

# Package ‘echarts4r’

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**Description**

Easily create interactive charts by leveraging the 'Echarts Javascript' library which includes 34 chart types, themes, 'Shiny' proxies and animations.

**License** Apache License (>= 2.0)

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shiny, scales, corrplot, data.tree, htmltools, jsonlite,  
stringi

**Suggests** tidyr

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**URL** <http://echarts4r.john-coene.com/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/JohnCoene/echarts4r/issues>

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---

angle_axis	<i>Angle axis</i>
------------	-------------------

---

## Description

Customise angle axis.

## Usage

```
e_angle_axis(e, serie, show = TRUE, ...)
e_angle_axis_(e, serie = NULL, show = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Serie to use as axis labels.
show	Whether to display the axis.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>1</sup>

## Examples

```
df <- data.frame(x = 1:100, y = seq(1, 200, by = 2))

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_polar(FALSE) %>%
  e_angle_axis(FALSE) %>%
  e_radius_axis(FALSE) %>%
  e_line(y, coord.system = "polar", smooth = TRUE) %>%
  e_legend(show = FALSE)

df <- data.frame(x = LETTERS[1:5], y = runif(5))

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_polar() %>%
  e_angle_axis(x) %>%
  e_radius_axis() %>%
  e_line(y, coord.system = "polar", smooth = TRUE)
```

---

<sup>1</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#angleAxis>

---

band	<i>Confidence bands</i>
------	-------------------------

---

## Description

Add confidence bands

## Usage

```
e_band(e, min, max, stack = "confidence-band", symbol = c("none",
  "none"), areaStyle = list(list(color = "rgba(0,0,0,0)"), list()),
  legend = list(FALSE, FALSE), ...)
```

```
e_band_(e, min, max, stack = "confidence-band", symbol = c("none",
  "none"), areaStyle = list(list(color = "rgba(0,0,0,0)"), list()),
  legend = list(FALSE, FALSE), ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
min, max	series.
stack	Name of stack.
symbol	Whether to show symbols on lower and upper band lines.
areaStyle	The style of lower and upper bands, i.e.: color.
legend	Whether to show min and max in legend.
...	All options must be of vectors or lists of length 2 where the first argument is for the lower bound and the second for the upper bound, see examples.

## Examples

```
df <- data.frame(
  x = 1:10,
  y = runif(10, 5, 10)
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(
    lwr = y - runif(10, 1, 3),
    upr = y + runif(10, 2, 4)
  )

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_line(y) %>%
  e_band(lwr, upr)
```

---

 callbacks

*Callbacks*


---

### Description

Binds events to chart interactions.

### Usage

```
e_on(e, query, handler, event = "click")
```

```
e_off(e, query, handler, event = "click")
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
query	Condition that triggers the handler
handler	JavaScript handler, passed to JS.
event	Event that triggers the handler.

### See Also

[official documentation](#)<sup>2</sup>

### Examples

```
cars %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist) %>%
  e_on(
    list(seriesName = "dist"),
    "function(){alert('Serie clicked')}")
  )
```

---

 connections

*Connect charts*


---

### Description

Connect charts together.

---

<sup>2</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#echartsInstance.on>

**Usage**

```
e_connect(e, ids)

e_group(e, group)

e_connect_group(e, group)

e_disconnect_group(e, group = NULL)

e_arrange(..., rows = NULL, cols = NULL, width = "xs",
           title = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An <code>echarts4r</code> object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>ids</code>	Scalar, vector or list of ids of chart to connect with.
<code>group</code>	Group name.
<code>...</code>	Any <code>echarts</code> objects.
<code>rows, cols</code>	Number of rows and columns.
<code>width</code>	Wdith of columns, one of <code>xs</code> , <code>md</code> , <code>lg</code> .
<code>title</code>	Title of charts.

**Value**

`e_arrange`: in an interactive session, returns a browsable, in `rmarkdown` returns a container (`div`).

**Functions**

- `e_connect`: connects charts by `ids`, *cannot* be disconnected.
- `e_group`: assigns a group to chart.
- `e_connect_group`: connects chart with another group.
- `e_disconnect_group`: diconnects chart from group.
- `e_arrange`: arrange charts.

**Note**

`e_arrange` may not work properly in the RStudio viewer.

**Examples**

```
# linked datazoom
e1 <- cars %>%
  e_charts(
    speed,
    height = 200
```

```

) %>%
e_scatter(dist) %>%
e_datazoom(show = FALSE) %>%
e_group("grp") # assign group

e2 <- cars %>%
  e_charts(
    dist,
    height = 200
  ) %>%
  e_scatter(speed) %>%
  e_datazoom() %>%
  e_group("grp") %>% # assign group
  e_connect_group("grp") # connect

e_arrange(e1, e2, title = "Linked datazoom")

```

---

echarts4r-shiny      *Shiny bindings for echarts4r*

---

## Description

Output and render functions for using echarts4r within Shiny applications and interactive Rmd documents.

## Usage

```

echarts4rOutput(outputId, width = "100%", height = "400px")

renderEcharts4r(expr, env = parent.frame(), quoted = FALSE)

echarts4rProxy(id, session = shiny::getDefaultReactiveDomain())

```

## Arguments

<code>outputId</code>	output variable to read from.
<code>width, height</code>	Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.
<code>expr</code>	An expression that generates a echarts4r
<code>env</code>	The environment in which to evaluate <code>expr</code> .
<code>quoted</code>	Is <code>expr</code> a quoted expression (with <code>quote()</code> )? This is useful if you want to save an expression in a variable.
<code>id</code>	Target chart id.
<code>session</code>	Shiny session.



### Callbacks

- `id_brush`: returns data on brushed data points.
- `id_legend_change`: returns series name of legend selected/unselected.
- `id_clicked_data`: returns data of clicked data point.
- `id_clicked_data_value`: returns value of clicked data point.
- `id_clicked_row`: returns row number of clicked data point.
- `id_clicked_serie`: returns name of serie of clicked data point.
- `id_mouseover_data`: returns data on hovered data point.
- `id_mouseover_data_value`: returns value of hovered data point.
- `id_mouseover_row`: returns row o hovered data point.
- `id_mouseover_serie`: returns name of serie of hovered data point.

### Proxies

- `e_append1_p` & `e_append2_p`
- `e_showtip_p` & `e_hidetip_p`
- `e_highlight_p` & `e_downplay_p`
- `e_focus_adjacency` & `e_unfocus_adjacency`
- `e_dispatch_action_p`

---

e\_add

*Add nested data*

---

### Description

Utility function to add data where the original JavaScript library expects nested data.

### Usage

```
e_add(e, param, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>param</code>	The nested parameter to add data to.
<code>...</code>	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### Details

For instance, `e_funnel` lets you pass values and labels (from your initial data.frame) which corresponds to name and value in the original library<sup>3</sup>. However the latter also takes, `label`, `itemStyle`, and `emphasis` but being JSON arrays they translate to lists in R and dealing with nested data.frames is not ideal. `e_add` remedies to that. It allows adding those nested data points, see the examples below.

---

<sup>3</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-heatmap.data>

**Examples**

```

# funnel can take nested itemStyle
# https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-funnel.data
funnel <- data.frame(
  stage = c("View", "Click", "Purchase"),
  value = c(80, 30, 20),
  color = c("blue", "red", "green")
)

funnel %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_funnel(value, stage) %>%
  e_add("itemStyle", color)

# Heatmap can take nested label
# https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-heatmap.data
v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(z = sum(z)) %>%
  dplyr::ungroup() %>%
  dplyr::mutate(
    show = TRUE,
    fontStyle = round(runif(dplyr::n(), 5, 12))
  )

matrix %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_heatmap(y, z) %>%
  e_visual_map(z) %>%
  e_add(
    "label",
    show,
    fontStyle
  )

```

---

e\_animation

*Animation*


---

**Description**

Customise animations.

**Usage**

```
e_animation(e, show = TRUE, threshold = NULL, duration = NULL,
  easing = NULL, delay = NULL, duration.update = NULL,
  easing.update = NULL, delay.update = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
show	Set to show animation.
threshold	Whether to set graphic number threshold to animation. Animation will be disabled when graphic number is larger than threshold.
duration	Duration of the first animation.
easing	Easing method used for the first animation.
delay	Delay before updating the first animation.
duration.update	Time for animation to complete.
easing.update	Easing method used for animation.
delay.update	Delay before updating animation.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>4</sup>

**Examples**

```
mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_area(drat) %>%
  e_animation(duration = 10000)
```

---

e\_append1\_p

*Append Proxy*


---

**Description**

Append data dynamically.

---

<sup>4</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#animation>

**Usage**

```
e_append1_p(proxy, series_index = NULL, data, x, y)

e_append1_p_(proxy, series_index = NULL, data, x, y)

e_append2_p(proxy, series_index = NULL, data, x, y, z, scale = NULL,
  symbol_size = 1)

e_append2_p_(proxy, series_index = NULL, data, x, y, z, scale = NULL,
  symbol_size = 1)
```

**Arguments**

proxy	An echarts4r proxy as returned by echarts4rProxy.
series_index	Index of serie to append to (starts from 0).
data	Data.frame containing data to append.
x, y, z	Columns names to plot.
scale	A scaling function as passed to e_scatter.
symbol_size	Multiplier of scaling function as in e_scatter.

**Details**

Currently not all types of series supported incremental rendering when using appendData. Only these types of series support it: e\_scatter and e\_line of pure echarts, and e\_scatter\_3d, and e\_line\_3d of echarts-gl.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  actionButton("add", "Add Data to y"),
  echarts4rOutput("plot"),
  h4("Brush"),
  verbatimTextOutput("selected"),
  h4("Legend select change"),
  verbatimTextOutput("legend")
)

server <- function(input, output, session){

  data <- data.frame(x = rnorm(10, 5, 3), y = rnorm(10, 50, 12), z = rnorm(10, 5, 20))

  react <- eventReactive(input$add, {
    set.seed(sample(1:1000, 1))
    data.frame(x = rnorm(10, 5, 2), y = rnorm(10, 50, 10), z = rnorm(10, 5, 20))
  })
}
```

```

output$plot <- renderEcharts4r({
  data %>%
    e_charts(x) %>%
    e_scatter(y, z, scale = NULL) %>%
    e_scatter(z) %>%
    e_brush()
})

observeEvent(input$add, {
  echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
    e_append2_p(0, react(), x, y, z)
})

output$selected <- renderPrint({
  input$plot_brush
})

output$legend <- renderPrint({
  input$plot_legend_change
})

}

shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)

```

---

e\_area

*Area*


---

### Description

Add area serie.

### Usage

```
e_area(e, serie, bind, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
       x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

```
e_area_(e, serie, bind = NULL, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
        y_index = 0, x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.

name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>5</sup>

### Examples

```
CO2 %>%
  group_by(Plant) %>%
  e_charts(conc) %>%
  e_area(uptake) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

# timeline
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_area(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")
```

---

e\_aria

*Aria*

---

### Description

W3C defined the Accessible Rich Internet Applications Suite (WAI-ARIA) to make Web content and Web applications more accessible to the disabled. From ECharts 4.0, echarts4r supports ARIA by generating description for charts automatically.

### Usage

```
e_aria(e, show = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
show	Whether to show aria helper text.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

---

<sup>5</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line>

**Details**

There should be an aria-label attribute on the chart DOM, which can help the disabled understand the content of charts with the help of certain devices.

**See Also**

official documentation<sup>6</sup>

---

e\_axis

*Axis*


---

**Description**

Customise axis.

**Usage**

```
e_axis(e, serie, axis = c("x", "y", "z"), index = 0,
       formatter = NULL, margin = 0, ...)
```

```
e_axis_(e, serie = NULL, axis = c("x", "y", "z"), index = 0,
        formatter = NULL, margin = 0, ...)
```

```
e_x_axis_(e, serie = NULL, index = 0, formatter = NULL, margin = 0,
          ...)
```

```
e_y_axis_(e, serie = NULL, index = 0, formatter = NULL, margin = 0,
          ...)
```

```
e_z_axis_(e, serie = NULL, index = 0, margin = 0, ...)
```

```
e_x_axis(e, serie, index = 0, formatter = NULL, margin = 0, ...)
```

```
e_y_axis(e, serie, index = 0, formatter = NULL, margin = 0, ...)
```

```
e_z_axis(e, serie, index = 0, margin = 0, ...)
```

```
e_rm_axis(e, axis = c("x", "y", "z"))
```

```
e_axis_formatter(style = c("decimal", "percent", "currency"),
                 digits = 0, locale = NULL, currency = "USD")
```

---

<sup>6</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#aria>

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to range the axis. If used the range of the serie is used as, min an max.
axis	Axis to customise.
index	Index of axis to customise.
formatter	An axis formatter as returned by e_axis_formatter.
margin	Margin to apply to serie: $min = serie - margin$ and $max = serie + margin$
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
style	Formatter style, one of decimal, percent, or currency.
digits	Number of decimals.
locale	Locale, if NULL then it is inferred from Sys.getlocale.
currency	Currency to to display.

**Functions**

- e\_axis to customise axis
- e\_rm\_axis to remove axis

**See Also**

Additional x arguments<sup>7</sup>, Additional y arguments<sup>8</sup>

**Examples**

```
# range axis based on serie
cars %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_line(dist) %>%
  e_x_axis(speed) %>%
  e_y_axis(dist)

# use formatter
cars %>%
  dplyr::mutate(
    speed = speed / 25
  ) %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist) %>%
  e_y_axis(
    formatter = e_axis_formatter("currency")
  ) %>%
  e_x_axis(
```

<sup>7</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#xAxis>

<sup>8</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#yAxis>



```

    formatter = e_axis_formatter("percent", digits = 0)
  )

# plot all labels & rotate
USArrests %>%
  head(10) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(State = row.names(.)) %>%
  e_charts(State) %>%
  e_area(Murder) %>%
  e_x_axis(axisLabel = list(interval = 0, rotate = 45)) # rotate

```

---

e\_axis\_3d

*Axis 3D*


---

## Description

Customise 3D axis.

## Usage

```

e_axis_3d(e, axis = c("x", "y", "z"), index = 0, ...)

e_x_axis_3d(e, index = 0, ...)

e_y_axis_3d(e, index = 0, ...)

e_z_axis_3d(e, index = 0, ...)

```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
axis	Axis to customise.
index	Index of axis to customise.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional x arguments<sup>9</sup>, Additional y arguments<sup>10</sup>, Additional z arguments<sup>11</sup>

<sup>9</sup><http://www.echartsjs.com/option-gl.html#xAxis3D>

<sup>10</sup><http://www.echartsjs.com/option-gl.html#yAxis3D>

<sup>11</sup><http://www.echartsjs.com/option-gl.html#zAxis3D>

**Examples**

```

# phony data
v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z1 = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  z2 = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(
    z1 = sum(z1),
    z2 = sum(z2)
  ) %>%
  dplyr::ungroup()

trans <- list(opacity = 0.4) # transparency
emphasis <- list(itemStyle = list(color = "#313695"))

matrix %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_bar_3d(y, z1, stack = "stack", name = "Serie 1", itemStyle = trans, emphasis = emphasis)
  e_bar_3d(y, z2, stack = "stack", name = "Serie 2", itemStyle = trans, emphasis = emphasis)
  e_x_axis_3d(axisLine = list(lineStyle = list(color = "blue")))

```

---

`e_axis_pointer`*Axis pointer*

---

**Description**

Customise axis pointer.

**Usage**

```
e_axis_pointer(e, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`...` Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>12</sup>

---

<sup>12</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#axisPointer>

---

e_bar	<i>Bar and Line chart</i>
-------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Add bar serie.

**Usage**

```
e_bar(e, serie, bind, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
      x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

```
e_bar_(e, serie, bind = NULL, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
       y_index = 0, x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
x_index, y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>13</sup>

**Examples**

```
library(dplyr)

mtcars %>%
  mutate(
    model = row.names(.),
    total = mpg + qsec
  ) %>%
  arrange(desc(total)) %>%
  e_charts(model) %>%
  e_bar(mpg, stack = "grp") %>%
  e_bar(qsec, stack = "grp")
```

---

<sup>13</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-bar>

---

e\_bar\_3d

*Bar 3D*


---

### Description

Add 3D bars

### Usage

```
e_bar_3d(e, y, z, bind, coord_system = "cartesian3D", name = NULL,
        rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_bar_3d_(e, y, z, bind = NULL, coord_system = "cartesian3D",
          name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
y, z	Coordinates.
bind	Binding.
coord_system	Coordinate system to use, one of cartesian3D, geo3D, globe.
name	name of the serie.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>14</sup>

### Examples

```
## Not run:
# volcano
volcano %>%
  as.table() %>%
  as.data.frame() %>%
  dplyr::mutate(
    Var1 = as.integer(Var1),
    Var2 = as.integer(Var2)
  ) %>%
  e_charts(Var1) %>%
  e_bar_3d(Var2, Freq) %>%
  e_visual_map(Freq)

url <- paste0("https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/",
```

---

<sup>14</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-bar3D>

```

      "public/data-gl/asset/data/population.json")
data <- jsonlite::fromJSON(url)
data <- as.data.frame(data)
names(data) <- c("lon", "lat", "value")

# globe
data %>%
  e_charts(lon) %>%
  e_globe() %>%
  e_bar_3d(lat, value, coord_system = "globe") %>%
  e_visual_map()

# get3d
data %>%
  e_charts(lon) %>%
  e_geo_3d() %>%
  e_bar_3d(lat, value, coord_system = "geo3D") %>%
  e_visual_map()

# stacked
v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z1 = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  z2 = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(
    z1 = sum(z1),
    z2 = sum(z2)
  ) %>%
  dplyr::ungroup()

trans <- list(opacity = 0.4) # transparency
emphasis <- list(itemStyle = list(color = "#313695"))

matrix %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_bar_3d(y, z1, stack = "stack", name = "Serie 1", itemStyle = trans, emphasis = emphasis)
  e_bar_3d(y, z2, stack = "stack", name = "Serie 2", itemStyle = trans, emphasis = emphasis)
  e_legend()

# timeline
matrix %>%
  group_by(x) %>%
  e_charts(y, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_bar_3d(z1, z2) %>%
  e_visual_map(z2)

## End(Not run)

```

---

`e_boxplot`*Boxplot*

---

### Description

Draw boxplot.

### Usage

```
e_boxplot(e, serie, name = NULL, outliers = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_boxplot_(e, serie, name = NULL, outliers = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>serie</code>	Column name of serie to plot.
<code>name</code>	name of the serie.
<code>outliers</code>	Whether to plot outliers.
<code>...</code>	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>15</sup>

### Examples

```
df <- data.frame(  
  x = c(1:10, 25),  
  y = c(1:10, -6)  
)  
  
df %>%  
  e_charts() %>%  
  e_boxplot(y, outliers = TRUE) %>%  
  e_boxplot(x, outliers = TRUE)
```

---

<sup>15</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-boxplot>

---

`e_brush`*Brush*

---

**Description**

Add a brush.

**Usage**

```
e_brush(e, x_index = NULL, y_index = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>x_index</code>	Indexes of x and y axis.
<code>y_index</code>	Indexes of x and y axis.
<code>...</code>	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>16</sup>

**Examples**

```
quakes %>%
  e_charts(long) %>%
  e_geo(
    boundingCoords = list(
      c(190, -10),
      c(180, -40)
    )
  ) %>%
  e_scatter(lat, mag, stations, coord.system = "geo", name = "mag") %>%
  e_data(quakes, depth) %>%
  e_scatter(mag, mag, stations, name = "mag & depth") %>%
  e_grid(right = 40, top = 100, width = "30%") %>%
  e_y_axis(type = "value", name = "depth", min = 3.5) %>%
  e_brush() %>%
  e_theme("dark")
```

---

<sup>16</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#brush>

---

e_button	<i>Button</i>
----------	---------------

---

### Description

Add a button to your visualisation.

### Usage

```
e_button(e, id, ..., position = "top", tag = htmltools::tags$button)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
id	A valid CSS id.
...	Content of the button, compliant with htmltools.
position	Position of button, top or bottom.
tag	A Valid tags function.

### Examples

```
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length) %>%
  e_line(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_line(Petal.Length) %>%
  e_highlight(series_name = "setosa", btn = "myBtn") %>%
  e_button("myBtn", "highlight stuff")
```

---

e_calendar	<i>Calendar</i>
------------	-----------------

---

### Description

Calendar

### Usage

```
e_calendar(e, range, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
range	Range of calendar format, string or vector.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.



**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>17</sup>

**Examples**

```
# year
mtcars %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_calendar(range = "2017")

# month
mtcars %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_calendar(range = "2018-01")

# range
mtcars %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_calendar(range = c("2018-01", "2018-07"))
```

---

e\_candle

*Candlestick*


---

**Description**

Add a candlestick chart.

**Usage**

```
e_candle(e, opening, closing, low, high, bind, name = NULL,
  legend = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_candle_(e, opening, closing, low, high, bind = NULL, name = NULL,
  legend = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
opening, closing, low, high	Stock prices.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

---

<sup>17</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#calendar>

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>18</sup>

**Examples**

```
date <- c("2017-01-01", "2017-01-02", "2017-01-03", "2017-01-04", "2017-03-05",
         "2017-01-06", "2017-01-07")

stock <- data.frame(
  date = date,
  opening = c(200.60, 200.22, 198.43, 199.05, 203.54, 203.40, 208.34),
  closing = c(200.72, 198.85, 199.05, 203.73, 204.08, 208.11, 211.88),
  low = c(197.82, 198.07, 197.90, 198.10, 202.00, 201.50, 207.60),
  high = c(203.32, 200.67, 200.00, 203.95, 204.90, 208.44, 213.17)
)

stock %>%
  e_charts(date) %>%
  e_candle(opening, closing, low, high) %>%
  e_y_axis(min = 190, max = 220)
```

---

e\_capture

*Capture event*

---

**Description**

Add an event capture.

**Usage**

```
e_capture(e, event)
```

**Arguments**

**e** An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
**event** An event name from the event documentation<sup>19</sup>.

**Details**

Many events can be capture, however not all are integrated, you can pass one that is not implemented with this function.

---

<sup>18</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-candlestick>

<sup>19</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#events>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# add datazoom
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  echarts4rOutput("chart"),
  verbatimTextOutput("zoom")
)

server <- function(input, output){
  output$chart <- renderEcharts4r({
    mtcars %>%
      e_charts(mpg) %>%
      e_scatter(qsec) %>%
      e_datazoom() %>%
      e_capture("datazoom")
  })

  output$zoom <- renderPrint({
    input$chart_datazoom
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)
```

---

e\_cloud

*Wordcloud*


---

**Description**

Draw a wordcloud.

**Usage**

```
e_cloud(e, word, freq, color, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_cloud_(e, word, freq, color = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
word, freq	Terms and their frequencies.
color	Word color.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

official documentation<sup>20</sup>

**Examples**

```
words <- function(n = 5000) {
  a <- do.call(paste0, replicate(5, sample(LETTERS, n, TRUE), FALSE))
  paste0(a, sprintf("%04d", sample(9999, n, TRUE)), sample(LETTERS, n, TRUE))
}

tf <- data.frame(terms = words(100),
  freq = rnorm(100, 55, 10)) %>%
  dplyr::arrange(-freq)

tf %>%
  e_color_range(freq, color) %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_cloud(terms, freq, color, shape = "circle", sizeRange = c(3, 15))
```

---

e\_color

*Color*


---

**Description**

Customise chart and background colors.

**Usage**

```
e_color(e, color = NULL, background = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
color	Vector of colors.
background	Background color.

**See Also**

e\_theme, Official color documentation<sup>21</sup>, Official background documentation<sup>22</sup>

<sup>20</sup><https://github.com/ecomfe/echarts-wordcloud>

<sup>21</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#color>

<sup>22</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#backgroundColor>

## Examples

```
mtcars %>%  
  e_charts(drat) %>%  
  e_line(mpg) %>%  
  e_area(qsec) %>%  
  e_color(  
    c("red", "blue"),  
    "#d3d3d3"  
  )
```

---

e_color_range	<i>Color range</i>
---------------	--------------------

---

## Description

Build manual color range

## Usage

```
e_color_range(data, input, output, colors = c("#bf444c", "#d88273",  
  "#f6efa6"), ...)
```

```
e_color_range_(data, input, output, colors = c("#bf444c", "#d88273",  
  "#f6efa6"), ...)
```

## Arguments

data	Data.frame in which to find column names.
input, output	Input and output columns.
colors	Colors to pass to colorRampPalette.
...	Any other argument to pass to colorRampPalette.

## Examples

```
df <- data.frame(val = 1:10)  
  
e_color_range(df, val, colors)
```

---

e\_common                      *General options*

---

**Description**

General options

**Usage**

```
e_common(font_family = NULL, theme = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

font\_family    Font family.  
theme            A theme.

---

e\_correlations                *Correlation*

---

**Description**

Correlation

**Usage**

```
e_correlations(e, order = NULL, visual_map = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e                      An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
order                  Ordering method, passed to corrMatOrder.  
visual\_map            Whether to add the visual map.  
...                    Any argument to pass to e\_heatmap and e\_visual\_map.

**Examples**

```
cor(mtcars) %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_correlations(
    order = "hclust",
    visual_map = FALSE
  ) %>%
  e_visual_map(
    min = -1,
    max = 1
  )
```

---

e_country_names	<i>Country names</i>
-----------------	----------------------

---

**Description**

Convert country names to echarts format.

**Usage**

```
e_country_names(data, input, output, type = "iso2c", ...)  
e_country_names_(data, input, output = NULL, type = "iso2c", ...)
```

**Arguments**

data	Data.frame in which to find column names.
input, output	Input and output columns.
type	Passed to countrycode origin parameter.
...	Any other parameter to pass to countrycode.

**Details**

Taiwan and Hong Kong cannot be plotted.

**Examples**

```
cns <- data.frame(country = c("US", "BE"))  
  
# replace  
e_country_names(cns, country)  
  
# specify output  
e_country_names(cns, country, country.name)
```

---

e_datazoom	<i>Data zoom</i>
------------	------------------

---

**Description**

Add data zoom.

**Usage**

```
e_datazoom(e, x_index = NULL, y_index = NULL, toolbox = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
toolbox	Whether to add the toolbox, e_toolbox_feature, (e_toolbox_feature(e, "dataZoom")).
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>23</sup>

**Examples**

```
USArrests %>%
  e_charts(UrbanPop) %>%
  e_line(Assault) %>%
  e_area(Murder, y_index = 1, x_index = 1) %>%
  e_y_axis(gridIndex = 1) %>%
  e_x_axis(gridIndex = 1) %>%
  e_grid(height = "35%") %>%
  e_grid(height = "35%", top = "50%") %>%
  e_toolbox_feature("dataZoom", title = list(zoom = "zoom", back = "back")) %>%
  e_datazoom(x_index = c(0, 1))
```

---

e\_dispatch\_action\_p

*Dispatch Action*

---

**Description**

Create your own proxies, essentially a wrapper around the action API<sup>24</sup>.

**Usage**

```
e_dispatch_action_p(proxy, type, ...)
```

**Arguments**

proxy	An echarts4r proxy as returned by echarts4rProxy.
type	Type of action to dispatch, i.e.: highlight.
...	Named options.

<sup>23</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#dataZoom>

<sup>24</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action>



## Examples

```
## Not run:

library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
    column(8, echarts4rOutput("chart")),
    column(4, actionButton("zoom", "Zoom"))
  )
)

server <- function(input, output, session){

  output$chart <- renderEcharts4r({
    cars %>%
      e_charts(speed) %>%
      e_scatter(dist) %>%
      e_datazoom()
  })

  observe({
    req(input$zoom)

    echarts4rProxy("chart") %>%
      e_dispatch_action_p("dataZoom", startValue = 1, endValue = 10)
  })

}

shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)
```

---

e\_draft

*Draft*

---

## Description

Add a draft watermark to your graph.

## Usage

```
e_draft(e, text = "DRAFT", size = "120px", opacity = 0.4,
  color = "#d3d3d3")
```

**Arguments**

e                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
 text                Text to display.  
 size                Font size of text.  
 opacity, color     Opacity and color of text.

**Examples**

```
cars %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist) %>%
  e_draft()
```

---

e\_draw\_p

*Draw*


---

**Description**

Draw the chart.

**Usage**

```
e_draw_p(proxy)
```

**Arguments**

proxy              An echarts4r proxy as returned by echarts4rProxy.

**Details**

Useful if you set draw to FALSE in e\_charts.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  echarts4rOutput("chart"),
  actionButton("draw", "draw")
)

server <- function(input, output){
  output$chart <- renderEcharts4r({
    mtcars %>%
      e_charts(mpg, draw = FALSE) %>%

```

```

        e_scatter(qsec) %>%
        e_datazoom()
    })

    observeEvent(input$draw, {
      echarts4rProxy("chart") %>%
        e_draw_p()
    })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)

```

---

e\_error\_bar

*Error bar*


---

### Description

Add error bars.

### Usage

```
e_error_bar(e, lower, upper, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
            x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

```
e_error_bar_(e, lower, upper, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
             y_index = 0, x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
lower, upper	Lower and upper error bands.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(
  x = factor(c(1, 2)),
  y = c(1, 5),
  upper = c(1.1, 5.3),
  lower = c(0.8, 4.6)
)

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_bar(y) %>%
  e_error_bar(lower, upper)

# timeline
df <- data.frame(
  x = factor(c(1, 1, 2, 2)),
  y = c(1, 5, 3, 4),
  step = factor(c(1, 2, 1, 2)),
  upper = c(1.1, 5.3, 3.3, 4.2),
  lower = c(0.8, 4.6, 2.4, 3.6)
)

df %>%
  group_by(step) %>%
  e_charts(x, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_bar(y) %>%
  e_error_bar(lower, upper)
```

---

`e_facet`*Facet*

---

**Description**

Create facets for multiple plots.

**Usage**

```
e_facet(e, rows = 1, cols = 1)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An `echarts4r` object as returned by `e_charts`.  
`rows, cols` Number of rows and columns.

**Details**

Each serie, i.e.: `e_bar` will be plotted against a facet.

---

e_flip_coords	<i>Flip coordinates</i>
---------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

Flip cartesian 2D coordinates.

**Usage**

```
e_flip_coords(e)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(  
  x = LETTERS[1:5],  
  y = runif(5, 1, 5),  
  z = runif(5, 3, 10)  
)  
  
df %>%  
  e_charts(x) %>%  
  e_bar(y) %>%  
  e_line(z) -> plot  
  
plot # normal  
e_flip_coords(plot) # flip
```

---

e_flow_gl	<i>Flow GL</i>
-----------	----------------

---

**Description**

Flow GL

**Usage**

```
e_flow_gl(e, y, sx, sy, color, name = NULL, coord_system = NULL,  
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)  
  
e_flow_gl_(e, y, sx, sy, color = NULL, name = NULL,  
  coord_system = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
y	Vector position on the y axis.
sx, sy	Velocity in respective axis.
color	Vector color.
name	name of the serie.
coord_system	Coordinate system to use.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, only applies if coord_system is not null.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>25</sup>

**Examples**

```
# coordinates
vectors <- expand.grid(0:9, 0:9)
names(vectors) <- c("x", "y")
vectors$sx <- rnorm(100)
vectors$sy <- rnorm(100)
vectors$color <- log10(runif(100, 1, 10))

vectors %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_flow_gl(y, sx, sy, color) %>%
  e_visual_map(
    min = 0, max = 1, # log 10
    dimension = 4, # x = 0, y = 1, sx = 3, sy = 4
    show = FALSE, # hide
    inRange = list(
      color = c('#313695', '#4575b4', '#74add1', '#abd9e9', '#e0f3f8',
                '#ffffbf', '#fee090', '#fdae61', '#f46d43', '#d73027', '#a50026')
    )
  ) %>%
  e_x_axis(
    splitLine = list(show = FALSE)
  ) %>%
  e_y_axis(
    splitLine = list(show = FALSE)
  )

# map
latlong <- seq(-180, 180, by = 5)
wind = expand.grid(lng = latlong, lat = latlong)
wind$slng <- rnorm(nrow(wind), 0, 200)
wind$slat <- rnorm(nrow(wind), 0, 200)
```

<sup>25</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-flowGL>

```

wind$color <- abs(wind$slat) - abs(wind$slng)
rng <- range(wind$color)

trans <- list(opacity = 0.5) # transparency

wind %>%
  e_charts(lng, backgroundColor = '#333') %>%
  e_geo(
    itemStyle = list(
      normal = list(
        areaColor = "#323c48",
        borderColor = "#111"
      )
    )
  ) %>%
  e_flow_gl(lat, slng, slat, color,
    coord_system = "geo",
    itemStyle = trans,
    particleSize = 2
  ) %>%
  e_visual_map(
    min = rng[1], max = rng[2], # range
    dimension = 4, # lng = 0, lat = 1, slng = 2, slat = 3, color = 4
    show = FALSE, # hide
    inRange = list(
      color = c('#313695', '#4575b4', '#74add1', '#abd9e9', '#e0f3f8',
        '#ffffbf', '#fee090', '#fdae61', '#f46d43', '#d73027', '#a50026')
    )
  )

```

---

e\_focus\_adjacency\_p

*Node Adjacency*

---

### Description

Focus or unfocus on node adjacency.

### Usage

```
e_focus_adjacency_p(proxy, index, ...)
```

```
e_unfocus_adjacency_p(proxy, ...)
```

### Arguments

proxy	An echarts4r proxy as returned by echarts4rProxy.
index	Index of node to focus on.

... Any other options, see official documentation<sup>26</sup> and details.

### Details

Must pass `seriesId`, `seriesIndex`, or `seriesName`, generally `seriesIndex = 0` will work.

### Examples

```
value <- rnorm(10, 10, 2)

nodes <- data.frame(
  name = sample(LETTERS, 10),
  value = value,
  size = value,
  grp = rep(c("grp1", "grp2"), 5),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

edges <- data.frame(
  source = sample(nodes$name, 20, replace = TRUE),
  target = sample(nodes$name, 20, replace = TRUE),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

## Not run:

library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
    column(
      2, numericInput("index", "Node", value = 3, min = 1, max = 9)
    ),
    column(
      2, br(), actionButton("focus", "Focus")
    ),
    column(
      2, br(), actionButton("unfocus", "Unfocus")
    )
  ),
  fluidRow(
    column(12, echarts4rOutput("graph"))
  )
)

server <- function(input, output, session){

  output$graph <- renderEcharts4r({
    e_charts() %>%
    e_graph() %>%
```

<sup>26</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.graph>



```

        e_graph_nodes(nodes, name, value, size, grp) %>%
        e_graph_edges(edges, source, target)
    })

    observeEvent(input$focus, {

        echarts4rProxy("graph") %>%
        e_focus_adjacency(
            seriesIndex = 0,
            index = input$index
        )

    })

    observeEvent(input$unfocus, {

        echarts4rProxy("graph") %>%
        e_unfocus_adjacency(seriesIndex = 0)

    })

}

shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)

```

---

e\_format\_axis      *Formatters*

---

## Description

Simple formatters as helpers.

## Usage

```
e_format_axis(e, axis = "y", suffix = NULL, prefix = NULL, ...)
```

```
e_format_x_axis(e, suffix = NULL, prefix = NULL, ...)
```

```
e_format_y_axis(e, suffix = NULL, prefix = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

**e**                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.

**axis**                Axis to apply formatter to.

```
suffix, prefix      Suffix and prefix of label.
...                 Any other arguments to pass to e_axis.
```

### Examples

```
# Y = %
df <- data.frame(
  x = 1:10,
  y = round(
    runif(10, 1, 100), 2
  )
)

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_line(y) %>%
  e_format_y_axis(suffix = "%") %>%
  e_format_x_axis(prefix = "A")
```

---

e\_funnel

*Funnel*


---

### Description

Add a funnel.

### Usage

```
e_funnel(e, values, labels, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_funnel_(e, values, labels, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

```
e           An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
values, labels Values and labels of funnel.
name        name of the serie.
legend      Whether to add serie to legend.
rm_x, rm_y  Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...         Any other option to pass to bar or line char types.
```

**Details**

No bind argument here, with a funnel bind = labels.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>27</sup>

**Examples**

```
funnel <- data.frame(
  stage = c("View", "Click", "Purchase"),
  value = c(80, 30, 20)
)

funnel %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_funnel(value, stage)
```

---

e\_gauge

*Gauge*


---

**Description**

Plot a gauge.

**Usage**

```
e_gauge(e, value, name, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_gauge_(e, value, name, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
value	Value to gauge.
name	Text on gauge.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>28</sup>

<sup>27</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-funnel>

<sup>28</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-gauge>

**Examples**

```
e_charts() %>%
  e_gauge(57, "PERCENT")
```

---

e\_geo
*Geo***Description**

Initialise geo.

**Usage**

```
e_geo(e, map = "world", ...)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`map` Map type.

`...` Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>29</sup>

**Examples**

```
flights <- read.csv(
  paste0("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/",
        "master/2011_february_aa_flight_paths.csv")
)

flights %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_geo() %>%
  e_lines(
    start_lon,
    start_lat,
    end_lon,
    end_lat,
    name = "flights",
    lineStyle = list(normal = list(curveness = 0.3))
  )
```

---

<sup>29</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#geo>

---

e\_geo\_3d

*Geo 3D*


---

**Description**

Initialise geo 3D.

**Usage**

```
e_geo_3d(e, serie, color, type = "world", rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE,
  ...)
```

```
e_geo_3d_(e, serie = NULL, color = NULL, type = "world",
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
color	Color.
type	Map type.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

e\_country\_names, Additional arguments<sup>30</sup>

**Examples**

```
choropleth <- data.frame(
  countries = c("France", "Brazil", "China", "Russia", "Canada", "India", "United States",
    "Argentina", "Australia"),
  height = runif(9, 1, 5),
  color = c("#F7FBFF", "#DEEBF7", "#C6DBEF", "#9ECAE1", "#6BAED6", "#4292C6",
    "#2171B5", "#08519C", "#08306B")
)

choropleth %>%
  e_charts(countries) %>%
  e_geo_3d(height, color)
```

---

<sup>30</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#geo3D>

---

`e_get_data`*Get data*

---

**Description**

Get data passed to `e_charts`.

**Usage**

```
e_get_data(e)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An `echarts4r` object as returned by `e_charts`.

**Value**

A list of `data.frames`, one for each group.

**Examples**

```
echart <- cars %>%  
  e_charts(speed) %>%  
  e_scatter(dist) %>%  
  e_lm(dist ~ speed)  
  
echart  
  
e_get_data(echart)[[1]]
```

---

`e_globe`*Globe*

---

**Description**

Add globe.

**Usage**

```
e_globe(e, environment = NULL, base_texture = NULL,  
        height_texture = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
 environment        Texture of background.  
 base\_texture        Base texture of globe.  
 height\_texture     Texture of height.  
 ...                 Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

e\_country\_names, Additional arguments<sup>31</sup>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
url <- paste0("https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/",
              "public/data-gl/asset/data/population.json")
data <- jsonlite::fromJSON(url)
data <- as.data.frame(data)
names(data) <- c("lon", "lat", "value")

data %>%
  e_charts(lon) %>%
  e_globe(
    displacementScale = 0.04
  ) %>%
  e_bar_3d(lat, value, "globe") %>%
  e_visual_map(show = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

e\_graph

*Graph*


---

**Description**

Create a graph.

**Usage**

```
e_graph(e, layout = "force", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE,
  ...)

e_graph_gl(e, layout = "force", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

---

<sup>31</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#globe>

```
e_graph_nodes(e, nodes, names, value, size, category, legend = TRUE)
```

```
e_graph_edges(e, edges, source, target)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4 object as returned by e_charts.
layout	Layout, one of force, none or circular.
name	Name of graph.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove the x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other parameter.
nodes	Data.frame of nodes.
names	Names of nodes, unique.
value	values of nodes.
size	Size of nodes.
category	Group of nodes (i.e.: group membership).
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
edges	Data.frame of edges.
source, target	Column names of source and target.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>32</sup>, e\_modularity

### Examples

```
value <- rnorm(10, 10, 2)

nodes <- data.frame(
  name = sample(LETTERS, 10),
  value = value,
  size = value,
  grp = rep(c("grp1", "grp2"), 5),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

edges <- data.frame(
  source = sample(nodes$name, 20, replace = TRUE),
  target = sample(nodes$name, 20, replace = TRUE),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

e_charts() %>%
  e_graph() %>%
```

---

<sup>32</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-graph>



```
e_graph_nodes(nodes, name, value, size, grp) %>%
  e_graph_edges(edges, source, target)

#Use graphGL for larger networks
nodes <- data.frame(
  name = paste0(LETTERS, 1:1000),
  value = rnorm(1000, 10, 2),
  size = rnorm(1000, 10, 2),
  grp = rep(c("grp1", "grp2"), 500),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

edges <- data.frame(
  source = sample(nodes$name, 2000, replace = TRUE),
  target = sample(nodes$name, 2000, replace = TRUE),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

e_charts() %>%
  e_graph_gl() %>%
  e_graph_nodes(nodes, name, value, size, grp) %>%
  e_graph_edges(edges, source, target)
```

---

e\_graphic\_g

*Graphic*

---

### Description

Low level API to define graphic elements.

### Usage

e\_graphic\_g(e, ...)

e\_group\_g(e, ...)

e\_image\_g(e, ...)

e\_text\_g(e, ...)

e\_rect\_g(e, ...)

e\_circle\_g(e, ...)

e\_ring\_g(e, ...)

e\_sector\_g(e, ...)

```
e_arc_g(e, ...)  
e_polygon_g(e, ...)  
e_polyline_g(e, ...)  
e_line_g(e, ...)  
e_bezier_curve_g(e, ...)
```

### Arguments

e                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
...                  Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### Functions

- e\_graphic\_g to initialise graphics, entirely optional.
- e\_group\_g to create group, the children of which will share attributes.
- e\_image\_g to a png or jpg image.
- e\_text\_g to add text.
- e\_rect\_g to add a rectangle.
- e\_circle\_g to add a circle.
- e\_ring\_g to add a ring.
- e\_sector\_g
- e\_arc\_g to create an arc.
- e\_polygon\_g to create a polygon.
- e\_polyline\_g to create a polyline.
- e\_line\_g to draw a line.
- e\_bezier\_curve\_g to draw a quadratic bezier curve or cubic bezier curve.

### Note

Some elements, i.e.: e\_image\_g may not display in the RStudio browser but will work fine in your browser, R markdown documents and Shiny applications.

### See Also

official documentation<sup>33</sup>

---

<sup>33</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#graphic>

**Examples**

```
# may not work in RStudio viewer
# Open in browser
cars %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist) %>%
  e_image_g(
    right = 20,
    top = 20,
    z = -999,
    style = list(
      image = "https://www.r-project.org/logo/Rlogo.png",
      width = 150,
      height = 150,
      opacity = .6
    )
  )
)
```

e\_grid

*Grid***Description**

Customise grid.

**Usage**

```
e_grid(e, index = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

**e** An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.  
**index** Index of axis to customise.  
**...** Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>34</sup>

**Examples**

```
USArrests %>%
  e_charts(UrbanPop) %>%
  e_line(Assault, smooth = TRUE) %>%
  e_area(Murder, y.index = 1, x.index = 1) %>%
  e_y_axis(gridIndex = 1) %>%
```

<sup>34</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#grid>

```
e_x_axis(gridIndex = 1) %>%
e_grid(height = "40%") %>%
e_grid(height = "40%", top = "55%")
```

---

e\_grid\_3d

*Grid*


---

## Description

Customise grid.

## Usage

```
e_grid_3d(e, index = 0, ...)
```

## Arguments

**e** An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
**index** Index of axis to customise.  
**...** Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>35</sup>

## Examples

```
# phony data
v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z1 = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  z2 = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
) %>%
dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
dplyr::summarise(
  z1 = sum(z1),
  z2 = sum(z2)
) %>%
dplyr::ungroup()

trans <- list(opacity = 0.4) # transparency
emphasis <- list(itemStyle = list(color = "#313695"))
```

---

<sup>35</sup><http://www.echartsjs.com/option-gl.html#grid3D>

```
matrix %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_bar_3d(y, z1, stack = "stack", name = "Serie 1", itemStyle = trans, emphasis = emphasis)
  e_bar_3d(y, z2, stack = "stack", name = "Serie 2", itemStyle = trans, emphasis = emphasis)
  e_grid_3d(splitLine = list(lineStyle = list(color = "blue")))
```

---

e_heatmap	<i>Heatmap</i>
-----------	----------------

---

### Description

Draw heatmap by coordinates.

### Usage

```
e_heatmap(e, y, z, name = NULL, coord_system = "cartesian2d",
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, calendar = NULL, ...)

e_heatmap_(e, y, z = NULL, name = NULL, coord_system = "cartesian2d",
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, calendar = NULL, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
y, z	Coordinates and values.
name	name of the serie.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against, takes cartesian2d, geo or calendar.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, only applies if coord_system is not set to cartesian2d.
calendar	The index of the calendar to plot against.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>36</sup>

### Examples

```
v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

---

<sup>36</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-heatmap>

```

) %>%
  dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(z = sum(z)) %>%
  dplyr::ungroup()

matrix %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_heatmap(y, z, itemStyle = list(emphasis = list(shadowBlur = 10))) %>%
  e_visual_map(z)

# calendar
dates <- seq.Date(as.Date("2017-01-01"), as.Date("2018-12-31"), by = "day")
values <- rnorm(length(dates), 20, 6)

year <- data.frame(date = dates, values = values)

year %>%
  e_charts(date) %>%
  e_calendar(range = "2018") %>%
  e_heatmap(values, coord_system = "calendar") %>%
  e_visual_map(max = 30)

# calendar multiple years
year %>%
  dplyr::mutate(year = format(date, "%Y")) %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  e_charts(date) %>%
  e_calendar(range = "2017", top = 40) %>%
  e_calendar(range = "2018", top = 260) %>%
  e_heatmap(values, coord_system = "calendar") %>%
  e_visual_map(max = 30)

# map
quakes %>%
  e_charts(long) %>%
  e_geo(
    boundingCoords = list(
      c(190, -10),
      c(180, -40)
    )
  ) %>%
  e_heatmap(
    lat,
    mag,
    coord_system = "geo",
    blurSize = 5,
    pointSize = 3
  ) %>%
  e_visual_map(mag)

# timeline
library(dplyr)

```

```

axis <- LETTERS[1:10]
df <- expand.grid(axis, axis)

bind_rows(df, df) %>%
  mutate(
    values = runif(n(), 1, 10),
    grp = c(
      rep("A", 100),
      rep("B", 100)
    )
  ) %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts(Var1, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_heatmap(Var2, values) %>%
  e_visual_map(values)

```

---

e_highlight_p	<i>Highlight &amp; Downplay Proxy</i>
---------------	---------------------------------------

---

### Description

Proxies to highlight and downplay series.

### Usage

```
e_highlight_p(proxy, series_index = NULL, series_name = NULL)
```

```
e_downplay_p(proxy, series_index = NULL, series_name = NULL)
```

### Arguments

`proxy` An echarts4r proxy as returned by `echarts4rProxy`.

`series_index` Series index, can be a vector.

`series_name` Series Name, can be vector.

### Examples

```

## Not run:
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
    column(
      3,
      actionButton("highlightmpg", "Highlight MPG")
    ),
    column(
      3,

```

```

      actionButton("highlighthp", "Highlight HP")
    ),
    column(
      3,
      actionButton("downplaympg", "Downplay MPG")
    ),
    column(
      3,
      actionButton("downplayhp", "Downplay HP")
    )
  ),
  echarts4rOutput("plot")
)

server <- function(input, output, session){
  output$plot <- renderEcharts4r({
    mtcars %>%
      e_charts(mpg) %>%
      e_line(displacement) %>%
      e_line(hp, name = "HP") # explicitly pass name
  })

  # highlight

  observeEvent(input$highlightmpg, {
    echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
      e_highlight_p(series_index = 0) # using index
  })

  observeEvent(input$highlighthp, {
    echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
      e_highlight_p(series_name = "HP") # using name
  })

  # downplay

  observeEvent(input$downplaympg, {
    echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
      e_downplay_p(series_name = "disp")
  })

  observeEvent(input$downplayhp, {
    echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
      e_downplay_p(series_index = 1)
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)

```



---

e_histogram	<i>Histogram &amp; Density</i>
-------------	--------------------------------

---

**Description**

Add a histogram or density plots.

**Usage**

```
e_histogram(e, serie, breaks = "Sturges", name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
  bar_width = "99%", x_index = 0, y_index = 0, ...)
```

```
e_density(e, serie, breaks = "Sturges", name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
  x_index = 0, y_index = 0, smooth = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_histogram_(e, serie, breaks = "Sturges", name = NULL,
  legend = TRUE, bar_width = "90%", x_index = 0, y_index = 0, ...)
```

```
e_density_(e, serie, breaks = "Sturges", name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
  x_index = 0, y_index = 0, smooth = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
breaks	Passed to hist.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
bar_width	Width of bars.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
smooth	Whether to use smoothed lines, passed to e_line.

**Examples**

```
mtcars %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_histogram(mpg, name = "histogram") %>%
  e_density(mpg, areaStyle = list(opacity = .4), smooth = TRUE, name = "density", y_index =
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

# timeline
mtcars %>%
  group_by(cyl) %>%
```

```
e_charts(timeline = TRUE) %>%
e_histogram(mpg, name = "histogram") %>%
e_density(mpg, name = "density", y_index = 1)
```

---

e\_inspect

*To & From JSON*


---

## Description

Get JSON options from an echarts4r object and build one from JSON.

## Usage

```
e_inspect(e, json = FALSE, ...)

echarts_from_json(txt)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
json	Whether to return the JSON, otherwise returns a list.
...	Additional options to pass to toJSON.
txt	JSON character string, url, or file.

## Details

txt should contain the full list of options required to build a chart. This is subsequently passed to the setOption ECharts (JavaScript) function.

## Value

e\_inspect Returns a list if json is FALSE and a JSON string otherwise. echarts\_from\_json returns an object of class echarts4r.

## Note

Must be passed as last option.

## Examples

```
p <- cars %>%
  e_charts(dist) %>%
  e_scatter(speed, symbol_size = 10)

p # plot

# extract the JSON
```

```

json <- p %>%
  e_inspect(
    json = TRUE,
    pretty = TRUE
  )

# print json
json

# rebuild plot
echarts_from_json(json) %>%
  e_theme("dark") # modify

```

---

e\_labels

*Format labels*


---

## Description

Format labels

## Usage

```
e_labels(e, show = TRUE, position = "top", ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
show	Set to TRUE to show the labels.
position	Position of labels, see official documentation <sup>37</sup> for the full list of options.
...	Any other options see documentation <sup>38</sup> for other options.

## Examples

```

mtcars %>%
  e_chart(wt) %>%
  e_scatter(qsec, cyl) %>%
  e_labels(fontSize = 9)

mtcars %>%
  group_by(cyl) %>%
  e_chart(wt) %>%
  e_scatter(qsec, mpg) %>%
  e_labels(fontSize = 9)

# timeline

```

<sup>37</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line.label.position>

<sup>38</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line.label>

```
mtcars %>%
  group_by(cyl) %>%
  e_chart(wt) %>%
  e_scatter(qsec, mpg) %>%
  e_labels(fontSize = 9)
```

---

e\_leaflet

*Leaflet*


---

## Description

Leaflet extension.

## Usage

```
e_leaflet(e, roam = TRUE, ...)

e_leaflet_tile(e,
  template = "https://{s}.tile.openstreetmap.fr/hot/{z}/{x}/{y}.png",
  options = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
roam	Whether to allow the user to roam.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
template	urlTemplate, should not be changed.
options	List of options, including attribution and label.

## Note

Will not render in the RStudio, open in browser.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
url <- paste0("https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/",
  "public/data-gl/asset/data/population.json")
data <- jsonlite::fromJSON(url)
data <- as.data.frame(data)
names(data) <- c("lon", "lat", "value")
data$value <- log(data$value)

data %>%
  e_charts(lon) %>%
  e_leaflet() %>%
  e_leaflet_tile() %>%
```

```
e_scatter(lat, size = value, coord.system = "leaflet")
## End(Not run)
```

---

e\_legend

*Legend*


---

## Description

Customise the legend.

## Usage

```
e_legend(e, show = TRUE, type = c("plain", "scroll"), icons = NULL,
...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
show	Set to FALSE to hide the legend.
type	Type of legend, plain or scroll.
icons	A optional list of icons the same length as there are series, see example.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>39</sup>

## Examples

```
e <- cars %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist, symbol_size = 5)

# with legend
e

# without legend
e %>%
  e_legend(show = FALSE)

# with icon
# path is taken from http://svgicons.sparkk.fr/
path <- paste0(
  "path://M11.344,5.71c0-0.73,0.074-1.122,1.199-1.122",
```

---

<sup>39</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#legend>

```

    "h1.502V1.871h-2.404c-2.886,0-3.903,1.36-3.903,3.646",
    "v1.765h-1.8V10h1.8v8.128h3.601V10h2.40310.32-2.718h",
    "-2.724L11.344,5.71z"
)

e %>%
  e_line(
    icons = list(path)
  )

```

---

e\_line

*Line*


---

## Description

Add line serie.

## Usage

```
e_line(e, serie, bind, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
       x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

```
e_line_(e, serie, bind = NULL, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
        y_index = 0, x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>40</sup>

---

<sup>40</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line>

**Examples**

```
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length) %>%
  e_line(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

# timeline
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_line(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")
```

---

e\_lines

*Lines*


---

**Description**

Add lines.

**Usage**

```
e_lines(e, source_lon, source_lat, target_lon, target_lat, source_name,
        target_name, value, coord_system = "geo", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
        rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_lines_(e, source_lon, source_lat, target_lon, target_lat,
          source_name = NULL, target_name = NULL, value = NULL,
          coord_system = "geo", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

**e** An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.

**source\_lon, source\_lat, target\_lon, target\_lat** coordinates.

**source\_name, target\_name** Names of source and target.

**value** Value of edges.

**coord\_system** Coordinate system to use, one of geo, or cartesian2d.

**name** name of the serie.

**rm\_x, rm\_y** Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.

**...** Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>41</sup>

**Examples**

```

flights <- read.csv(
  paste0("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/",
        "master/2011_february_aa_flight_paths.csv")
)

flights %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_geo() %>%
  e_lines(
    start_lon,
    start_lat,
    end_lon,
    end_lat,
    airport1,
    airport2,
    cnt,
    name = "flights",
    lineStyle = list(normal = list(curveness = 0.3))
  ) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger="item",
    formatter = htmlwidgets::JS("
      function(params){
        return(
          params.seriesName + '<br />' +
          params.data.source_name + ' -> ' +
          params.data.target_name + ':' + params.value
        )
      }
    ")
  )

# timeline
flights$grp <- rep(LETTERS[1:2], 89)

flights %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts(timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_geo() %>%
  e_lines(
    start_lon,
    start_lat,
    end_lon,
    end_lat,
    cnt,
    coord_system = "geo"
  )

```

---

<sup>41</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-lines>



)

---

`e_lines_3d`*Lines 3D*

---

**Description**

Add 3D lines.

**Usage**

```
e_lines_3d(e, source_lon, source_lat, target_lon, target_lat, source_name,
  target_name, value, name = NULL, coord_system = "globe",
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_line_3d(e, y, z, name = NULL, coord_system = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_lines_3d_(e, source_lon, source_lat, target_lon, target_lat,
  source_name = NULL, target_name = NULL, value = NULL,
  name = NULL, coord_system = "globe", rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE,
  ...)
```

```
e_line_3d_(e, y, z, name = NULL, coord_system = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>source_lon, source_lat, target_lon, target_lat</code>	coordinates.
<code>source_name, target_name</code>	Names of source and target.
<code>value</code>	Value of edges.
<code>name</code>	name of the serie.
<code>coord_system</code>	Coordinate system to use, such as cartesian3D, or globe.
<code>rm_x, rm_y</code>	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
<code>...</code>	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
<code>y, z</code>	Coordinates of lines.

**See Also**Additional arguments for lines 3D<sup>42</sup>, Additional arguments for line 3D<sup>43</sup><https://echarts4r-assets.john-coene.com><sup>42</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-lines3D><sup>43</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-line3D>

**Examples**

```

# get data
flights <- read.csv(
  paste0("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/",
        "master/2011_february_aa_flight_paths.csv")
)

# Lines 3D
# Globe
# get tetures: echarts4r-assets.john-coene.com
flights %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_globe(
    displacementScale = 0.05
  ) %>%
  e_lines_3d(
    start_lon,
    start_lat,
    end_lon,
    end_lat,
    name = "flights",
    effect = list(show = TRUE)
  ) %>%
  e_legend(FALSE)

# Geo 3D
flights %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_geo_3d() %>%
  e_lines_3d(
    start_lon,
    start_lat,
    end_lon,
    end_lat,
    coord_system = "geo3D"
  )

# groups
flights$grp <- rep(LETTERS[1:2], 89)

flights %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_geo_3d() %>%
  e_lines_3d(
    start_lon,
    start_lat,
    end_lon,
    end_lat,
    coord_system = "geo3D"
  )

```

```

# line 3D
df <- data.frame(
  x = 1:100,
  y = runif(100, 10, 25),
  z = rnorm(100, 100, 50)
)

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_line_3d(y, z) %>%
  e_visual_map() %>%
  e_title("nonsense")

# timeline
df$grp <- rep(LETTERS[1:5], 20)

df %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_line_3d(y, z) %>%
  e_visual_map() %>%
  e_title("nonsense")

```

---

e\_lines\_gl

*Lines WebGL*


---

## Description

Draw WebGL lines.

## Usage

```
e_lines_gl(e, data, coord_system = "geo", ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
data	A list.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
...	Any other options, see this example <sup>44</sup> for possible options, as this series type is mostly undocumented.

---

<sup>44</sup><https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/public/editor.html?c=linesGL-ny&gl=1>

---

e_liquid	<i>Liquid fill</i>
----------	--------------------

---

### Description

Draw liquid fill.

### Usage

```
e_liquid(e, serie, color, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_liquid_(e, serie, color = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
color	Color to plot.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### See Also

[official documentation](#)<sup>45</sup>

### Examples

```
df <- data.frame(val = c(0.6, 0.5, 0.4))  
  
df %>%  
  e_charts() %>%  
  e_liquid(val) %>%  
  e_theme("dark")
```

---

<sup>45</sup><https://github.com/ecomfe/echarts-liquidfill>

---

e_list	<i>List</i>
--------	-------------

---

### Description

simply pass a list of options, similar to a JSON.

### Usage

```
e_list(e, list, append = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
list	A list of options passed to setOptions.
append	if TRUE the list is appended to the options, otherwise it <i>overwrites</i> everything.

### Examples

```
N <- 20 # data points

opts <- list(
  xAxis = list(
    type = "category",
    data = LETTERS[1:N]
  ),
  yAxis = list(
    type = "value"
  ),
  series = list(
    list(
      type = "line",
      data = round(runif(N, 5, 20))
    )
  )
)

e_charts() %>%
  e_list(opts)
```

e\_lm

*Smooth***Description**

Plot formulas.

**Usage**

```
e_lm(e, formula, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, symbol = "none",
     smooth = TRUE, ...)

e_glm(e, formula, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, symbol = "none",
      smooth = TRUE, ...)

e_loess(e, formula, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, symbol = "none",
        smooth = TRUE, x_index = 0, y_index = 0, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
formula	formula to pass to lm.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
symbol	Symbol to use in e_line.
smooth	Whether to smooth the line.
...	Additional arguments to pass to e_line.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.

**Examples**

```
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length) %>%
  e_scatter(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_lm(Sepal.Width ~ Sepal.Length) %>%
  e_x_axis(min = 4)

mtcars %>%
  e_charts(displ) %>%
  e_scatter(mpg, qsec) %>%
  e_loess(mpg ~ displ, smooth = TRUE, showSymbol = FALSE)

# timeline
iris %>%
```

```

group_by(Species) %>%
e_charts(Sepal.Length, timeline = TRUE) %>%
e_scatter(Sepal.Width) %>%
e_lm(Sepal.Width ~ Sepal.Length) %>%
e_x_axis(min = 4, max = 8) %>%
e_y_axis(max = 5)

```

---

e\_map

*Choropleth*


---

### Description

Draw maps.

### Usage

```

e_map(e, serie, map = "world", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
      rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_map_(e, serie = NULL, map = "world", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
      rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_map_3d(e, serie, map = "world", name = NULL, coord_system = NULL,
      rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_map_3d_(e, serie = NULL, map = "world", name = NULL,
      coord_system = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_map_3d_custom(e, id, value, height, map = NULL, name = NULL,
      rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Values to plot.
map	Map type.
name	name of the serie.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
coord_system	Coordinate system to use, one of cartesian3D, geo3D, globe.
id, value, height	Columns corresponding to registered map.

**See Also**

e\_country\_names, Additional map arguments<sup>46</sup>, Additional map 3D arguments<sup>47</sup>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
choropleth <- data.frame(
  countries = c("France", "Brazil", "China", "Russia", "Canada", "India", "United States",
               "Argentina", "Australia"),
  values = round(runif(9, 10, 25))
)

choropleth %>%
  e_charts(countries) %>%
  e_map(values) %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 10, max = 25)

choropleth %>%
  e_charts(countries) %>%
  e_map_3d(values, shading = "lambert") %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 10, max = 30)

# custom
buildings <- jsonlite::read_json(
  paste0(
    "https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/",
    "public/data-gl/asset/data/buildings.json"
  )
)

heights <- purrr::map(buildings$features, "properties") %>%
  purrr::map("height") %>%
  unlist()

names <- purrr::map(buildings$features, "properties") %>%
  purrr::map("name") %>%
  unlist()

data <- dplyr::tibble(
  name = names,
  value = round(runif(length(names), 0, 1), 6),
  height = heights / 10
)

data %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_map_register("buildings", buildings) %>%
  e_map_3d_custom(name, value, height) %>%
  e_visual_map(
    show = FALSE,
```

<sup>46</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-map>

<sup>47</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-map3D>



```

    min = 0.4,
    max = 1
  )

# timeline
choropleth <- data.frame(
  countries = rep(choropleth$countries, 3)
) %>%
dplyr::mutate(
  grp = c(
    rep(2016, nrow(choropleth)),
    rep(2017, nrow(choropleth)),
    rep(2018, nrow(choropleth))
  ),
  values = runif(27, 1, 10)
)

choropleth %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts(countries, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_map(values) %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 1, max = 10)

choropleth %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts(countries, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_map_3d(values) %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 1, max = 10)

## End(Not run)

```

---

e_map_register	<i>Register map</i>
----------------	---------------------

---

## Description

Register a [geojson](http://geojson.org/)<sup>48</sup> map.

## Usage

```
e_map_register(e, name, json)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
name	Name of map, to use in e_map.
json	<a href="http://geojson.org/">Geojson</a> <sup>49</sup> .

---

<sup>48</sup><http://geojson.org/>

<sup>49</sup><http://geojson.org/>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
json <- jsonlite::read_json("http://www.echartsjs.com/gallery/data/asset/geo/USA.json")

USArrests %>%
  dplyr::mutate(states = row.names(.)) %>%
  e_charts(states) %>%
  e_map_register("USA", json) %>%
  e_map(Murder, map = "USA") %>%
  e_visual_map(Murder)

## End(Not run)
```

---

e\_mark\_point

*Mark point*


---

**Description**

Mark points and lines.

**Usage**

```
e_mark_point(e, serie = NULL, data = NULL, ...)
e_mark_line(e, serie = NULL, data = NULL, ...)
e_mark_area(e, serie = NULL, data = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Serie or vector of series to mark on, defaults to all series.
data	Placement.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional point arguments<sup>50</sup>, Additional line arguments<sup>51</sup>

<sup>50</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line.markPoint>

<sup>51</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line.markLine>

**Examples**

```

max <- list(
  name = "Max",
  type = "max"
)

min <- list(
  name = "Min",
  type = "min"
)

avg <- list(
  type = "average",
  name = "AVG"
)

mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_line(wt) %>%
  e_line(drat) %>%
  e_line(cyl) %>%
  e_mark_point("wt", data = max) %>%
  e_mark_point(c("cyl", "drat"), data = min) %>%
  e_mark_line(data = avg) %>% # applies to all
  e_mark_area(serie = "wt", data = list(
    list(xAxis = "min", yAxis = "min"),
    list(xAxis = "max", yAxis = "max")
  )
)

```

---

e\_modularity

*Modularity*


---

**Description**

Graph modularity extension will do community detection and partian a graph's vertices in several subsets. Each subset will be assigned a different color.

**Usage**

```
e_modularity(e, modularity = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

**e** An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.

**modularity** Either set to TRUE, or a list.

**Modularity**

- resolution Resolution
- sort Whether to sort to communities

**Note**

Does not work in RStudio viewer, open in browser.

**See Also**

Official documentation<sup>52</sup>

**Examples**

```
nodes <- data.frame(
  name = paste0(LETTERS, 1:100),
  value = rnorm(100, 10, 2),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

edges <- data.frame(
  source = sample(nodes$name, 200, replace = TRUE),
  target = sample(nodes$name, 200, replace = TRUE),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

e_charts() %>%
  e_graph() %>%
  e_graph_nodes(nodes, name, value) %>%
  e_graph_edges(edges, source, target) %>%
  e_modularity(
    list(
      resolution = 5,
      sort = TRUE
    )
  )
```

---

e\_parallel

*Parallel*

---

**Description**

Draw parallel coordinates.

---

<sup>52</sup><https://github.com/ecomfe/echarts-graph-modularity>

**Usage**

```
e_parallel(e, ..., name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE)
e_parallel_(e, ..., name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.  
`...` Any other option to pass, check See Also section.  
`name` name of the serie.  
`rm_x, rm_y` Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>53</sup>

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(
  price = rnorm(5, 10),
  amount = rnorm(5, 15),
  letter = LETTERS[1:5]
)

df %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_parallel(price, amount, letter)
```

---

e_pictorial	<i>Pictorial</i>
-------------	------------------

---

**Description**

Pictorial bar chart is a type of bar chart that customized glyph (like images, SVG PathData) can be used instead of rectangular bar.

**Usage**

```
e_pictorial(e, serie, symbol, bind, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
  y_index = 0, x_index = 0, ...)

e_pictorial_(e, serie, symbol, bind = NULL, name = NULL,
  legend = TRUE, y_index = 0, x_index = 0, ...)
```

<sup>53</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-parallel>

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
symbol	Symbol to plot.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**Symbols**

- Built-in circle, rect, roundRect, triangle, diamond, pin, arrow.
- SVG Path
- Images Path to image, don't forget to precede it with image://, see examples.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>54</sup>

**Examples**

```
# built-in symbols
y <- rnorm(10, 10, 2)
df <- data.frame(
  x = 1:10,
  y = y,
  z = y - rnorm(10, 5, 1)
)

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_bar(z, barWidth = 10) %>%
  e_pictorial(y, symbol = "rect", symbolRepeat = TRUE, z = -1,
    symbolSize = c(10, 4)) %>%
  e_theme("westeros")

# svg path
path <- "path://M0,10 L10,10 C5.5,10 5.5,5 5,0 C4.5,5 4.5,10 0,10 z"

style <- list(
  normal = list(opacity = 0.5), # normal
  emphasis = list(opacity = 1) # on hover
)
```

<sup>54</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-pictorialBar>

```

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_pictorial(y, symbol = path, barCategoryGap = "-130%",
             itemStyle = style)

# image
# might not work in RStudio viewer
# open in browser
qomo <- paste0(
  "https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/public/",
  "data/asset/img/hill-Qomolangma.png"
)

kili <- paste0(
  "https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/public/",
  "data/asset/img/hill-Kilimanjaro.png"
)

data <- data.frame(
  x = c("Qomolangma", "Kilimanjaro"),
  value = c(8844, 5895),
  symbol = c(paste0("image://", qomo),
             paste0("image://", kili))
)

data %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_pictorial(value, symbol) %>%
  e_legend(FALSE)

# timeline
df <- data.frame(
  x = rep(1:5, 2),
  y = runif(10, 1, 10),
  year = c(
    rep(2017, 5),
    rep(2018, 5)
  )
)

df %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  e_charts(x, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_pictorial(
    y, symbol = "rect",
    symbolRepeat = TRUE, z = -1,
    symbolSize = c(10, 4)
  )

```

**Description**

Draw pie and donut charts.

**Usage**

```
e_pie(e, serie, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, rm_x = TRUE,
      rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_pie_(e, serie, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, rm_x = TRUE,
       rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>55</sup>

**Examples**

```
mtcars %>%
  head() %>%
  dplyr::mutate(model = row.names(.)) %>%
  e_charts(model) %>%
  e_pie(carb)

# timeline
df <- data.frame(
  grp = c("A", "A", "A", "B", "B", "B"),
  labels = rep(LETTERS[1:3], 2),
  values = runif(6, 1, 5)
)

df %>%
  group_by(grp) %>%
  e_charts(labels, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_pie(values)
```

---

<sup>55</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-pie>



---

e_polar	<i>Polar</i>
---------	--------------

---

### Description

Customise polar coordinates.

### Usage

```
e_polar(e, show = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
show	Whether to display the axis.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>56</sup>

### Examples

```
df <- data.frame(x = 1:10, y = seq(1, 20, by = 2))

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_polar() %>%
  e_angle_axis() %>%
  e_radius_axis() %>%
  e_line(y, coord.system = "polar", smooth = TRUE)
```

---

e_radar	<i>Radar</i>
---------	--------------

---

### Description

Add a radar chart

---

<sup>56</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#polar>

**Usage**

```
e_radar(e, serie, max = 100, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
        rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_radar_(e, serie, max = 100, name = NULL, legend = TRUE,
         rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
max	Maximum value.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(
  x = LETTERS[1:5],
  y = runif(5, 1, 5),
  z = runif(5, 3, 7)
)

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_radar(y, max = 7) %>%
  e_radar(z) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "item")
```

---

e\_radar\_opts

*Radar axis*


---

**Description**

Radar axis setup and options.

**Usage**

```
e_radar_opts(e, index = 0, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
index	Index of axis to customise.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

---

e_restore	<i>Restore Toolbox</i>
-----------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Restore Toolbox.

**Usage**

```
e_restore(e, btn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
btn	A e_button id.

**Examples**

```
cars %>%  
  e_charts(speed) %>%  
  e_scatter(dist) %>%  
  e_datazoom() %>%  
  e_restore("btn") %>%  
  e_button("btn", "Reset")
```

---

e_river	<i>River</i>
---------	--------------

---

**Description**

Build a theme river.

**Usage**

```
e_river(e, serie, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, rm_x = TRUE,  
        rm_y = TRUE, ...)  
  
e_river_(e, serie, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, rm_x = TRUE,  
         rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>57</sup>

**Examples**

```

dates <- seq.Date(Sys.Date() - 30, Sys.Date(), by = "day")
grps <- lapply(LETTERS[1:3], rep, 31) %>% unlist

df <- data.frame(
  dates = rep(dates, 3),
  groups = grps,
  values = runif(length(grps), 1, 50)
)

df %>%
  group_by(groups) %>%
  e_charts(dates) %>%
  e_river(values) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

```

---

e\_sankey

*Sankey*

---

**Description**

Draw a sankey diagram.

**Usage**

```

e_sankey(e, source, target, value, layout = "none", rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_sankey_(e, source, target, value, layout = "none", rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)

```

---

<sup>57</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-themeRiver>

**Arguments**

**e** An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
**source, target** Source and target columns.  
**value** Value change from source to target.  
**layout** Layout of sankey.  
**rm\_x, rm\_y** Whether to remove the x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.  
**...** Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>58</sup>

**Examples**

```

sankey <- data.frame(
  source = c("a", "b", "c", "d", "c"),
  target = c("b", "c", "d", "e", "e"),
  value = ceiling(rnorm(5, 10, 1)),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

sankey %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_sankey(source, target, value)

```

---

e\_scatter

*Scatter*


---

**Description**

Add scatter serie.

**Usage**

```

e_scatter(e, serie, size, bind, symbol = NULL, symbol_size = 1,
  scale = e_scale, scale_js = "function(data){ return data[3];}",
  name = NULL, coord_system = "cartesian2d", jitter_factor = 0,
  jitter_amount = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0, x_index = 0,
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_effect_scatter(e, serie, size, bind, symbol = NULL, symbol_size = 1,
  scale = e_scale, scale_js = "function(data){ return data[3];}",
  name = NULL, coord_system = "cartesian2d", legend = TRUE,

```

---

<sup>58</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-sankey>

```

    y_index = 0, x_index = 0, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_scale(x)

e_scatter_(e, serie, size = NULL, bind = NULL, symbol = NULL,
  symbol_size = 1, scale = e_scale,
  scale_js = "function(data){ return data[3];}", name = NULL,
  coord_system = "cartesian2d", jitter_factor = 0,
  jitter_amount = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0, x_index = 0,
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

e_effect_scatter_(e, serie, size = NULL, bind = NULL, symbol = NULL,
  symbol_size = 1, scale = e_scale,
  scale_js = "function(data){ return data[3];}", name = NULL,
  coord_system = "cartesian2d", legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
  x_index = 0, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)

```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
size	Column name containing size of points.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.
symbol	The symbol to use, default to NULL, can also be circle, rect, roundRect, triangle, diamond, pin, arrow, or none.
symbol_size	Size of points, either an integer or a vector of length 2, if size is <i>not</i> NULL or missing it is applied as a multiplier to scale.
scale	A function that takes a vector of numeric and returns a vector of numeric of the same length. You can disable the scaling by setting it to NULL.
scale_js	the JavaScript scaling function.
name	name of the serie.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against, see examples.
jitter_factor, jitter_amount	Jitter points, passed to jitter.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, only applies if coord_system is not set to cartesian2d.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
x	A vector of integers or numeric.

### Scaling function

defaults to e\_scale which is a basic function that rescales size between 1 and 20 for that makes for decent sized points on the chart.

**See Also**

Additional arguments scatter<sup>59</sup>, Additional arguments for effect scatter<sup>60</sup>

**Examples**

```
# scaling
e_scale(c(1, 1000))

mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_scatter(wt, qsec)

# custom function
my_scale <- function(x) scales::rescale(x, to = c(2, 50))

echart <- mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_scatter(wt, qsec, scale = my_scale)

echart

# rescale color too
echart %>%
  e_visual_map(wt, scale = my_scale)

# or
echart %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 2, max = 50)

# disable scaling
mtcars %>%
  e_charts(qsec) %>%
  e_scatter(wt, mpg, scale = NULL)

# jitter point
mtcars %>%
  e_charts(cyl) %>%
  e_scatter(wt, symbol_size = 5) %>%
  e_scatter(wt, jitter_factor = 2, legend = FALSE)

# examples
USArrests %>%
  e_charts(Assault) %>%
  e_scatter(Murder, Rape) %>%
  e_effect_scatter(Rape, Murder, y_index = 1) %>%
  e_grid(index = c(0, 1)) %>%
  e_tooltip()

iris %>%
  e_charts_("Sepal.Length") %>%
```

<sup>59</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-scatter>

<sup>60</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-effectScatter>

```

e_scatter_(
  "Sepal.Width",
  symbol_size = c(8, 2),
  symbol = "rect"
) %>%
e_x_axis(min = 4)

quakes %>%
  e_charts(long) %>%
  e_geo(
    roam = TRUE,
    boundingCoords = list(
      c(185, -10),
      c(165, -40)
    )
  ) %>%
  e_scatter(lat, mag, coord_system = "geo") %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 4, max = 6.5)

# timeline
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Petal.Width, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_scatter(Sepal.Width, Sepal.Length) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

```

---

e\_scatter\_3d

*Scatter 3D*


---

## Description

Add 3D scatter.

## Usage

```
e_scatter_3d(e, y, z, color, size, bind, coord_system = "cartesian3D",
  name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, legend = FALSE, ...)
```

```
e_scatter_3d_(e, y, z, color = NULL, size = NULL, bind = NULL,
  coord_system = "cartesian3D", name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, legend = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
y, z	Coordinates.
color, size	Color and Size of bubbles.



bind	Binding.
coord_system	Coordinate system to use, one of geo3D, globe, or cartesian3D.
name	name of the serie.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>61</sup>

## Examples

```
v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  color = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  size = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
) %>%
dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
dplyr::summarise(
  z = sum(z),
  color = sum(color),
  size = sum(size)
) %>%
dplyr::ungroup()

matrix %>%
e_charts(x) %>%
e_scatter_3d(y, z, size, color) %>%
e_visual_map(
  min = 1, max = 100,
  inRange = list(symbolSize = c(1, 30)), # scale size
  dimension = 3 # third dimension 0 = x, y = 1, z = 2, size = 3
) %>%
e_visual_map(
  min = 1, max = 100,
  inRange = list(color = c('#bf444c', '#d88273', '#f6efa6')), # scale colors
  dimension = 4, # third dimension 0 = x, y = 1, z = 2, size = 3, color = 4
  bottom = 300 # padding to avoid visual maps overlap
)

airports <- read.csv(
  paste0("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/plotly/datasets/",
        "master/2011_february_us_airport_traffic.csv")
)
```

---

<sup>61</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-scatter3D>

```

airports %>%
  e_charts(long) %>%
  e_globe(
    globeOuterRadius = 100
  ) %>%
  e_scatter_3d(lat, cnt, coord_system = "globe", blendMode = 'lighter') %>%
  e_visual_map(inRange = list(symbolSize = c(1, 10)))

# timeline
airports %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  e_charts(long, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_globe(
    globeOuterRadius = 100
  ) %>%
  e_scatter_3d(lat, cnt, coord_system = "globe", blendMode = 'lighter') %>%
  e_visual_map(inRange = list(symbolSize = c(1, 10)))

```

---

e\_scatter\_gl

*Scatter GL*


---

## Description

Draw scatter GL.

## Usage

```
e_scatter_gl(e, y, z, name = NULL, coord_system = "geo", rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_scatter_gl_(e, y, z, name = NULL, coord_system = "geo",
  rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
y, z	Column names containing y and z data.
name	name of the serie.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>62</sup>

---

<sup>62</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/option-gl.html#series-scatterGL>

**Examples**

```

quakes %>%
  e_charts(long) %>%
  e_geo(
    roam = TRUE,
    boundingCoords = list(
      c(185, -10),
      c(165, -40)
    )
  ) %>%
  e_scatter_gl(lat, depth)

# timeline
quakes$year <- rep(c("2017", "2018"), 500)

quakes %>%
  group_by(year) %>%
  e_charts(long, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_geo(
    roam = TRUE,
    boundingCoords = list(
      c(185, -10),
      c(165, -40)
    )
  ) %>%
  e_scatter_gl(lat, depth)

```

---

*e\_showtip\_p**Tooltip Proxy*

---

**Description**

Proxies to show or hide tooltip.

**Usage**

```
e_showtip_p(proxy, ...)
```

```
e_hidetip_p(proxy)
```

**Arguments**

`proxy` An echarts4r proxy as returned by `echarts4rProxy`.

`...` Any other option, see `showTip`<sup>63</sup>.

---

<sup>63</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.tooltip>

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
library(shiny)

ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
    actionButton("show", "Show tooltip"),
    actionButton("hide", "Hide tooltip")
  ),
  fluidRow(
    echarts4rOutput("plot"),
    h3("clicked Data"),
    verbatimTextOutput("clickedData"),
    h3("clicked Serie"),
    verbatimTextOutput("clickedSerie"),
    h3("clicked Row"),
    verbatimTextOutput("clickedRow")
  )
)

server <- function(input, output, session){
  output$plot <- renderEcharts4r({
    mtcars %>%
      e_charts(mpg) %>%
      e_line(displacement, bind = carb, name = "displacement") %>%
      e_line(hp) %>%
      e_x_axis(min = 10) %>%
      e_tooltip(show = FALSE) %>%
      e_theme("westeros")
  })

  observeEvent(input$show, {
    echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
      e_showtip_p(
        name = "displacement",
        position = list(5, 5)
      )
  })

  observeEvent(input$hide, {
    echarts4rProxy("plot") %>%
      e_hidetip_p()
  })

  output$clickedData <- renderPrint({
    input$plot_clicked_data
  })

  output$clickedSerie <- renderPrint({
    input$plot_clicked_serie
  })
}

```

```
        output$clickedRow <- renderPrint({
          input$plot_clicked_row
        })
      }

      shinyApp(ui, server)

## End(Not run)
```

---

e_show_loading	<i>Loading</i>
----------------	----------------

---

## Description

Show or hide loading.

## Usage

```
e_show_loading(e, hide_overlay = TRUE, text = "loading",
  color = "#c23531", text_color = "#000",
  mask_color = "rgba(255, 255, 255, 0.8)", zlevel = 0)

e_hide_loading(e)
```

## Arguments

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>hide_overlay</code>	Hides the white overaly that appears in shiny when a plot is recalculating.
<code>text</code>	Text to display.
<code>color</code>	Color of spinner.
<code>text_color</code>	Color of text.
<code>mask_color</code>	Color of mask.
<code>zlevel</code>	Z level.

## Details

This only applies to Shiny.

**Examples**

```

## Not run:

# no redraw
# no loading
library(shiny)
ui <- fluidPage(
  fluidRow(
    column(12, actionButton("update", "Update"))
  ),
  fluidRow(
    column(12, echarts4rOutput("plot"))
  )
)

server <- function(input, output){
  data <- eventReactive(input$update, {
    data.frame(
      x = 1:10,
      y = rnorm(10)
    )
  })

  output$plot <- renderEcharts4r({
    data() %>%
      e_charts(x) %>%
      e_bar(y)
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

# add loading
server <- function(input, output){
  data <- eventReactive(input$update, {
    Sys.sleep(1) # sleep one second to show loading
    data.frame(
      x = 1:10,
      y = rnorm(10)
    )
  })

  output$plot <- renderEcharts4r({
    data() %>%
      e_charts(x) %>%
      e_bar(y) %>%
      e_show_loading()
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)

```

```
## End(Not run)
```

---

e_single_axis	<i>Single Axis</i>
---------------	--------------------

---

### Description

Setup single axis.

### Usage

```
e_single_axis(e, index = 0, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
index	Index of axis to customise.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### Examples

```
df <- data.frame(
  axis = LETTERS[1:10],
  value = runif(10, 3, 20),
  size = runif(10, 3, 20)
)

df %>%
  e_charts(axis) %>%
  e_single_axis() %>% # add the single axis
  e_scatter(
    value,
    size,
    coord_system = "singleAxis"
  )
```

e\_step

*Step***Description**

Add step serie.

**Usage**

```
e_step(e, serie, bind, step = c("start", "middle", "end"),
      fill = FALSE, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
      x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

```
e_step_(e, serie, bind = NULL, step = c("start", "middle", "end"),
      fill = FALSE, name = NULL, legend = TRUE, y_index = 0,
      x_index = 0, coord_system = "cartesian2d", ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to plot.
bind	Binding between datasets, namely for use of e_brush.
step	Step type, one of start, middle or end.
fill	Set to fill as area.
name	name of the serie.
legend	Whether to add serie to legend.
y_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
x_index	Indexes of x and y axis.
coord_system	Coordinate system to plot against.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>64</sup>

**Examples**

```
USArrests %>%
  dplyr::mutate(State = row.names(.)) %>%
  e_charts(State) %>%
  e_step(Murder, name = "Start", step = "start", fill = TRUE) %>%
  e_step(Rape, name = "Middle", step = "middle") %>%
  e_step(Assault, name = "End", step = "end") %>%
```

<sup>64</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-line>



```

    e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

# timeline
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_step(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_tooltip(trigger = "axis")

```

---

e\_sunburst

*Sunburst*


---

### Description

Build a sunburst.

### Usage

```
e_sunburst(e, parent, child, value, itemStyle, rm_x = TRUE,
           rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_sunburst_(e, parent, child, value, itemStyle = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
            rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
parent, child	Edges.
value	Name of column containing values.
itemStyle	Name of column containing styles to pass to child, expects a data.frame or a list, see details.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### Details

The itemStyle argument essentially is a nested data.frame with column names such as color, or borderColor as specified in the official documentation<sup>65</sup>.

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>66</sup>

---

<sup>65</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-sunburst.data.itemStyle>

<sup>66</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-sunburst>

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(
  parent = c("earth", "earth", "earth", "mars", "mars"),
  child = c("forest", "ocean", "iceberg", "elon", "curiosity"),
  value = ceiling(rnorm(5, 10, 2))
)

df %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_sunburst(parent, child, value) %>%
  e_theme("westeros")

# with itemStyle
colors <- c("red", "black", "blue")

df$color <- sample(colors, 5, replace = TRUE)
df$borderColor <- sample(colors, 5, replace = TRUE)

df %>%
  tidyr::nest(color, borderColor, .key = "style") %>% # nest
  e_charts() %>%
  e_sunburst(parent, child, value, style)
```

---

e\_surface

*Surface*


---

**Description**

Add a surface plot.

**Usage**

```
e_surface(e, y, z, bind, name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_surface_(e, y, z, bind = NULL, name = NULL, rm_x = TRUE,
  rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
y, z	Coordinates.
bind	Binding.
name	name of the serie.
rm_x, rm_y	Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**Examples**

```

data("volcano")

surface <- as.data.frame(as.table(volcano))
surface$Var1 <- as.numeric(surface$Var1)
surface$Var2 <- as.numeric(surface$Var2)

surface %>%
  e_charts(Var1) %>%
  e_surface(Var2, Freq) %>%
  e_visual_map(Freq)

```

---

e_text_style	<i>Text style</i>
--------------	-------------------

---

**Description**

Define global font style.

**Usage**

```
e_text_style(e, ...)
```

**Arguments**

e                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
...                   Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**Note**

Do not use e\_arrange in R markdown or Shiny.

**See Also**

official documentation<sup>67</sup>

**Examples**

```

cars %>%
  e_charts(dist) %>%
  e_scatter(speed) %>%
  e_labels() %>%
  e_text_style(
    color = "blue",
    fontStyle = "italic"
  )

```

---

<sup>67</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#textStyle>

---

`e_theme`*Themes*

---

### Description

Add a theme.

### Usage

```
e_theme(e, theme)
```

```
e_theme_custom(e, theme)
```

### Arguments

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>theme</code>	Theme, see below.

### Themes

- default
- dark
- vintage
- westeros
- essos
- wonderland
- walden
- chalk
- infographic
- macarons
- roma
- shine
- purple-passion
- halloween
- auritus

### See Also

create your own theme<sup>68</sup>.

---

<sup>68</sup><http://echarts.baidu.com/theme-builder/>

**Examples**

```
mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_line(displ) %>%
  e_area(hp) %>%
  e_x_axis(min = 10) -> p

p %>% e_theme("chalk")
p %>% e_theme_custom('{"color":["#ff715e", "#ffaf51"]}')
```

---

e_title	<i>Title</i>
---------	--------------

---

**Description**

Add title.

**Usage**

```
e_title(e, text = NULL, subtext = NULL, link = NULL,
        sublink = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`text, subtext` Title and Subtitle.

`link, sublink` Title and Subtitle link.

`...` Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>69</sup>

**Examples**

```
quakes %>%
  dplyr::mutate(mag = exp(mag) / 60) %>%
  e_charts(stations) %>%
  e_scatter(depth, mag) %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 3, max = 7) %>%
  e_title("Quakes", "Stations and Magnitude")
```

---

<sup>69</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#title>

---

e\_toolbox\_feature *Toolbox*

---

### Description

Add toolbox interface.

### Usage

```
e_toolbox_feature(e, feature, ...)
```

```
e_toolbox(e, ...)
```

### Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
feature	Feature to add, defaults to all.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

### Details

Valid feature:

- saveAsImage
- brush
- restore
- dataView
- dataZoom
- magicType

### See Also

Additional arguments<sup>70</sup>

### Examples

```
USArrests %>%
  e_charts(UrbanPop) %>%
  e_line(Assault) %>%
  e_area(Murder, y_index = 1, x_index = 1) %>%
  e_datazoom(x_index = 0)

mtcars %>%
  dplyr::mutate(model = row.names(.)) %>%
  e_charts(model) %>%
```

---

<sup>70</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#toolbox>

```
e_line(qsec) %>%
e_toolbox() %>%
e_toolbox_feature(
  feature = "magicType",
  type = list("line", "bar")
)
```

---

e\_tooltip

*Tooltip*


---

## Description

Customise tooltip

## Usage

```
e_tooltip(e, trigger = c("item", "axis"), formatter = NULL, ...)

e_tooltip_item_formatter(style = c("decimal", "percent", "currency"),
  digits = 0, locale = NULL, currency = "USD")

e_tooltip_choro_formatter(style = c("decimal", "percent", "currency"),
  digits = 0, locale = NULL, currency = "USD")

e_tooltip_pie_formatter(style = c("decimal", "percent", "currency"),
  digits = 0, locale = NULL, currency = "USD", ...)

e_tooltip_pointer_formatter(style = c("decimal", "percent", "currency"),
  digits = 0, locale = NULL, currency = "USD")
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
trigger	What triggers the tooltip, one of item or axis.
formatter	Item and Pointer formatter as returned by e_tooltip_item_formatter, e_tooltip_pointer_formatter, e_tooltip_pie_formatter.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.
style	Formatter style, one of decimal, percent, or currency.
digits	Number of decimals.
locale	Locale, if NULL then it is inferred from Sys.getlocale.
currency	Currency to display.

## Formatters

- e\_tooltip\_pie\_formatter: special helper for e\_pie.
- e\_tooltip\_item\_formatter: general helper, this is passed to the tooltip formatter<sup>71</sup>.

<sup>71</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#tooltip.formatter>

- `e_tooltip_pointer_formatter`: helper for pointer, this is passed to the label parameter under `axisPointer`<sup>72</sup>.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>73</sup>

## Examples

```
# basic
USArrests %>%
  e_charts(Assault) %>%
  e_scatter(Murder) %>%
  e_tooltip()

# formatter
cars %>%
  dplyr::mutate(
    dist = dist / 120
  ) %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist, symbol_size = 5) %>%
  e_tooltip(
    formatter = e_tooltip_item_formatter("percent")
  )

# axis pointer
cars %>%
  e_charts(speed) %>%
  e_scatter(dist, symbol_size = 5) %>%
  e_tooltip(
    formatter = e_tooltip_pointer_formatter("currency"),
    axisPointer = list(
      type = "cross"
    )
  )
```

---

e\_tree

*Tree*

---

## Description

Build a tree.

<sup>72</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#tooltip.axisPointer.label>

<sup>73</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#tooltip>



**Usage**

```
e_tree(e, parent, child, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
e_tree_(e, parent, child, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`parent, child` Edges.

`rm_x, rm_y` Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.

`...` Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>74</sup>

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(
  parent = c("earth", "earth", "forest", "forest", "ocean", "ocean", "ocean", "ocean"),
  child = c("ocean", "forest", "tree", "sasquatch", "fish", "seaweed", "mantis shrimp", "sea monster")
)

df %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_tree(parent, child)
```

---

e\_treemap

*Treemap*


---

**Description**

Build a treemap.

**Usage**

```
e_treemap(e, parent, child, value, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
e_treemap_(e, parent, child, value, rm_x = TRUE, rm_y = TRUE, ...)
```

<sup>74</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-tree>

**Arguments**

e                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.  
 parent, child            Edges.  
 value                Value of edges.  
 rm\_x, rm\_y            Whether to remove x and y axis, defaults to TRUE.  
 ...                    Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>75</sup>

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(
  parent = c("earth", "earth", "earth", "mars", "mars"),
  child = c("forest", "ocean", "iceberg", "elon", "curiosity"),
  value = ceiling(rnorm(5, 10, 2))
)

df %>%
  e_charts() %>%
  e_treemap(parent, child, value)
```

---

e\_utc

*Use UTC*


---

**Description**

Use UTC

**Usage**

```
e_utc(e)
```

**Arguments**

e                    An echarts4r object as returned by e\_charts.

---

<sup>75</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#series-treemap>

---

e_visual_map	<i>Visual Map</i>
--------------	-------------------

---

## Description

Visual Map

## Usage

```
e_visual_map(e, serie, calculable = TRUE, type = c("continuous",
  "piecewise"), scale = NULL, ...)
```

```
e_visual_map_(e, serie = NULL, calculable = TRUE,
  type = c("continuous", "piecewise"), scale = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

e	An echarts4r object as returned by e_charts.
serie	Column name of serie to scale against.
calculable	Whether show handles, which can be dragged to adjust "selected range".
type	One of continuous or piecewise.
scale	A function that takes a vector of numeric and returns a vector of numeric of the same length.
...	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

## Scaling function

defaults to e\_scale which is a basic function that rescales size between 1 and 20 for that makes for decent sized points on the chart.

## See Also

Additional arguments<sup>76</sup>

## Examples

```
# scaled data
mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_scatter(wt, qsec, scale = e_scale) %>%
  e_visual_map(qsec, scale = e_scale)

# dimension
# color according to y axis
mtcars %>%
```

---

<sup>76</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#visualMap>

```

e_charts(mpg) %>%
e_scatter(wt) %>%
e_visual_map(wt, dimension = 1)

# color according to x axis
mtcars %>%
  e_charts(mpg) %>%
  e_scatter(wt) %>%
  e_visual_map(mpg, dimension = 0)

v <- LETTERS[1:10]
matrix <- data.frame(
  x = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  y = sample(v, 300, replace = TRUE),
  z = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  color = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  size = rnorm(300, 10, 1),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
) %>%
dplyr::group_by(x, y) %>%
dplyr::summarise(
  z = sum(z),
  color = sum(color),
  size = sum(size)
) %>%
dplyr::ungroup()

matrix %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_scatter_3d(y, z, color, size) %>%
  e_visual_map(
    z, # scale to z
    inRange = list(symbolSize = c(1, 30)), # scale size
    dimension = 3 # third dimension 0 = x, y = 1, z = 2, size = 3
  ) %>%
  e_visual_map(
    z, # scale to z
    inRange = list(color = c('#bf444c', '#d88273', '#f6efa6')), # scale colors
    dimension = 4, # third dimension 0 = x, y = 1, z = 2, size = 3, color = 4
    bottom = 300 # padding to avoid visual maps overlap
  )

```

---

e\_visual\_map\_range *Select Visual Map*

---

### Description

Selects data range of visual mapping.

**Usage**

```
e_visual_map_range(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`...` Any options, see official documentation<sup>77</sup>

`btn` A `e_button` id.

**Examples**

```
data("state")

as.data.frame(state.x77) %>%
  e_charts(Population) %>%
  e_scatter(Income, Frost) %>%
  e_visual_map(Frost, scale = e_scale) %>%
  e_legend(FALSE) %>%
  e_visual_map_range(
    selected = list(60, 120)
  )
```

---

e\_zoom

*Zoom*


---

**Description**

Zoom on a region.

**Usage**

```
e_zoom(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`...` Any options, see official documentation<sup>78</sup>

`btn` A `e_button` id.

<sup>77</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.visualMap>

<sup>78</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.dataZoom.dataZoom>

**Examples**

```
cars %>%
  e_charts(dist) %>%
  e_scatter(speed) %>%
  e_datazoom() %>%
  e_zoom(
    dataZoomIndex = 0,
    start = 20,
    end = 40,
    btn = "BUTTON"
  ) %>%
  e_button("BUTTON", "Zoom in")
```

---

graph\_action      *Nodes Adjacency*

---

**Description**

Actions related to `e_graph`.

**Usage**

```
e_focus_adjacency(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

```
e_unfocus_adjacency(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`e`                    An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.  
`...`                Any options, see official documentation<sup>79</sup>  
`btn`                 A `e_button` id.

**Examples**

```
value <- rnorm(10, 10, 2)

nodes <- data.frame(
  name = sample(LETTERS, 10),
  value = value,
  size = value,
  grp = rep(c("grp1", "grp2"), 5),
  stringsAsFactors = FALSE
)

edges <- data.frame(
  source = sample(nodes$name, 20, replace = TRUE),
```

<sup>79</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.graph>

```

    target = sample(nodes$name, 20, replace = TRUE),
    stringsAsFactors = FALSE
  )

  e_charts() %>%
    e_graph() %>%
    e_graph_nodes(nodes, name, value, size, grp) %>%
    e_graph_edges(edges, source, target) %>%
    e_focus_adjacency(
      seriesIndex = 0,
      dataIndex = 4
    )

```

---

highlight\_action *Highlight & Downplay*

---

### Description

Highlight series

### Usage

```

e_highlight(e, series_index = NULL, series_name = NULL, btn = NULL)

e_downplay(e, series_index = NULL, series_name = NULL, btn = NULL)

```

### Arguments

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`series_index`, `series_name` Index or name of serie to highlight or list or vector of series.

`btn` A `e_button` id.

### Examples

```

iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length) %>%
  e_line(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_line(Petal.Length) %>%
  e_highlight(series_name = "setosa") # highlight group

```

---

init	<i>Initialise</i>
------	-------------------

---

### Description

Initialise a chart.

### Usage

```
e_charts(data, x, width = NULL, height = NULL, elementId = NULL,
  dispose = TRUE, draw = TRUE, renderer = "canvas",
  timeline = FALSE, ...)
```

```
e_charts_(data, x = NULL, width = NULL, height = NULL,
  elementId = NULL, dispose = TRUE, draw = TRUE,
  renderer = "canvas", timeline = FALSE, ...)
```

```
e_chart(data, x, width = NULL, height = NULL, elementId = NULL,
  dispose = TRUE, draw = TRUE, renderer = "canvas",
  timeline = FALSE, ...)
```

```
e_data(e, data, x)
```

### Arguments

data	A <code>data.frame</code> .
x	Column name containing x axis.
width, height	Must be a valid CSS unit (like '100%', '400px', 'auto') or a number, which will be coerced to a string and have 'px' appended.
elementId	Id of element.
dispose	Set to TRUE to force redraw of chart, set to FALSE to update.
draw	Whether to draw the chart, intended to be used with <code>e_draw_p</code> .
renderer	Renderer, takes <code>canvas</code> (default) or <code>svg</code> .
timeline	Set to TRUE to build a timeline, see <code>timeline</code> section.
...	Any other argument.
e	An object of class <code>echarts4r</code> as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .

### Timeline

The timeline feature currently supports the following chart types.

- `e_bar`
- `e_line`



- e\_step
- e\_area
- e\_scatter
- e\_effect\_scatter
- e\_candle
- e\_heatmap
- e\_pie
- e\_line\_3d
- e\_lines\_3d
- e\_bar\_3d
- e\_lines
- e\_scatter\_3d
- e\_scatter\_gl
- e\_histogram
- e\_lm
- e\_loess
- e\_glm
- e\_density
- e\_pictorial
- e\_boxplot
- e\_map
- e\_map\_3d
- e\_line\_3d
- e\_gauge

### Examples

```
mtcars %>%  
  e_charts(qsec) %>%  
  e_line(mpg)  
  
points <- mtcars[1:3,]  
mtcars %>%  
  e_charts_("qsec") %>%  
  e_line(mpg) %>%  
  e_data(points, qsec) %>%  
  e_scatter(mpg, color = "blue")
```

---

legend_action	<i>Legend</i>
---------------	---------------

---

### Description

Legend

### Usage

```
e_legend_select(e, name, btn = NULL)
e_legend_unselect(e, name, btn = NULL)
e_legend_toggle_select(e, name, btn = NULL)
e_legend_scroll(e, scroll_index = NULL, legend_id = NULL, btn = NULL)
```

### Arguments

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>name</code>	Legend name.
<code>btn</code>	A <code>e_button</code> id.
<code>scroll_index</code>	Controle the scrolling of legend when <code>type = "scroll"</code> in <code>e_legend</code> .
<code>legend_id</code>	Id of legend.

### Examples

```
e <- CO2 %>%
  group_by(Type) %>%
  e_charts(conc) %>%
  e_scatter(uptake)

e %>%
  e_legend_unselect("Quebec")

e %>%
  e_legend_unselect("Quebec", btn = "btn") %>%
  e_button("btn", "Quebec")
```

---

 mapbox

*Mapbox*


---

**Description**

Use mapbox.

**Usage**

```
e_mapbox(e, token, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>token</code>	Your mapbox token from mapbox <sup>80</sup> .
<code>...</code>	Any option.

**Note**

Mapbox may not work properly in the RSudio console.

**See Also**

Official documentation<sup>81</sup>, mapbox documentation<sup>82</sup>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
url <- paste0("https://ecomfe.github.io/echarts-examples/",
             "public/data-gl/asset/data/population.json")
data <- jsonlite::fromJSON(url)
data <- as.data.frame(data)
names(data) <- c("lon", "lat", "value")

data %>%
  e_charts(lon) %>%
  e_mapbox(
    token = "YOUR_MAPBOX_TOKEN",
    style = "mapbox://styles/mapbox/dark-v9"
  ) %>%
  e_bar_3d(lat, value, coord_system = "mapbox") %>%
  e_visual_map()

## End(Not run)
```

---

<sup>80</sup><https://www.mapbox.com/>

<sup>81</sup><http://www.echartsjs.com/option-gl.html#mapbox3D.style>

<sup>82</sup><https://www.mapbox.com/mapbox-gl-js/api/>

map\_actions

*Map Actions***Description**

Map-related actions.

**Usage**

```
e_map_select(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

```
e_map_unselect(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

```
e_map_toggle_select(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`e` An echarts4r object as returned by `e_charts`.

`...` Any options, see official documentation<sup>83</sup>

`btn` A `e_button` id.

**See Also**

`e_map_register`

**Examples**

```
choropleth <- data.frame(
  countries = c(
    "France", "Brazil", "China", "Russia", "Canada", "India", "United States",
    "Argentina", "Australia"
  ),
  values = round(runif(9, 10, 25))
)

choropleth %>%
  e_charts(countries) %>%
  e_map(values) %>%
  e_visual_map(min = 10, max = 25) %>%
  e_map_toggle_select(name = "China", btn = "btn") %>%
  e_button("btn", "Select China")
```

<sup>83</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.map>

---

pie_action	<i>Select &amp; Unselect Pie</i>
------------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Actions related to `e_pie`.

**Usage**

```
e_pie_select(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

```
e_pie_unselect(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>...</code>	Any options, see official documentation <sup>84</sup>
<code>btn</code>	A <code>e_button</code> id.

**Examples**

```
mtcars %>%
  head() %>%
  dplyr::mutate(model = row.names(.)) %>%
  e_charts(model) %>%
  e_pie(carb) %>%
  e_pie_select(dataIndex = 0)
```

---

radius_axis	<i>Radius axis</i>
-------------	--------------------

---

**Description**

Customise radius axis.

**Usage**

```
e_radius_axis(e, serie, show = TRUE, ...)
```

```
e_radius_axis_(e, serie = NULL, show = TRUE, ...)
```

---

<sup>84</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.pie>

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>serie</code>	Serie to use as axis labels.
<code>show</code>	Whether to display the axis.
<code>...</code>	Any other option to pass, check See Also section.

**See Also**

Additional arguments<sup>85</sup>

**Examples**

```
df <- data.frame(x = LETTERS[1:10], y = seq(1, 20, by = 2))

df %>%
  e_charts(x) %>%
  e_polar() %>%
  e_angle_axis() %>%
  e_radius_axis(x) %>%
  e_bar(y, coord.system = "polar")
```

---

timeline-opts

*Timeline*

---

**Description**

Set timeline options

**Usage**

```
e_timeline_opts(e, axis_type = "category", ...)
e_timeline_serie(e, ...)
```

**Arguments**

<code>e</code>	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
<code>axis_type</code>	Type of axis, time, value, or category
<code>...</code>	Named options.

---

<sup>85</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#radiusAxis>

## Functions

- `e_timeline_opts`: Pass general timeline options, see official documentation<sup>86</sup>.
- `e_timeline_serie`: Pass options to each serie, each options *must* be a vector or list the same length as their are steps, see examples.
- `e_timeline_make`: Helper function that wraps your data and `e_timeline_serie` to dynamically add options to series.

## Examples

```
# general options
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_line(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_timeline_opts(
    autoPlay = TRUE,
    rewind = TRUE
  )

# serie options
iris %>%
  group_by(Species) %>%
  e_charts(Sepal.Length, timeline = TRUE) %>%
  e_line(Sepal.Width) %>%
  e_timeline_serie(
    title = list(
      list(text = "setosa"),
      list(text = "versicolor"),
      list(text = "virginica")
    )
  )
)
```

---

tooltip_action	<i>Show &amp; Hide Tooltip</i>
----------------	--------------------------------

---

## Description

Show or hide tooltip.

## Usage

```
e_showtip(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

```
e_hidetip(e, ..., btn = NULL)
```

<sup>86</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/option.html#timeline>

**Arguments**

e	An echarts4r object as returned by <code>e_charts</code> .
...	Any options, see official documentation <sup>87</sup>
btn	A <code>e_button</code> id.

**Note**

The tooltip must be initialised with `e_tooltip` for this to work.

**Examples**

```
cars %>%
  e_charts(dist) %>%
  e_scatter(speed) %>%
  e_tooltip() %>%
  e_hidetip(btn = "btn") %>%
  e_button("btn", "Hide tooltip")
```

---

<sup>87</sup><https://echarts.apache.org/en/api.html#action.tooltip>