

Package ‘RODBCext’

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Title Parameterized Queries Extension for RODBC

Description An extension for RODBC package adding support for parameterized queries.

URL <https://github.com/zozlak/RODBCext>

SystemRequirements An ODBC3 driver manager and drivers.

Depends R (>= 3.0.0), RODBC (>= 1.3.0)

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

LazyLoad yes

Biarch yes

License GPL-2 | GPL-3

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NeedsCompilation yes

VignetteBuilder knitr

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odbcFetchRows	<i>Overlay over odbcFetchRows</i>
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Description

RODBC::odbcFetchRows crashes if the ODBC channel is in "query prepared but already not executed" state. This function is a small overlay emitting an error in such a case.

Usage

```
odbcFetchRows(channel, ...)
```

Arguments

channel	ODBC connection obtained by odbcConnect
...	other parametrs passed to odbcFetchRows

Value

see [odbcFetchRows](#)

odbcGetQueryTimeout	<i>Gets the current query timeout of a prepared query</i>
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Description

A query has to be already prepared using SQLPrepare()
Throws an error if an error ocurred

Usage

```
odbcGetQueryTimeout(channel)
```

Arguments

channel	an RODBC channel containing an open connection
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Value

The current query timeout value in seconds. 0 means "no timeout"

See Also

[odbcSetQueryTimeout](#), [odbcConnect](#), [odbcDriverConnect](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
conn = odbcConnect('MyDataSource')

sqlPrepare(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?")
odbcGetQueryTimeout(conn) # shows the current query timeout of the prepared statement
sqlExecute(conn, 'myValue')
sqlFetchMore(conn)

## End(Not run)
```

odbcSetQueryTimeout *Sets the query timeout of a prepared query*

Description

A query has to be already prepared using SQLPrepare()

Throws an error if any error occurred

Usage

```
odbcSetQueryTimeout(channel, timeout = 0)
```

Arguments

channel	an open RODB channel (connection)
timeout	the new query timeout value in seconds (0 means "no timeout")

Value

0 = success, 1 = success but with an info message,

Note

Not all drivers will support a query timeout. You may get an error then or the query timeout values remains unchanged silently.

See Also

[odbcGetQueryTimeout](#), [odbcConnect](#), [odbcDriverConnect](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
conn = odbcConnect('MyDataSource')

sqlPrepare(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?")
odbcSetQueryTimeout(conn, 120) # sets the query timeout of the prepared statement
sqlExecute(conn, 'myValue')
sqlFetchMore(conn)

## End(Not run)
```

sqlExecute	<i>Executes an already prepared query</i>
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Description

Executes a parameterized query.

Optionally (fetch=TRUE) fetches results using [sqlGetResults](#).

Optionally (query=NULL) uses query already prepared by [sqlPrepare](#).

Usage

```
sqlExecute(channel, query = NULL, data = NULL, fetch = FALSE,
           errors = TRUE, rows_at_time = attr(channel, "rows_at_time"),
           force_loop = FALSE, query_timeout = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

channel	ODBC connection obtained by odbcConnect
query	a query string (NULL if query already prepared using sqlPrepare)
data	data to pass to sqlExecute (as data.frame)
fetch	whether to automatically fetch results (if data provided)
errors	whether to display errors
rows_at_time	number of rows to fetch at one time - see details of sqlQuery
force_loop	whether to execute queries in the explicit loop with separate query planing for each iteration (usefull if executing a query invalidates its plan, e.g. EXEC queries on Ms SQL Server)
query_timeout	the query timeout value in seconds (0 means "no timeout", NULL does not change the default value)
...	parameters to pass to sqlGetResults (if fetch=TRUE)

Details

Return value depends on the combination of parameters:

- if there were errors during query preparation or execution or fetching results return value depends on errors parameter - if errors=TRUE error is thrown, otherwise -1 will be returned
- if fetch=FALSE and there were no errors invisible(1) will be returned
- if fetch=TRUE and there were no errors a data.frame with results will be returned

Value

see details

Examples

```
## Not run:
conn = odbcConnect('MyDataSource')

# prepare, execute and fetch results separatly
sqlPrepare(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?")
sqlExecute(conn, NULL, 'myValue')
sqlGetResults(conn)

# prepare and execute at one time, fetch results separately
sqlExecute(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?", 'myValue')
sqlGetResults(conn)

# prepare, execute and fetch at one time
sqlExecute(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?", 'myValue', TRUE)

# prepare, execute and fetch at one time, pass additional parameters to sqlFetch()
sqlExecute(
  conn,
  "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?",
  'myValue',
  TRUE,
  stringsAsFactors=FALSE
)

# prepare, execute and fetch at one time using a query timeout value
sqlExecute(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?", 'myValue', TRUE, query_timeout=45)

# execute a simple statement without parameters using a query timeout value
sqlExecute(con, "SELECT * FROM myTable", fetch = TRUE, query_timeout = 60)

## End(Not run)
```

sqlFetchMore	<i>Overlay over sqlFetchMore</i>
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Description

RODBC::sqlFetchMore crashes if the ODBC channel is in "query prepared but already not executed" state. This function is a small overlay emitting an error in such a case.

Usage

```
sqlFetchMore(channel, ...)
```

Arguments

channel	ODBC connection obtained by odbcConnect
...	other parametrs passed to sqlFetchMore

Value

see [sqlFetchMore](#)

sqlPrepare	<i>Prepares a query for execution</i>
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Description

Prepares a query for execution.

Usage

```
sqlPrepare(channel, query, errors = TRUE, query_timeout = NULL)
```

Arguments

channel	ODBC connection obtained by odbcConnect
query	query string
errors	whether to display errors
query_timeout	the query timeout value in seconds (0 means "no timeout", NULL does not change the default value)

Value

invisible(1) on success, -1 or an error (depending on errors parameter) on error

Examples

```
## Not run:
conn = odbcConnect('MyDataSource')

sqlPrepare(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?")
sqlExecute(conn, NULL, 'myValue')
sqlFetchMore(conn)

# with a query timeout
sqlPrepare(conn, "SELECT * FROM myTable WHERE column = ?", query_timeout=60)
sqlExecute(conn, data='myValue', fetch=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

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