Package 'oddsratio'

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Version 1.0.3 **Date** 2018-07-15

Title Odds Ratio Calculation for GAM(M)s & GLM(M)s

Description Simplified odds ratio calculation of GAM(M)s & GLM(M)s.

Provides structured output (data frame) of all predictors and their corresponding odds ratios and confident intervals for further analyses.

It helps to avoid false references of predictors and increments by specifying these parameters in a list instead of using 'exp(coef(model))' (standard approach of odds ratio calculation for GLMs) which just returns a plain numeric output.

For GAM(M)s, odds ratio calculation is highly simplified with this pack-

age since it takes care of the multiple 'predict()' calls of the chosen predictor while holding other predictors constant.

Also, this package allows odds ratio calculation of percentage steps across the whole predictor distribution range for GAM(M)s.

In both cases, confident intervals are returned additionally.

Calculated odds ratio of GAM(M)s can be inserted into the smooth function plot.

URL https://github.com/pat-s/oddsratio

BugReports https://github.com/pat-s/oddsratio/issues

Depends R (>= 3.0.0)

Imports mgcv, MASS, stats, ggplot2 (>= 3.0.0), cowplot

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RoxygenNote 6.0.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, grid, gtable, scales, testthat, pacman, gam

LazyData true

ByteCompile true

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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insert_or

R topics documented:

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insert_or

Insert odds ratios of GAM(M)s into smoothing function

Description

This function inserts calculated odds ratios of GAM(M)s into a plot of a GAM(M) smoothing function.

Usage

```
insert_or(plot_object = NULL, or_object = NULL, line_col = "red",
  line_size = 1.2, line_type = "solid", line_alpha = 1, text_alpha = 1,
  text_size = 4, text_col = "black", rect_alpha = 0.5, rect_col = NULL,
  rect = FALSE, arrow = TRUE, values = TRUE, values_yloc = 0,
  values_xloc = NULL, or_yloc = 0, arrow_length = NULL,
  arrow_yloc = NULL, arrow_col = NULL, arrow_xloc_r = NULL,
  arrow_xloc_l = NULL)
```

Arguments

```
plot_object
                  A ggplot object from plot_gam.
                  A returned data.frame from or gam.
or_object
line_col, line_alpha, line_type, line_size
                  Aesthetics of vertical lines.
text_col, text_alpha, text_size
                  Aesthetics of inserted values.
rect_col, rect_alpha
                  Aesthetics of shaded rectangle.
                  Logical. Whether to print a shaded rectangle between the vertical lines.
rect
                  Logical. Whether to print arrows above the inserted values. Default to TRUE.
arrow
                  Logical. Whether to print predictor value information nearby the inserted verti-
values
                  cal lines. Default to TRUE.
                  Numeric. X-axis location/shift of values relative to their vertical line. Default to
values_xloc
                  2% of x-axis range.
or_yloc, values_yloc
                  Numeric. Specifies y-location of inserted odds ratio / values. Relative to plotted
```

y-axis range. A positive/negative value will place the text higher/lower.

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Details

The idea behind this function is to add calculated odds ratio of fitted GAM models (or_gam) into a plot showing the smooth function (plot_gam) of the chosen predictor for which the odds ratio was calculated for. Multiple insertions can be made by iteratively calling the function (see examples).

Right now the function does only accept results of or_gam with slice = FALSE. If you want to insert multiple odds ratio you have to do it iteratively.

Value

Returns a ggplot plotting object

Author(s)

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See Also

```
plot_gam
or_gam
```

Examples

```
# load data (Source: ?mgcv::gam) and fit model
library(mgcv)
fit_gam <- gam(y \sim s(x0) + s(I(x1^2)) + s(x2) +
               offset(x3) + x4, data = data_gam) # fit model
# create input objects (plot + odds ratios)
library(oddsratio)
plot_object <- plot_gam(fit_gam, pred = "x2", title = "Predictor 'x2'")</pre>
or_object1 <- or_gam(data = data_gam, model = fit_gam,
                     pred = "x2", values = c(0.099, 0.198))
# insert first odds ratios to plot
plot_object <- insert_or(plot_object, or_object1, or_yloc = 3,</pre>
                         values_xloc = 0.04, line_size = 0.5,
                         line_type = "dotdash", text_size = 6,
                         values_yloc = 0.5, arrow_col = "red")
# calculate second odds ratio
or_object2 <- or_gam(data = data_gam, model = fit_gam, pred = "x2",
                     values = c(0.4, 0.6))
# add or_object2 into plot
insert_or(plot_object, or_object2, or_yloc = 2.1, values_yloc = 2,
          line_col = "green4", text_col = "black",
```

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```
rect_col = "green4", rect_alpha = 0.2,
line_alpha = 1, line_type = "dashed",
arrow_xloc_r = 0.01, arrow_xloc_l = -0.01,
arrow_length = 0.01, rect = TRUE)
```

or_gam

Calculate odds ratios of Generalized Additive (Mixed) Models

Description

This function calculates odds ratio(s) for specific increment steps of a GAM(M)s.

Odds ratios can also be calculated for continuous percentage increment steps across the whole predictor distribution using slice = TRUE.

Usage

```
or_gam(data = NULL, model = NULL, pred = NULL, values = NULL,
percentage = NULL, slice = FALSE, CI = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	The data used for model fitting.
model	A fitted GAM(M).
pred	Character. Predictor name for which to calculate the odds ratio.
values	Numeric vector of length two. Predictor values to estimate odds ratio from. Function is written to use the first provided value as the "lower" one, i.e. calculating the odds ratio 'from value1 to value2'. Only used if slice = FALSE.
percentage	Numeric. Percentage number to split the predictor distribution into. A value of 10 would split the predictor distribution by 10% intervals. Only needed if slice = TRUE.
slice	Logical. Default = FALSE. Whether to calculate odds ratios for fixed increment steps over the whole predictor distribution. See percentage for setting the increment values.
CI	Numeric. Currently fixed to 95% confidence interval level (2.5% - 97.5%). It should not be changed in a function call!

Details

Currently supported functions: mgcv::gam, mgcv::gamm, gam::gam.

For mgcv::gamm, the model input of or_gam needs to be the gam output (e.g. fit_gam\$gam).

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Value

A data frame with (up to) eight columns. perc1 and perc2 are only returned if slice = TRUE:

predictor	Predictor name
value1	First value of odds ratio calculation
value2	Second value of odds ratio calculation
perc1	Percentage value of value1
perc2	Percentage value of value2
oddsratio	Calculated odds ratio(s)
CI_low	Lower (2.5%) confident interval of odds ratio
CI_high	Higher (97.5%) confident interval of odds ratio

Author(s)

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See Also

```
or_glm
plot_gam
insert_or
```

Examples

or_glm

or_glm Calculate odds ratios of Generalized Linear (Mixed) Models	
---	--

Description

This function calculates odds ratio(s) for specific increment steps of GLMs.

Usage

```
or_glm(data, model, incr, CI = 0.95)
```

Arguments

data The data used for model fitting.

M model A fitted M fitted M

incr List. Increment values of each predictor.

CI numeric. Which confident interval to calculate. Must be between 0 and 1. De-

fault to 0.95

Details

CI_low and CI_high are only calculated for GLM models because glmmPQL does not return confident intervals due to its penalizing behavior.

Currently supported functions: glm, glmmPQL

Value

A data frame with five columns:

predictor Predictor name(s)
oddsratio Calculated odds ratio(s)

CI_low Lower confident interval of odds ratio
CI_high Higher confident interval of odds ratio

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{increment} & \text{Increment of the predictor}(s) \\ \end{array}$

Author(s)

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See Also

or_gam

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Examples

```
## Example with glm()
# load data (source: http://www.ats.ucla.edu/stat/r/dae/logit.htm) and
# fit model
fit_glm <- glm(admit ~ gre + gpa + rank, data = data_glm,</pre>
               family = "binomial") # fit model
# Calculate OR for specific increment step of continuous variable
or_glm(data = data_glm, model = fit_glm, incr = list(gre = 380, gpa = 5))
# Calculate OR and change the confidence interval level
or_glm(data = data_glm, model = fit_glm,
       incr = list(gre = 380, gpa = 5), CI = .70)
## Example with MASS:glmmPQL()
# load data
library(MASS)
data(bacteria)
fit_glmmPQL \leftarrow glmmPQL(y \sim trt + week, random = \sim 1 | ID,
                        family = binomial, data = bacteria,
                        verbose = FALSE)
# Apply function
or_glm(data = bacteria, model = fit_glmmPQL, incr = list(week = 5))
```

plot_gam

Plot smoothing functions of GAM(M) models

Description

This function plots the smoothing function of selected GAM(M) models using the ggplot2 plotting system.

Usage

```
plot_gam(model = NULL, pred = NULL, col_line = "blue",
    ci_line_col = "black", ci_line_type = "dashed", ci_fill = "grey",
    ci_alpha = 0.4, ci_line_size = 0.8, sm_fun_size = 1.1, title = NULL,
    xlab = NULL, ylab = NULL, limits_y = NULL, breaks_y = NULL)
```

Arguments

model	A fitted model of class gam.
pred	The predictor of the fitted model to plot the smooth function of.
col_line	Character. Sets color for smoothing function. Default to "blue".
ci_line_col	Character. Sets color for confident interval line of smoothing function. Default to "black".

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Character. Sets linetype of confident interval line of smoothing function. Default to "dashed".
Character. Fill color of area between smoothing function and its confident interval lines.
Numeric (range: 0-1). Opacity value of confidence interval shading.
sm_fun_size
Line sizes.
Character. Plot title.
Character. X-axis title.
Character. Y-axis title.
Numeric of length two. Sets y-axis limits.
Numeric of length three. Sets y-axis breaks. See seq. Values need to be given in a seq call, e.g. seq(-6, 6, 2).

Author(s)

Patrick Schratz patrick.schratz@gmail.com

See Also

```
plot_gam
or_gam
insert_or
```

Examples

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