

Package ‘forestmodel’

April 25, 2018

Type Package

Title Forest Plots from Regression Models

Version 0.5.0

Date 2018-04-25

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Description Produces forest plots using 'ggplot2' from models produced by functions such as stats::lm(), stats::glm() and survival::coxph().

License GPL-2

LazyData TRUE

Depends R (>= 3.3.0), ggplot2 (>= 2.2.1)

Imports dplyr (>= 0.7.4), broom (>= 0.4.4), lazyeval (>= 0.1.10),
tibble (>= 1.4.2)

Suggests survival, metafor

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2018-04-25 07:53:06 UTC

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default_forest_panels *Default panels for forest_model*

Description

Default panels for forest_model

Usage

```
default_forest_panels(model = NULL, factor_separate_line = FALSE,
  measure = NULL, trans_char = "I")
```

Arguments

model	model object to guess label and determine defaults
factor_separate_line	changes defaults for widths of variable depending on whether factors have their name on separate line
measure	label for main forest plot
trans_char	character representation of transform for axes

Value

'list' ready to be passed to 'forest_model'

forest_breaks *Calculate default breaks for limits*

Description

This function does not work as well as `grDevices::axisTicks` and so that should be used instead.

Usage

```
forest_breaks(limits, trans = I)
```

Arguments

limits	limits of plot
trans	transformation that will be used on the limits

Value

a vector with breaks ready to pass to [panel_forest_plot](#)

forest_model

Produce a forest plot based on a regression model

Description

Produce a forest plot based on a regression model

Usage

```
forest_model(model, panels = default_forest_panels(model, factor_separate_line
= factor_separate_line), covariates = NULL, exponentiate = NULL,
funcs = NULL, factor_separate_line = FALSE, format_options = list(colour
= "black", shape = 15, text_size = 5, banded = TRUE),
theme = theme_forest(), limits = NULL, breaks = NULL,
return_data = FALSE, recalculate_width = TRUE,
recalculate_height = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	regression model produced by <code>lm</code> , <code>glm</code> , <code>coxph</code>
panels	list with details of the panels that make up the plot (See Details)
covariates	a character vector optionally listing the variables to include in the plot (defaults to all variables)
exponentiate	whether the numbers on the x scale should be exponentiated for plotting
funcs	optional list of functions required for formatting <code>panels\$display</code>
factor_separate_line	whether to show the factor variable name on a separate line
format_options	formatting options as a list including colour of the point estimate and error bars, shape of the point estimate, banded whether to show light grey bands behind alternate rows, <code>text_size</code> size of text in mm
theme	theme to apply to the plot
limits	limits of the forest plot on the X-axis (taken as the range of the data by default)
breaks	breaks to appear on the X-axis (note these will be exponentiated if <code>exponentiate == TRUE</code>)
return_data	return the data to produce the plot as well as the plot itself
recalculate_width	TRUE to recalculate panel widths using the current device or the desired plot width in inches
recalculate_height	TRUE to shrink text size using the current device or the desired plot height in inches

Details

This function takes the model output from one of the common model functions in R (e.g. `lm`, `glm`, `coxph`).

The `panels` parameter is a list of lists each of which have an element `width` and, optionally, `item`, `display`, `display_na`, `heading`, `hjust` and `fontface`. `item` can be "forest" for the forest plot (exactly one required) or "vline" for a vertical line. `display` indicates which column to display as text. It can be a quoted variable name or a formula. The column display can include the standard ones produced by `tidy` and in addition `variable` (the term in the model; for factors this is the bare variable without the level), `level` (the level of factors), `reference` (TRUE for the reference level of a factor). For `coxph` models, there will also be `n_events` for the number of events in the group with that level of the factor and `person_time` for the person-time in that group. The function `trans` is defined to be the transformation between the coefficients and the scales (e.g. `exp`). Other functions not in base R can be provided as a list with the parameter `funcs`. `display_na` allows for an alternative display for NA terms within estimate.

Value

A `ggplot` ready for display or saving, or (with `return_data == TRUE`, a list with the parameters to call `panel_forest_plot` in the element `plot_data` and the `ggplot` itself in the element `plot`)

Examples

```
library("survival")
library("dplyr")
pretty_lung <- lung %>%
  transmute(time,
            status,
            Age = age,
            Sex = factor(sex, labels = c("Male", "Female")),
            ECOG = factor(lung$ph.ecog),
            `Meal Cal` = meal.cal)

print(forest_model(coxph(Surv(time, status) ~ ., pretty_lung))

# Example with custom panels

panels <- list(list(width = 0.03),
              list(width = 0.1, display = ~variable, fontface = "bold", heading = "Variable"),
              list(width = 0.1, display = ~level),
              list(width = 0.05, display = ~n, hjust = 1, heading = "N"),
              list(width = 0.05, display = ~n_events, width = 0.05, hjust = 1, heading = "Events"),
              list(width = 0.05,
                    display = ~replace(sprintf("%0.1f", person_time/365.25), is.na(person_time), ""),
                    heading = "Person-\nYears", hjust = 1),
              list(width = 0.03, item = "vline", hjust = 0.5),
              list(width = 0.55, item = "forest", hjust = 0.5, heading = "Hazard ratio", linetype = "dashed",
                    line_x = 0),
              list(width = 0.03, item = "vline", hjust = 0.5),
              list(width = 0.12, display = ~ifelse(reference, "Reference", sprintf("%0.2f (%0.2f, %0.2f)",
```

```

      trans(estimate), trans(conf.low), trans(conf.high))), display_na = NA),
    list(width = 0.05,
         display = ~ifelse(reference, "", format.pval(p.value, digits = 1, eps = 0.001)),
         display_na = NA, hjust = 1, heading = "p"),
    list(width = 0.03)
  )
forest_model(coxph(Surv(time, status) ~ ., pretty_lung), panels)

data_for_lm <- data_frame(x = rnorm(100, 4),
                        y = rnorm(100, 3, 0.5),
                        z = rnorm(100, 2, 2),
                        outcome = 3 * x - 2 * y + 4 * z + rnorm(100, 0, 0.1))

print(forest_model(lm(outcome ~ ., data_for_lm)))

data_for_logistic <- data_for_lm %>% mutate(
  outcome = (0.5 * (x - 4) * (y - 3) * (z - 2) + rnorm(100, 0, 0.05)) > 0.5
)

print(forest_model(glm(outcome ~ ., binomial()), data_for_logistic))

```

forest_panels

Generate panels for forest plots

Description

Generate panels for forest plots

Usage

```
forest_panels(..., margin = 0.03)
```

Arguments

...	panels to variables in data
margin	margin to leave at left and right edges

Value

a panels list ready for [forest_model](#) or [forest_rma](#)

forest_rma

*Generate a forest plot from a meta-analysis***Description**

Generate a forest plot from a meta-analysis

Usage

```
forest_rma(model, panels = NULL, study_labels = NULL,
  additional_data = NULL, point_size = NULL, model_label = NULL,
  show_individual_studies = TRUE, show_stats = list(`I^2` =
  ~sprintf("%.1f%%", I2), p = ~format.pval(QEp, digits = 4, eps = 1e-04,
  scientific = 1)), trans = I, funcs = NULL, format_options = list(colour
  = "black", shape = 15, text_size = 5, banded = TRUE),
  theme = theme_forest(), limits = NULL, breaks = NULL,
  return_data = FALSE, recalculate_width = TRUE,
  recalculate_height = TRUE)
```

Arguments

model	a single rma object or a list of them
panels	list with details of the panels that make up the plot (See Details)
study_labels	a character vector of study labels or list of character vectors the same length as model
additional_data	a <code>data.frame</code> of additional data that can be referenced for the data shown in the panels of the forest plot
point_size	a numeric vector with the point sizes for the individual studies, or a single value used for all studies, or a list of numeric vectors if more than one model is to be plotted
model_label	a single model label or character vector of model labels the same length as model
show_individual_studies	whether to show the individual studies (the default) or just the summary diamond
show_stats	a list of stats to show at the bottom of the forest plot for e.g. heterogeneity
trans	an optional transform function used on the numeric data for plotting the axes
funcs	optional list of functions required for formatting <code>panels\$display</code>
format_options	formatting options as a list including colour of the point estimate and error bars, shape of the point estimate, banded whether to show light grey bands behind alternate rows, <code>text_size</code> size of text in mm
theme	theme to apply to the plot
limits	limits of the forest plot on the X-axis (taken as the range of the data by default)
breaks	breaks to appear on the X-axis (note these will be exponentiated if <code>exponentiate == TRUE</code>)

return_data return the data to produce the plot as well as the plot itself
 recalculate_width TRUE to recalculate panel widths using the current device or the desired plot width in inches
 recalculate_height TRUE to shrink text size using the current device or the desired plot height in inches

Details

This produces a forest plot using the [rma](#)

Value

plot

Examples

```

if (require("metafor")) {
  data("dat.bcg")
  dat <- escalc(measure="RR", ai=tpos, bi=tneg, ci=cpos, di=cneg, data=dat.bcg)
  model <- rma(yi, vi, data = dat)

  print(forest_rma(model, study_labels = paste(dat.bcg$author, dat.bcg$year),
    trans = exp))

  print(forest_rma(model, panels = forest_panels(Study = ~study,
    N = ~n, ~vline, `Log Relative Risk` = ~forest(line_x = 0),
    ~spacer(space = 0.10),
    ~sprintf("%0.3f (%0.3f, %0.3f)", estimate, conf.low, conf.high)),
    study_labels = paste(dat.bcg$author, dat.bcg$year),
    trans = exp))
}

```

panel_forest_plot *Plot a forest plot with panels of text*

Description

Plot a forest plot with panels of text

Usage

```

panel_forest_plot(forest_data, mapping = aes(estimate, xmin = conf.low, xmax =
  conf.high), panels = default_forest_panels(), trans = I, funcs = NULL,
  format_options = list(colour = "black", shape = 15, banded = TRUE, text_size
  = 5), theme = theme_forest(), limits = NULL, breaks = NULL,
  recalculate_width = TRUE, recalculate_height = TRUE)

```

Arguments

forest_data	data.frame with the data needed for both the plot and text
mapping	mapping aesthetic created using aes or aes_string
panels	list with details of the panels that make up the plot (See Details)
trans	transform for scales
funcs	optional list of functions required for formatting panels\$display
format_options	formatting options as a list including colour of the point estimate and error bars, shape of the point estimate, banded whether to show light grey bands behind alternate rows, text_size size of text in mm
theme	theme to apply to the plot
limits	limits of the forest plot on the X-axis (taken as the range of the data by default)
breaks	breaks to appear on the X-axis (note these will be exponentiated if <code>exponentiate == TRUE</code>)
recalculate_width	TRUE to recalculate panel widths using the current device or the desired plot width in inches
recalculate_height	TRUE to shrink text size using the current device or the desired plot height in inches

Value

A ggplot ready for display or saving

theme_forest	<i>Default forest theme</i>
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Description

Default forest theme

Usage

```
theme_forest()
```

Value

a theme object for use with ggplot2

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