

Package ‘taxlist’

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Title Handling Taxonomic Lists

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LazyData true

Description Handling taxonomic lists through objects of class 'taxlist'.

This package provides functions to import species lists from 'Turboveg' (<<https://www.synbiosys.alterra.nl/turboveg>>) and the possibility to create backups from resulting R-objects.

Also quick displays are implemented as summary-methods.

License GPL (>= 2)

URL <https://cran.r-project.org/package=taxlist>,

<https://github.com/kamapu/taxlist>

BugReports <https://github.com/kamapu/taxlist/issues>

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'df2taxlist.R"tv2taxlist.R"tnrs.R"tax2traits.R"match_names.R"print_name.R'
'StartMessage.R'

VignetteBuilder knitr

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taxlist-package	<i>Handling Taxonomic Lists</i>
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Description

The class `taxlist` is defined in this package using the S4 language. The main task of `taxlist` objects is to keep the taxonomic coherence of information included in taxonomic lists and to implement functions (methods) for a proper data handling. Objects of class `taxlist` can be included in further objects, for instance in biodiversity records as done in the package `vegetable`.

For a more detailed description of this package, see [Alvarez & Luebert \(2018\)](#).

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

References

Alvarez M, Luebert F (2018). The taxlist package: managing plant taxonomic lists in R. *Biodiversity Data Journal* 6: e23635. <https://doi.org/10.3897/bdj.6.e23635>

Jansen F, Dengler J (2010). Plant names in vegetation databases – a neglected source of bias. *Journal of Vegetation Science* 21: 1179–1186. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1654-1103.2010.01209.x>

Examples

```
## Not run:
## Install last release from CRAN
install.packages("taxlist", dependencies=TRUE)

## Installing last version from GitHub
library(devtools)
install_github("kamapu/taxlist", build_vignette=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

accepted_name

Manage Accepted Names, Synonyms and Basionyms

Description

Taxon usage names for a taxon concept can be divided into three categories: accepted names, basionyms and synonyms. Each single taxon concept may at least have an accepted name, while basionym and synonyms are optional. The functions 'accepted_name', 'basionym' and 'synonyms' can be used either to display the respective usage names or to set usage names in one of those categories.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
accepted_name(taxlist, ConceptID, show_traits=FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,missing'
accepted_name(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)

## Replacement method
accepted_name(taxlist, ConceptID) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
synonyms(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,missing'
synonyms(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
basionym(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,missing'
basionym(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)

## Replacement method
basionym(taxlist, ConceptID) <- value
```

Arguments

taxlist	An object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
ConceptID	Integer containing concept IDs where to request or set names for one category.
show_traits	Logical value, whether traits should be included in the output of 'accepted_name' or not.
value	Integer containing usage IDs to be set to the respective category in the respective taxon concept.
...	Further arguments passed among methods.

Details

The function 'accepted_name' retrieves the accepted names for the indicated taxon concepts or for the whole `taxlist` object. By using 'show_traits=TRUE', the respective taxon traits will be displayed as well, providing an overview of taxa included in the object. The replacement method for this function will set the respective usage name IDs as accepted names for the respective taxon concept, provided that these names are already set as synonyms in the respective concepts.

The function 'synonyms' is working in a similar way as 'accepted_name', but this function does not include taxon traits in the output and there is no replacing method for 'synonyms'. Alternatives for inserting new synonyms into a taxon concept are either moving synonyms from other taxa by using `change_concept<-` or inserting new names in the object by using `add_synonym`.

The function 'basionym' is retrieving and setting basionyms in the respective taxon concepts similarly to 'accepted_name', but this function does not retrieve any information on taxon traits, either.

Value

Most of the methods return information in data frames, while replacement methods do it as `taxlist` objects.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

[add_synonym](#), [change_concept](#)<-.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Set a different accepted name for Cyclosorus interruptus
summary(Easplist, "Cyclosorus interruptus")
accepted_name(Easplist, 50074) <- 53097
summary(Easplist, 50074)

## Inserting a new name first
summary(Easplist, "Basella alba")
Easplist <- add_synonym(Easplist, 68, TaxonName="Basella cordifolia",
  AuthorName="Lam.")
summary(Easplist, 68)
accepted_name(Easplist, 68) <- 56139
summary(Easplist, 68)

## attempt to use a name from another concept
accepted_name(Easplist, 50074) <- 51129
```

as.list

Coerce an S4 Object to a List

Description

Coercion of S4 objects to lists can be applied to explore their content, avoiding errors caused by their validation.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
as.list(x, ...)

## Default function
S4_to_list(x)
```

Arguments

x An object of class [taxlist](#) or any S4 class.
 ... further arguments passed to or from other methods.

Details

The function 'S4_to_list' transforms any S4 object to a list setting slots to elements of the list and it is running internally in the method 'as.list' for `taxlist` objects.

Value

An object of class `list`.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)
Easplist <- as.list(Easplist)
class(Easplist)
```

 backup_object

Make and load Backups of R Objects

Description

When work with data becomes risky, the best practice is to produce backup files. The function of 'backup_object' is a wrapper of `save`, adding a time stamp and a suffix to the name of the resulting file (an R image file with extension `*.rda`). The function 'load_last' is adapted to this style, loading the newest version to the session.

Usage

```
backup_object(..., objects, file, stamp=TRUE, overwrite=FALSE)
```

```
load_last(file)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	Names of the objects to be saved (either symbols or character strings).
<code>objects</code>	A character vector indicating the names of objects to be included in the backup file.
<code>file</code>	A character value indicating the name of the backup file, without the extension.
<code>stamp</code>	A logical value indicating whether time should be stamped in the backup name or not.
<code>overwrite</code>	A logical value indicating whether existing files must be overwritten or not.

Details

In both functions the argument 'file' may include either the path relative to the working directory or the absolute path to the file, excluding stamps and extension. For 'overwrite=FALSE' (the default), a numeric suffix will be added to the backup's name, if another backup was produced at the same day. For 'overwrite=TRUE' no suffix will be included in the file and existing files will be overwritten.

The function `load_last()` will load the newest version among backups stored in the same folder, provided that the backup name includes a time stamp.

Value

An R image with extension ***.rda**.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

[save](#), [load](#).

Examples

```
## Not run:
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## A subset with Pseudognaphalium and relatives
Pseudognaphalium <- subset(Easplist, grepl("Pseudognaphalium", TaxonName),
slot="names")
Pseudognaphalium <- get_parents(Easplist, Pseudognaphalium)

## Create a backup with date stamp
backup_object(Pseudognaphalium, file="Pseudonaphalium")

## The same
backup_object(objects="Pseudognaphalium", file="Pseudonaphalium")

## To load the last backup into a session
load_last("Pseudognaphalium")

## End(Not run)
```

`clean`*Clean Orphaned Records*

Description

Manipulation of slots may generate orphaned entries in `taxlist` objects. The function `'clean'` deletes such entries and restores the consistency of the objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'  
clean(object, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	A <code>taxlist</code> object.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments passed from or to other methods.

Details

Cleaning of objects will follow the deletion of:

- orphaned names.
- non cited references.
- orphaned taxon trait entries.
- orphaned parent entries.

Value

A clean `taxlist` object.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)  
data(Easplist)  
  
## Direct manipulation of slot taxonRelations generates an invalid object  
Easplist@taxonRelations <- Easplist@taxonRelations[1:5,]  
summary(Easplist)  
  
## Now apply cleaning  
Easplist <- clean(Easplist)  
summary(Easplist)
```

`clean_strings`*Cleaning Character Strings*

Description

Multiple, leading and trailing white spaces as well as wrong encodings may cause serious problems in information dealing with taxonomic names. The function 'clean_strings' get rid of them.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
clean_strings(x, from="utf8", to="utf8")
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'factor'  
clean_strings(x, from="utf8", to="utf8")
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame'  
clean_strings(x, from="utf8", to="utf8")
```

Arguments

x	Object to be cleaned.
from, to	Arguments passed to iconv .

Details

This function automatically deletes leading, trailing and multiple white spaces, either in strings (method 'character'), levels (method 'factor') or in single columns (method 'data.frame').

Value

The same as input 'x'.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)  
clean_strings(" Cyperus      papyrus L.      ")
```

count_taxa	<i>Count taxa within a taxlist object</i>
------------	---

Description

Counting number of taxa within `taxlist` objects or character vectors containing taxon names.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
count_taxa(object, rm.na=TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'factor'  
count_taxa(object, rm.na=TRUE, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'  
count_taxa(object, level, ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
rm.na	Logical value, whether NAs have to be removed from the input vector or not.
level	Character value indicating the taxonomic rank of counted taxa.
...	further arguments passed among methods.

Details

This function is written by convenience in order to reduce code for counting taxa within `taxlist` objects and it is just a wrapper of `length`.

Value

An integer with the number of taxa.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)  
  
## factor method  
count_taxa(iris$Species)  
  
## taxlist method  
count_taxa(Easplist)  
count_taxa(Easplist, level="species")
```

 deprecated-functions *Deprecated Functions*

Description

For a more consistent structure of the package regarding first released version, some functions were deprecated.

Usage

```
add_parent()
```

```
add_trait()
```

```
add_level()
```

See Also

[update_concept.](#)

 df2taxlist *Convert Data Frames into taxlist Objects*

Description

Taxon lists may be provided in data frame format, which will be converted to a [taxlist](#) object.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,logical'
df2taxlist(x, AcceptedName, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,missing'
df2taxlist(x, AcceptedName, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'character,missing'
df2taxlist(x, AcceptedName, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A data frame or a character vector with taxon names.
AcceptedName	A logical vector indicating accepted names with value TRUE.
...	Additional vectors to be added as columns in slot 'taxonNames'.

Details

In the method 'data.frame', the input data frame must have following columns:

TaxonUsageID Numeric code for the name.

TaxonConceptID Numeric code for the concept.

TaxonName Full name (usage), excluding author name.

AuthorName Author of the combination (taxon name).

If the argument 'AcceptedName' is missing, all names will be assumed as accepted names. In the alternative 'character' method, author names have to be added as additional vectors.

Be aware that the resulting object misses any information on taxon views, basionyms, parent concepts, hierarchical levels and taxon traits. All those elements can be added *a posteriori* by further functions provided in this package.

Value

A `taxlist` object.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)

## Read the table with names of Cyperus species
Cyperus <- read.csv(file.path(path.package("taxlist"), "cyperus", "names.csv"),
stringsAsFactors=FALSE)
head(Cyperus)

## Convert to 'taxlist' object
Cyperus <- df2taxlist(Cyperus, AcceptedName=!Cyperus$SYNONYM)
summary(Cyperus)

## Create a 'taxlist' object from character vectors
Plants <- df2taxlist(c("Triticum aestivum","Zea mays"), AuthorName="L.")
summary(Plants, "all")
```

Description

Depending the degree of resolution and specific roles of nomenclature, strings containing taxon usage names (scientific names) are constructed with different parts. A string with names can be consequently split into those elements, meanwhile the number of elements will suggest the taxonomic ranks.

Usage

```
dissect_name(x, split=" ", fixed=TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

`x` A character vector containing taxon names.
`split`, `fixed`, ... Arguments passed to [strsplit](#).

Details

This function is using [strsplit](#) for splitting names. Single spaces will be used to dissect names but it can be changed in the value of argument 'split'. The number of columns in the resulting matrix will depend on the longest polynomial string.

Value

A character matrix with as many rows as names in the input vector.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

[strsplit](#).

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

Easplist <- subset(Easplist, Level == "variety", slot="relations")
Easplist <- accepted_name(Easplist)[c(1:10), "TaxonName"]

dissect_name(Easplist)
```

Easplist-data

List of Vascular Plants from East Africa

Description

Example of an incomplete taxonomic list including taxa recorded in East Africa.

Usage

```
data(Easplist)
```

Format

An object of class `taxlist`.

Details

This list is a subset of the taxonomic list implemented in the database `SWEA-Dataveg`. Since this list is being complemented regarding stored vegetation plots, it is an incomplete list.

Source

`African Plant Database, SWEA-Dataveg`.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)
summary(Easplist)
```

Extract

Extract or Replace Parts of taxlist Objects

Description

Quick access to slots 'taxonTraits' and 'taxonRelations' within `taxlist` objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
x$name

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
x[i, j, ..., slot="relations", drop=FALSE]
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
<code>slot</code>	To which slot will be applied the extraction or replacement.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments passed to or from other methods.
<code>name</code>	A name to access.
<code>i, j</code>	Indices for access.
<code>drop</code>	A logical value passed to <code>Extract</code> .

Details

While the method '\$' automatically recognizes the slot queried, provided that there is no shared column names, in the method '[' you may specify it by the argument 'slot' (default for 'taxonRelations'). The argument 'slot' allows partial matchings.

In the method '[', the first index is referred to the rows in slot 'taxonRelations', while the second index indicate the columns in either 'taxonRelations' or 'taxonTraits'.

The respective replacement methods '\$<-' and '[<-' are also implemented.

Value

The method '\$' retrieves a vector, while '[' retrieves a subset of the input `taxlist` object.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

`taxlist`, `subset`.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Statistics on life forms
summary(as.factor(Easplist$lf_behn_2018))

## First ten concepts in this list
summary(Easplist[1:10,], "all")
```

get_children,get_parents

Retrieve Children or Parents of Taxon Concepts

Description

Retrieve all children or all parents of a queried taxon concept.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
get_children(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,taxlist'
get_children(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
get_parents(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,taxlist'
get_parents(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>taxlist</code>	A <code>taxlist</code> object.
<code>ConceptID</code>	Concept IDs for selecting parents or children or a subset of 'taxlist'.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments passed among methods.

Details

This function produces subsets of `taxlist` objects including all children or parents of queried taxon concepts. Multiple concepts can be queried in these function. The argument 'ConceptID' can be a vector of concept IDs or a subset of the input 'taxlist' object.

Value

A `taxlist` object with a subset including requested concepts with children or parents.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Subset with family Ebenaceae and children
Ebenaceae <- subset(Easplist, charmatch("Ebenaceae", TaxonName))
Ebenaceae <- get_children(Easplist, Ebenaceae)

summary(Ebenaceae)
summary(Ebenaceae, "all", maxsum=100)

## Get parents of Diospyros tricolor
Diostri <- subset(Easplist, TaxonConceptID == 52403, slot="relations")
Diostri <- get_parents(Easplist, Diostri)

summary(Diostri)
summary(Diostri, "all")
```

levels	<i>Set and Retrieves Hierarchical Levels</i>
--------	--

Description

Taxonomic hierarchies can be set as levels in `taxlist` objects, ordered from lower to higher levels. Add taxonomic levels for specific taxon concepts in a `taxlist` object. Also changes in concept circumscription may implicate changes in its taxonomic hierarchy.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'  
levels(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	A <code>taxlist</code> object.
...	Additional arguments passed among methods.

Details

Taxonomic levels will be handled as factors in the `taxlist` objects. Those levels are useful for creating subsets of related groups (e.g. by functions `get_children` or `get_parents`). Levels in combination to parent-child relationships will be further used for checking consistency of taxonomic lists.

A replacement method of the form `'levels(x) <- value'` it is also implemented.

Value

A 'character' vector or a `taxlist` object with added or modified taxonomic levels.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)  
data(Easplist)  
summary(Easplist)  
  
## Get levels of species list  
levels(Easplist)  
  
## Add aggregate as new taxonomic level  
levels(Easplist) <- c("form", "variety", "subspecies", "species", "complex",  
"aggregate", "genus", "family")  
summary(Easplist)
```

`match_names`*Search Matchings between Character and taxlist Objects*

Description

Names provided in a character vector will be compared with names stored in slot 'taxonNames' within an object of class `taxlist` by using the function `stringsim`.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character,taxlist'  
match_names(x, object, clean=TRUE, output="data.frame",  
best=5, show_concepts=FALSE, accepted_only=FALSE, method="lcs", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A character vector with names to be compared.
<code>object</code>	An object of class <code>taxlist</code> to be compared with.
<code>clean</code>	Logical value, whether leading, trailing and double blanks should be deleted from 'x'.
<code>output</code>	Character value indicating the type of output (see details).
<code>best</code>	Integer value indicating how many from the best matches have to be displayed (only working for <code>output="list"</code>).
<code>show_concepts</code>	Logical value, whether respective concepts should be displayed in output or not.
<code>accepted_only</code>	Logical value, whether only accepted names should be matched or all.
<code>method, ...</code>	Further arguments passed to <code>stringsim</code> .

Details

For `output="list"` a list with the best matches (taxon usage name ID and similarity) for each queried name will be retrieved, where the number is set by argument 'best'.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

`stringsim`.

Examples

```

library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Names to be compared
species <- c("Cperus papyrus", "Typha australis", "Luke skywalker")

## Retrieve taxon usage names
match_names(species, Easplist)

## Display accepted names in output
match_names(species, Easplist, show_concepts=TRUE)

```

merge_taxa

Merge Concepts

Description

Merge taxon concepts from a `taxlist` object into single ones.

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric,missing'
merge_taxa(object, concepts, level,
  print_output=FALSE, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,missing,character'
merge_taxa(object, concepts, level, ...)

change_concept(taxlist, UsageID) <- value

```

Arguments

<code>object, taxlist</code>	Object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
<code>concepts</code>	Numeric (integer) vector including taxon concepts to be merged.
<code>level</code>	Character vector indicating the lowest level for merging.
<code>print_output</code>	Logical value indicating whether the merged concept should be displayed in the console.
<code>UsageID</code>	Numeric vector with taxon usage IDs to be changed from concept.
<code>value</code>	Numeric vector with taxon concept IDs to be assigned to the names.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed to or from other methods.

Details

Taxon concepts indicated in argument 'concepts' will be merged into a single concept. The new concept inherits the ID and respective attributes from slots 'taxonRelations' and 'taxonTraits' from the first taxon concept indicated in argument 'concepts'.

For convenience the resulting concept can be displayed by setting 'print_output=TRUE' but only when using argument 'concepts'.

An alternative application of this function is implemented through the argument 'level', where all lower rank taxa will be merged to the indicated level or higher (if parent of merged taxa are at a higher rank).

Value

An object of class `taxlist`.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Merge Cyperus papyrus and Cyperus dives
summary(Easplist, c(206, 197))

Easplist <- merge_taxa(Easplist, c(206, 197), print_output=TRUE)

## Move the name Typha aethiopica to concept 573 (T. latifolia)
change_concept(Easplist, 53130) <- 573
summary(Easplist, c(50105,573))

## Attempting to move an accepted name
change_concept(Easplist, 50105) <- 573
```

print_name

Format Usage Names for Publications

Description

When writing on bio-diversity, usage names could be automatically inserted in documents including the typical italic format for different elements of a scientific name. The function 'print_name' can be applied either in markdown documents or for graphics.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
print_name(object, id, concept=TRUE, second_mention=FALSE,
include_author=TRUE, secundum, style="markdown", ...)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
id	Integer containing either a concept or a name ID.
concept	Logical value, whether 'id' corresponds to a concept ID or a taxon usage name ID.
second_mention	Logical value, whether the genus name should be abbreviated or not.
include_author	Logical value, whether authors of the name should be mentioned or not.
secundum	Character value indicating the column in slot 'taxonViews' that will be mentioned as <i>secundum</i> (according to).
style	Character value indicating the alternative format for italics (at the moment only markdown and html implemented).
...	Further arguments passed among methods.

Details

In **Rmarkdown** documents use ``r I(print_name(Easplist, 206))`` for inserting a formatted a species name.

Value

A character value including format to italic font.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez (<kamapu78@gmail.com>).

See Also

[mixedFontLabel](#).

Examples

```
## Example using Rmarkdown
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)
summary(Easplist, 363, secundum="secundum")

## Empty plot
plot(NA, xlim=c(0,5), ylim=c(7,1), bty="n", xaxt="n", xlab="", ylab="options")

## Accepted name with author
text(0, 1, labels=print_name(Easplist, 363, style="expression"), pos=4)
```

```

## Including taxon view
text(0, 2, labels=print_name(Easplist, 363, style="expression",
secundum="secundum"), pos=4)

## Second mention in text
text(0, 3, labels=print_name(Easplist, 363, style="expression",
second_mention=TRUE), pos=4)

## Using synonym
text(0, 4, labels=print_name(Easplist, 50037, style="expression",
concept=FALSE), pos=4)

## Markdown style
text(0, 5, labels=print_name(Easplist, 363, style="markdown"), pos=4)

## HTML style
text(0, 6, labels=print_name(Easplist, 363, style="html"), pos=4)

## LaTeX style for knitr
text(0, 7, labels=print_name(Easplist, 363, style="knitr"), pos=4)

```

subset

Subset Method for taxlist Objects

Description

Subset of `taxlist` objects will be done applying either logical operations or pattern matchings. Subsets can be referred to information contained either in the slot 'taxonNames', 'taxonRelations' or 'taxonTraits'.

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
subset(x, subset, slot="names", keep_children=FALSE,
keep_parents=FALSE, ...)

```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
<code>subset</code>	Logical vector or logical operation to apply as subset.
<code>slot</code>	Character value indicating the slot to be used for the subset.
<code>keep_children</code>	Logical value applied to hierarchical structures.
<code>keep_parents</code>	Logical value applied to hierarchical structures.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed to or from other methods.

Details

The argument 'subset' will be applied to the slot specified in argument 'slot'. This argument also allows partial matchings.

Arguments keep_children and keep_parents are applied to objects including parent-child relationships. When those arguments are set as FALSE (the default), children or parents of selected taxon concepts will not be included in the subset.

Be aware that subset won't work properly inside of function definitions.

Value

An object of class `taxlist`.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)

data(Easplist)
Easplist <- subset(Easplist, lf_behn_2018 == "reed_plant", slot="traits")
summary(Easplist)

summary(as.factor(Easplist$lf_behn_2018))
```

summary

Print Overviews for taxlist Objects and their Content

Description

A method to display either an overview of the content of `taxlist` objects or an overview of selected taxa.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
summary(object, ConceptID, units="Kb", check_validity=TRUE,
display="both", maxsum=5, secundum=NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A <code>taxlist</code> object.
ConceptID	IDs of concepts to be displayed in the summary.
units	Character value indicating the units shown in the object's allocated space.
check_validity	Logical value indicating whether the validity of 'object' should be checked or not

display	Character value indicating the field to be displayed (see details).
maxsum	Integer indicating the maximum number of displayed taxa.
secundum	A character value indicating the column from slot 'taxonViews' to be displayed in the summary.
...	Further arguments passed to or from another methods.

Details

A general overview indicating number of names, concepts and taxon views included in `taxlist` objects. If argument 'ConceptID' is a vector with concept IDs or names to be matched by `grepl`, then a display of all names included in each concept will be produced. Alternative you can use `taxon="all"` in order to get the listing of names for all concepts included in the object (truncated to the input number of 'maxsum').

For summaries applied to concepts, there are three alternative displays of names using the argument 'display'. Use `display="name"` to show the value 'TaxonName', `display="author"` to show the value 'AuthorName' or `display="both"` to show both values. Such values are taken from slot 'taxonNames'.

For big objects it will be recommendet to set `units="Mb"` (see also `object.size` for further alternatives).

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

`taxlist`.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## summary of the object
summary(Easplist, units="Mb")

## summary for two taxa
summary(Easplist, c(51128,51140))

## summary for a name
summary(Easplist, "Acmella")

## summary for the first 10 taxa
summary(Easplist, "all", maxsum=10)
```

`tax2traits`*Set Taxonomic Information as Taxon Traits*

Description

Taxonomic classification can be included in `taxlist` objects within the information provided at slot 'taxonRelations'. Nevertheless, for statistical analyses it may be more convenient to insert such information in the slot 'taxonTraits'.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
tax2traits(object, get_names=FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>object</code>	An object of class <code>taxlist</code> .
<code>get_names</code>	Logical value indicating whether taxon names should be retrieved instead of taxon IDs
<code>...</code>	Further arguments to be passed among methods.

Details

This function can only be applied to objects containing parent-child relationships and information on taxonomic levels.

Value

An object of class `taxlist` with taxonomy added as traits.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Family Acanthaceae with children
Easplist <- subset(Easplist, TaxonName == "Acanthaceae", slot="names",
keep_children=TRUE)
summary(Easplist)

## Insert taxonomy to taxon traits
Easplist <- tax2traits(Easplist, get_names=TRUE)
head(taxon_traits(Easplist))
```

taxlist-class	<i>Class taxlist</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Class for species (taxon) lists including synonyms, hierarchical ranks, parent-child relationships, taxon views and taxon traits.

Slots

Objects of this class are composed of three slots, every one corresponding to a data frame:

taxonNames Table of taxon usage names (accepted names and synonyms).

taxonRelations Relations between concepts, accepted names, basionyms, parents and hierarchical level.

taxonTraits Table of taxon traits.

taxonViews References used to determine the respective concept circumscription.

An additional property of `taxlist` objects are the taxonomic ranks, which can be set and retrieved using the function [levels](#).

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

References

Alvarez M, Luebert F (2018). The taxlist package: managing plant taxonomic lists in R. *Biodiversity Data Journal* 6: e23635. <https://doi.org/10.3897/bdj.6.e23635>

Examples

```
library(taxlist)

showClass("taxlist")

## Create an empty object
Splist <- new("taxlist")
```

taxon_names	<i>Handle Information on Taxon Usage Names</i>
-------------	--

Description

The slot 'taxonNames' in `taxlist` objects contains taxon usage names for the respective taxon. These functions assist on the access and modification of entries for names.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
taxon_names(taxlist, ...)

taxon_names(taxlist) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
add_synonym(taxlist, ConceptID, TaxonName, AuthorName, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
update_name(taxlist, UsageID, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
delete_name(taxlist, UsageID, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>taxlist</code>	A <code>taxlist</code> object to be modified.
<code>value</code>	A data frame used as new slot 'taxonNames' in 'taxlist'.
<code>ConceptID</code>	Numeric vector indicating the concept ID to which the synonyms will be added.
<code>TaxonName, AuthorName</code>	Character values used for the new names (synonyms).
<code>UsageID</code>	Numeric vector indicating the taxon usage IDs to be updated.
<code>...</code>	Further arguments passed among methods. In 'update_name' are vectors including the variables to be updated for the respective taxon usage ID.

Details

The replacement method 'taxon_names<-' is a quick alternative to include names in empty `taxlist` objects.

The function 'add_synonym' works only for adding names to existing taxon concepts. For adding new taxon concepts as well you should use `add_concept`.

Value

A data frame or, in the case of the replacement method, a `taxlist` object with modified slot 'taxonNames'.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

[taxlist](#).

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Display of slot 'taxonNames'
Euclea <- subset(Easplist, charmatch("Euclea", TaxonName), slot="names",
keep_children=TRUE)
summary(Euclea)
taxon_names(Euclea)

## Insert a synonym to Diospyros scabra
summary(Easplist, "Diospyros scabra")
Easplist <- add_synonym(Easplist, 51793, TaxonName="Maba scabra",
AuthorName="Chiov.")
summary(Easplist, "Diospyros scabra")

## Delete a synonym of Launaea cornuta
summary(Easplist, "Launaea cornuta")
Easplist <- delete_name(Easplist, 53821)
summary(Easplist, "Launaea cornuta")
```

taxon_relations

Retrieve or replace slot taxonRelations in taxlist objects

Description

Retrieve the content of slot 'taxonRelations' from a [taxlist](#) object or replace it by a new data frame.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
taxon_relations(taxlist, ...)

taxon_relations(taxlist) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,character'
add_concept(taxlist, TaxonName, Level, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,taxlist'
```

```
add_concept(taxlist, TaxonName, insert_view, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
update_concept(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)
```

Arguments

taxlist	A taxlist object.
value	A 'data.frame' object to be set as slot 'taxonRelations'.
TaxonName	Character vector with the accepted name for the new taxon concepts.
Level	Character vector indicating the level of the concept in the list.
insert_view	A numeric (integer) vectors, indicating the views of 'TaxonName' to be inserted in 'taxlist' or the value 'TRUE' (see details).
ConceptID	Concept IDs to be updated.
...	Further arguments passed among methods.

Details

The replacement method 'taxon_relations<->' should be only used when constructing [taxlist](#) objects from an empty one (prototype).

New concepts should be first added to a [taxlist](#) object using their respective accepted names. Synonyms can be further provided using the function [add_synonym](#).

Additional named vectors can be provided to be included in slot 'taxonNames', in the cases where those variables already exist, otherwise they will be ignored.

It is recommended also to provide a concept view as 'ViewID' (see [taxon_views](#)). For adding a new view, use [add_view](#).

Value

An object of class [taxlist](#) with added names and concepts.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

[taxlist](#), [add_synonym](#).

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## Subset for the genus Euclea and display of slot 'taxonNames'
Euclea <- subset(Easplist, charmatch("Euclea", TaxonName), slot="names")
Euclea <- get_children(Easplist, Euclea)
```

```

summary(Euclea)
taxon_relations(Euclea)

## Subset with family Ebenaceae and children
Ebenaceae <- subset(Easplist, charmatch("Ebenaceae", TaxonName))
Ebenaceae <- get_children(Easplist, Ebenaceae)

summary(Ebenaceae)
summary(Ebenaceae, "all", maxsum=100)

## Adding a new concept
Ebenaceae <- add_concept(Ebenaceae, TaxonName="Euclea acutifolia",
  AuthorName="E. Mey. ex A. DC.", Level="species", Parent=55707, ViewID=1)

## A summary again
summary(Ebenaceae)
summary(Ebenaceae, "all", maxsum=100)

## Display two Typha species
summary(Easplist, c("Typha domingensis", "Typha latifolia"))

## Update a concept
summary(Easplist, "Corchorus olitorius")
Easplist <- update_concept(Easplist, 155, Level="subspecies")
summary(Easplist, "Corchorus olitorius")

```

taxon_traits

Manipulation of taxon traits in taxlist objects.

Description

The slot 'taxonTraits' in `taxlist` objects contains attributes of taxon concepts (e.g. functional traits). These functions are suitable for replacing, retrieving and appending trait information in taxonomic lists.

Usage

```

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
taxon_traits(taxlist, ...)

taxon_traits(taxlist) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric'
update_trait(taxlist, ConceptID, ...)

```

Arguments

taxlist	A <code>taxlist</code> object.
ConceptID	A numeric vector with the respective taxon concept IDs.

value Data frame to be set as slot 'taxonTraits'.
 ... Further arguments to be passed among methods.

Details

Taxon traits are contained in a data frame at the slot 'taxonTraits' in `taxlist` objects. To optimise space, this data frame contain only entries for those concepts with information, while taxa with no information are skipped from this table. Thus appending new variables may also have to include new rows in this slot, which is automatically carried out by this function.

The replacement method 'taxon_traits<-' should be only used when constructing `taxlist` objects from an empty one.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>.

See Also

`taxlist`.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)

data(Easplist)
summary(Easplist, units="Mb")

## Get the head of slot "taxonTraits"
head(taxon_traits(Easplist))
```

taxon_views	<i>Management of concept views in taxonomic lists.</i>
-------------	--

Description

Retrieve or replace slot taxonViews in an object of class `taxlist`.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
taxon_views(taxlist, ...)

taxon_views(taxlist) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
add_view(taxlist, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist,numeric,numeric'
```

```
replace_view(taxlist, old_view, new_view,
...)
```

Arguments

taxlist	A <code>taxlist</code> object.
value	An object of class 'data.frame' containing the references used to define the circumscription of taxon concepts included in 'taxlist'.
old_view,new_view	View IDs (numeric vector) to be replaced in slot 'taxonRelations' (new in exchange to old).
...	Further arguments to be passed among methods.

Details

Taxon views indicate in `taxlist` objects the references determining the circumscription of the respective taxon concepts. When adding a new concept (see `add_concept`), the respective reference may not yet occur in the input `taxlist` object.

The term 'taxon view' was introduced by **Zhong et al. (1996)** and corresponds to the reference used for the definition of a concept.

This function retrieves the slot 'taxonViews' from objects of the class `taxlist`.

The replacement method 'taxon_views<-' replaces the whole content of slot 'taxonViews' and it is only recommended to use when constructing a new `taxlist` object from an empty prototype.

Value

An object of class `taxlist` with added views.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez (<kamapu78@gmail.com>).

References

Zhong Y, Jung S, Pramanik S, Beaman JH (1996). Data model and comparison and query methods for interacting classifications in a taxonomic database. *Taxon* 45: 223–241. <https://doi.org/10.1093/bioinformatics/15.2.149>

See Also

`taxlist`.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)
data(Easplist)

## See existing views
taxon_views(Easplist)
```



```
## Add a new view
Easplist <- add_view(Easplist, secundum="Beentje et al. (1952)",
  Title="Flora of Tropical East Africa",
  URL="http://www.kew.org/science/directory/projects/FloraTropEAfrica.html")

taxon_views(Easplist)
```

 tnrs

Phylotastic Taxonomic Name Resolution Service.

Description

Methods of [tnrs](#) for [taxlist](#) objects.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
tnrs(query, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'taxlist'
tnrs(query, min_score=0.8, source="iPlant_TNRS", ...)
```

Arguments

query	Either a character vector or a taxlist object with names to search.
min_score	Minimum value of score for considering accepted names as suggested by the output.
source	Source database.
...	Further arguments passed to tnrs .

Details

This function checks for matching of taxon names in [taxlist](#) objects with the Taxonomic Name Resolution Service (TNRS). Misspelled names as well as author names will be replaced in the the new object and new accepted names will be inserted.

A method for character vectors is defined for the original function.

Value

A data frame or an object of class [taxlist](#).

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez (<kamapu78@gmail.com>).

See Also

[tnrs](#).

`tv2taxlist`*Import species lists from Turboveg databases.*

Description

Importing species lists from Turboveg <https://www.synbiosys.alterra.nl/turboveg/> databases into an object of class `taxlist`.

Usage

```
tv2taxlist(taxlist, tv_home=tv.home())
```

Arguments

<code>taxlist</code>	The name of a species list in Turboveg as character value.
<code>tv_home</code>	Character value indicating the path to the main Turboveg folder.

Details

This function imports species lists using the function `read.dbf`. When available, also taxon traits will be imported into the output object (usually the file 'ecodbase.dbf'). During import of taxon traits, duplicated entries for a same concept will be discarded as well as entries for non-existing concepts.

By default `tv_home` will be set by the function `tv.home` from the package `vegata`.

By default, the name of the database will be set as concept view for all concepts included in the species list. If this is not correct, consider setting it manually by using the functions `taxon_views` and `add_view`.

Value

An object of class `taxlist`.

Author(s)

Miguel Alvarez, <kamapu78@gmail.com>

See Also

`taxlist`.

Examples

```
library(taxlist)

## Cyperus data set installed as Turboveg species list
Cyperus <- tv2taxlist("cyperus", file.path(path.package("taxlist"), "tv_data"))

summary(Cyperus)
```

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