```

Arguments

filename	A character string specifying the name of the structure file.
format	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT", "KST", "matrix", or "auto" (default).

Details

The format values "SRBT", "KST", and "matrix" refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package. The value "auto" (default) requests an automatic detection of the format by thje read_XXX function.

Value

A list with the following elements:

`matrix`	the read structure/data as binary matrix
`sets`	the read structure as object of class `kstructure`.

Note

In automatic format detection, the distinction between `"matrix"` and `"KST"` formats work somewhat heuristic. In other words, in rare cases the automatic detection might give the wrong result.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). SRbT Tools User Manual. https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kstructure, kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Produce a structure file
library(kst)
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
kst <- kstructure(as.pattern(DoignonFalmagne7$K, as.set=TRUE))
write_kstructure(kst, "DF7.struct") # Write in (default) SRBT format
# Read file
read_kstructure("DF7.struct") # Automatic format detection (default)
read_kstructure("DF7.struct", "SRBT") # Explicit format specification
```

`write_kbase` *Write a base file*

Description

Write a base to a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
write_kbase(x, filename, format = "SRBT")
```

Arguments

x	The data to be written, either a binary matrix or an object of kbase class.
filename	A character string specifying the name of the base file.
format	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT" (default), "KST", or "matrix".

Details

The format values "SRBT", "KST", and "matrix" refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). *SRbT Tools User Manual.* https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kbase, kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Obtain data to write from the 'pks' package
library(kst)
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
b <- kbase(kspace(kstructure(as.pattern(DoignonFalmagne7$K, as.set=TRUE))))
# Write base to file
write_kbase(b, "DF7.bas") # Write in (default) SRBT format
write_kbase(b, "DF7.bas", "KST") # (Old) KST format
```

---

write_kdata *Write a knowledge space theory file*

Description

Write a data set to a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
write_kdata(x, filename, format = "SRBT")
```

Arguments

x	The data to be written, as a binary matrix.
filename	A character string specifying the name of the data file.
format	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT" (default), "KST", or "matrix".

Details

The format values "SRBT", "KST", and "matrix" refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). *SRbT Tools User Manual.* https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Obtain data to write from the 'pks' package
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
d <- as.binmat(DoignonFalmagne7$N.R)
# Write data to file
write_kdata(d, "DF7.dat") # Write in (default) SRBT format
write_kdata(DoignonFalmagne7$K, "DF7.dat", "matrix") # matrix format (without any headers)
```

---

write_kstructure *Write a knowledge structure file*

Description

Write a knowledge structure to a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
write_kstructure(x, filename, format = "SRBT")
```

Arguments

x	The data to be written, either a binary matrix or an object of kstructure class.
filename	A character string specifying the name of the base file.
format	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT" (default), "KST", or "matrix".

Details

The format values "SRBT", "KST", and "matrix" refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

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See Also

kstructure, kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Obtain data to write from the 'pks' package
library(kst)
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
kst <- kstructure(as.pattern(DoignonFalmagne7$K, as.set=TRUE))
# Write structure to file
write_kstructure(kst, "DF7.struct") # Write in (default) SRBT format
# Write the matrix directly in (old) KST format
write_kstructure(DoignonFalmagne7$K, "DF7.struct", "KST")
```

---

write_space *Write a knowledge space file*

Description

Write a knowledge space to a file. The file formats are described in the kstIO-package information page.

Usage

```
write_kspace(x, filename, format = "SRBT")
```

Arguments

x	The data to be written, either a binary matrix or an object of kspace class.
filename	A character string specifying the name of the base file.
format	Specification of the files format. Can be "SRBT" (default), "KST", or "matrix".

Details

The format values "SRBT", "KST", and "matrix" refer to the different generations of file formats described in kstIO-package.

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References

Hockemeyer, C. (2001). *KST Tools User Manual* (2nd ed.). https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/KST-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf.

Pötzi, S. \& Wesiak, G. (2001). *SRbT Tools User Manual.* https://kst.hockemeyer.at/techreports/SRBT-Tools_TechRep_FWF01.pdf

See Also

kspace, kstIO-package

Examples

```
# Obtain data to write from the 'pks' package
library(kst)
data(DoignonFalmagne7)
ksp <- kspace(kstructure(as.pattern(DoignonFalmagne7$K, as.set=TRUE)))
# Write space to file
write_kspace(ksp, "DF7.spc") # Write in (default) SRBT format
write_kspace(DoignonFalmagne7$K, "DF7.spc", "KST") # Write the matrix directly in (old) KST format
```

Index