

Package ‘rqdatatable’

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Type Package

Title 'rquery' for 'data.table'

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Description Implements the 'rquery' piped Codd-style query algebra using 'data.table'. This allows for a high-speed in memory implementation of Codd-style data manipulation tools.

URL <https://github.com/WinVector/rqdatatable/>,
<https://winvector.github.io/rqdatatable/>

BugReports <https://github.com/WinVector/rqdatatable/issues>

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Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, DBI, RSQLite, parallel, RUnit

NeedsCompilation no

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R topics documented:

ex_data_table	2
ex_data_table_parallel	4
ex_data_table_step.default	5
ex_data_table_step.relop_drop_columns	5
ex_data_table_step.relop_extend	6
ex_data_table_step.relop_natural_join	7
ex_data_table_step.relop_non_sql	9
ex_data_table_step.relop_null_replace	10
ex_data_table_step.relop_orderby	11
ex_data_table_step.relop_order_expr	12
ex_data_table_step.relop_project	13
ex_data_table_step.relop_rename_columns	14
ex_data_table_step.relop_select_columns	15
ex_data_table_step.relop_select_rows	16
ex_data_table_step.relop_set_indicator	17
ex_data_table_step.relop_sql	18
ex_data_table_step.relop_table_source	19
ex_data_table_step.relop_theta_join	20
ex_data_table_step.relop_unionall	21
make_dt_lookup_by_column	22
rqdatatable	23
rq_df_funciton_node	23
rq_df_grouped_funciton_node	25
run_rqdatatable_tests	27
set_rqdatatable_as_executor	28
Index	29

ex_data_table	<i>Execute an rquery pipeline with data.table sources.</i>
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Description

data.tables are looked for by name in the tables argument and in the execution environment.
Main external execution interface.

Usage

```
ex_data_table(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Details

- `ex_data_table_step.relop_drop_columns`: implement drop columns
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_extend`: implement extend/assign operator
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_natural_join`: implement natural join
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_non_sql`: direct function (non-sql) operator (not implemented for `data.table`)
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_null_replace`: implement NA/NULL replacement
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_orderby`: implement row ordering
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_project`: implement row ordering
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_rename_columns`: implement column renaming
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_select_columns`: implement select columns
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_select_rows`: implement select rows
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_sql`: direct sql operator (not implemented for `data.table`)
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_table_source`: implement data source
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_theta_join`: implement theta join (not implemented for `data.table`)
- `ex_data_table_step.relop_unionall`: implement row binding

Value

resulting `data.table` (intermediate tables can sometimes be mutated as is practice with `data.table`).

Examples

```
a <- data.table::data.table(x = c(1, 2) , y = c(20, 30), z = c(300, 400))
optree <- local_td(a) %>%
  select_columns(., c("x", "y")) %>%
  select_rows_nse(., x<2 & y<30)
cat(format(optree))
ex_data_table(optree)

# other ways to execute the pipeline include
data.frame(x = 0, y = 4, z = 400) %>% optree
```

 ex_data_table_parallel

Execute an rquery pipeline with data.table in parallel.

Description

Execute an rquery pipeline with `data.table` in parallel, partitioned by a given column. Note: usually the overhead of partitioning and distributing the work will by far overwhelm any parallel speedup. Also `data.table` itself already seems to exploit some thread-level parallelism (one often sees user time > elapsed time). Requires the `parallel` package. For a worked example with significant speedup please see https://github.com/WinVector/rqdatatable/blob/master/extras/Parallel_rqdatatable.md.

Usage

```
ex_data_table_parallel(
  optree,
  partition_column,
  cl = NULL,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_limit = NULL,
  debug = FALSE,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

<code>optree</code>	relop operations tree.
<code>partition_column</code>	character name of column to partition work by.
<code>cl</code>	a cluster object, created by package <code>parallel</code> or by package <code>snow</code> . If <code>NULL</code> , use the registered default cluster.
<code>...</code>	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
<code>tables</code>	named list map from table names used in nodes to <code>data.tables</code> and <code>data.frames</code> .
<code>source_limit</code>	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
<code>debug</code>	logical if <code>TRUE</code> use <code>lapply</code> instead of <code>parallel::clusterApplyLB</code> .
<code>env</code>	environment to look for values in.

Details

Care must be taken that the calculation partitioning is coarse enough to ensure a correct calculation. For example: anything one is joining on, aggregating over, or ranking over must be grouped so that all elements affecting a given result row are in the same level of the partition.

Value

resulting data.table (intermediate tables can sometimes be mutated as is practice with data.table).

ex_data_table_step.default
default non-impementation.

Description

Throw on error if this method is called, signalling that a specific data.table implementation is needed for this method.

Usage

```
## Default S3 method:
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

ex_data_table_step.relop_drop_columns
Implement drop columns.

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_drop_columns'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_limit = NULL,
  source_usage = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- data.frame(x = 1, y = 2, z = 3)
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %.>%
  drop_columns(., "y")
dL %.>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_extend
```

Implement extend/assign operator.

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_extend'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
```

```

    source_limit = NULL,
    env = parent.frame()
  )

```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Details

Will re-order columns if there are ordering terms.

Examples

```

dL <- build_frame(
  "subjectID", "surveyCategory", "assessmentTotal", "one" |
  1, "withdrawal behavior", 5, 1 |
  1, "positive re-framing", 2, 1 |
  2, "withdrawal behavior", 3, 1 |
  2, "positive re-framing", 4, 1 )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %>%
  extend_nse(.,
    probability :=%
      exp(assessmentTotal * 0.237)/
      sum(exp(assessmentTotal * 0.237)),
    count :=% sum(one),
    rank :=% rank(),
    orderby = c("assessmentTotal", "surveyCategory"),
    reverse = c("assessmentTotal"),
    partitionby = 'subjectID') %>%
  orderby(., c("subjectID", "probability"))
dL %>% rquery_pipeline

```

ex_data_table_step.relop_natural_join
Natural join.

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_natural_join'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
d1 <- build_frame(
  "key", "val", "val1" |
  "a" , 1 , 10 |
  "b" , 2 , 11 |
  "c" , 3 , 12 )
d2 <- build_frame(
  "key", "val", "val2" |
  "a" , 5 , 13 |
  "b" , 6 , 14 |
  "d" , 7 , 15 )

# key matching join
optree <- natural_join(local_td(d1), local_td(d2),
  jointype = "FULL", by = 'key')
ex_data_table(optree)

# full cross-product join
# (usually with jointype = "FULL", but "LEFT" is more
# compatible with rquery field merge semantics).
optree2 <- natural_join(local_td(d1), local_td(d2),
  jointype = "LEFT", by = NULL)
ex_data_table(optree2)
# notice ALL non-"by" fields take coalesce to left table.
```

`ex_data_table_step.relop_non_sql`*Direct non-sql (function) node, not implemented for data.table case.*

Description

Passes a single table to a function that takes a single data.frame as its argument, and returns a single data.frame.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_non_sql'  
ex_data_table_step(  
  optree,  
  ...,  
  tables = list(),  
  source_usage = NULL,  
  source_limit = NULL,  
  env = parent.frame()  
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

See Also

[rq_df_funciton_node](#), [rq_df_grouped_funciton_node](#)

Examples

```
set.seed(3252)  
d <- data.frame(a = rnorm(1000), b = rnorm(1000))  
  
optree <- local_td(d) %>%  
  quantile_node(.)  
d %>% optree  
  
p2 <- local_td(d) %>%
```

```
rsummary_node(.)
d %>% p2

summary(d)
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_null_replace
  Replace NAs.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_null_replace'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , 5 |
  NA , 7 |
  NA , NA )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %>%
  null_replace(., c("x", "y"), 0, note_col = "nna")
dL %>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_orderby
      Reorder rows.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_orderby'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , "b" |
  1L , "a" |
  3L , "c" )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %>%
  orderby(., "y")
dL %>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_order_expr
      Order rows by expression.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_order_expr'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , "b" |
  -4L , "a" |
  3L , "c" )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %>%
  order_expr(., abs(x))
dL %>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_project
      Implement projection operator.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_project'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "subjectID", "surveyCategory", "assessmentTotal" |
  1, "withdrawal behavior", 5 |
  1, "positive re-framing", 2 |
  2, "withdrawal behavior", 3 |
  2, "positive re-framing", 4 )
test_p <- local_td(dL) %.>%
  project(.,
    maxscore := max(assessmentTotal),
    count := n(),
    groupby = 'subjectID')
cat(format(test_p))
dL %.>% test_p
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_rename_columns
```

Rename columns.

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_rename_columns'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , "b" |
  1L , "a" |
  3L , "c" )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %.>%
  rename_columns(., c("x" = "y", "y" = "x"))
dL %.>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_select_columns
    Implement drop columns.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_select_columns'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- data.frame(x = 1, y = 2, z = 3)
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %>%
  select_columns(., "y")
dL %>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_select_rows
      Select rows by condition.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_select_rows'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , "b" |
  1L , "a" |
  3L , "c" )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL) %.>%
  select_rows_nse(., x <= 2)
dL %.>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_set_indicator
  Implement set_indicatoroperator.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_set_indicator'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(a = c("1", "2", "1", "3"),
               b = c("1", "1", "3", "2"),
               q = 1,
               stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
set <- c("1", "2")
op_tree <- local_td(d) %.>%
  set_indicator(., "one_two", "a", set) %.>%
  set_indicator(., "z", "a", c())
d %.>% op_tree
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_sql
      Direct sql node.
```

Description

Execute one step using the rquery.rquery_db_executor SQL supplier. Note: it is not a good practice to use SQL nodes in data.table intended pipelines (loss of class information and cost of data transfer). This implementation is only here for completeness.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_sql'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
# WARNING: example tries to change rquery.rquery_db_executor option to RSQLite and back.
if (requireNamespace("DBI", quietly = TRUE) &&
    requireNamespace("RSQLite", quietly = TRUE)) {
  # example database connection
  my_db <- DBI::dbConnect(RSQLite::SQLite(),
                        ":memory:")
  old_o <- options(list("rquery.rquery_db_executor" = list(db = my_db)))

  # example data
  d <- data.frame(v1 = c(1, 2, NA, 3),
                 v2 = c(NA, "b", NA, "c"),
                 v3 = c(NA, NA, 7, 8),
```

```

        stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

# example xform
vars <- column_names(d)
# build a NA/NULLs per-row counting expression.
# names are "quoted" by wrapping them with as.name().
# constants can be quoted by an additional list wrapping.
expr <- lapply(vars,
  function(vi) {
    list("+ (CASE WHEN (",
      as.name(vi),
      "IS NULL ) THEN 1.0 ELSE 0.0 END)")
  })
expr <- unlist(expr, recursive = FALSE)
expr <- c(list(0.0), expr)

# instantiate the operator node
op_tree <- local_td(d) %.>%
  sql_node(., "num_missing" :=% list(expr))
cat(format(op_tree))

d %.>% op_tree

options(old_o)
DBI::dbDisconnect(my_db)
}

```

ex_data_table_step.relop_table_source

Build a data source description.

Description

data.table based implementation. Looks for tables first in tables and then in env. Will accept any data.frame that can be converted to data.table.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'relop_table_source'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)

```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , "b" |
  1L , "a" |
  3L , "c" )
rquery_pipeline <- local_td(dL)
dL %.>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_theta_join
```

Theta join (database implementation).

Description

Limited implementation. All terms must be of the form: "(table1.col CMP table2.col) (, (table1.col CMP table2.col))".

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_theta_join'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
d1 <- data.frame(AUC = 0.6, R2 = 0.2)
d2 <- data.frame(AUC2 = 0.4, R2 = 0.3)

optree <- theta_join_se(local_td(d1), local_td(d2), "AUC >= AUC2")

ex_data_table(optree, tables = list(d1 = d1, d2 = d2)) %>%
  print(.)
```

```
ex_data_table_step.relop_unionall
  Bind tables together by rows.
```

Description

data.table based implementation.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'relop_unionall'
ex_data_table_step(
  optree,
  ...,
  tables = list(),
  source_usage = NULL,
  source_limit = NULL,
  env = parent.frame()
)
```

Arguments

optree	relop operations tree.
...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
tables	named list map from table names used in nodes to data.tables and data.frames.
source_usage	list mapping source table names to vectors of columns used.
source_limit	if not null limit all table sources to no more than this many rows (used for debugging).
env	environment to work in.

Examples

```
dL <- build_frame(
  "x", "y" |
  2L , "b" |
  1L , "a" |
  3L , "c" )
rquery_pipeline <- unionall(list(local_td(dL), local_td(dL)))
dL %.>% rquery_pipeline
```

```
make_dt_lookup_by_column
```

Lookup by column function factory.

Description

Build data.table implementation of lookup_by_column. We do this here as rquery is a data.table aware package (and rquery is not).

Usage

```
make_dt_lookup_by_column(pick, result)
```

Arguments

pick	character scalar, name of column to control value choices.
result	character scalar, name of column to place values in.

Value

f_dt() function.

Examples

```
df = data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3, 4),
               y = c(5, 6, 7, 8),
               choice = c("x", "y", "x", "z"),
               stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
make_dt_lookup_by_column("choice", "derived")(df)

# # base-R implementation
# df %>% lookup_by_column(".", "choice", "derived")
# # # data.table implementation (requires rquery 1.1.0, or newer)
# # df %>% lookup_by_column(".", "choice", "derived",
# #                           f_dt_factory = rqdatatable::make_dt_lookup_by_column)
```

rqdatatable	<i>rqdatatable: Relational Query Generator for Data Manipulation Implemented by data.table</i>
-------------	--

Description

Implements the rquery piped query algebra using data.table. This allows for a high-speed in memory implementation of Codd-style data manipulation tools.

rq_df_funciton_node	<i>Helper to build data.table capable non-sql nodes.</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Helper to build data.table capable non-sql nodes.

Usage

```
rq_df_funciton_node(
  .,
  f,
  ...,
  f_db = NULL,
  columns_produced,
  display_form,
  orig_columns = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

.	or data.frame input.
f	function that takes a data.table to a data.frame (or data.table).
...	force later arguments to bind by name.
f_db	implementation signature: f_db(db, incoming_table_name, outgoing_table_name, nd, ...) (db being a database handle). NULL defaults to using f.
columns_produced	character columns produces by f.
display_form	display form for node.
orig_columns	orig_columns, if TRUE assume all input columns are present in derived table.

Value

relop non-sql node implementation.

See Also

[ex_data_table_step.relop_non_sql](#), [rq_df_grouped_funciton_node](#)

Examples

```
# a node generator is something an expert can
# write and part-time R users can use.
grouped_regression_node <- function(., group_col = "group", xvar = "x", yvar = "y") {
  force(group_col)
  formula_str <- paste(yvar, "~", xvar)
  f <- function(df, nd = NULL) {
    dlist <- split(df, df[[group_col]])
    clist <- lapply(dlist,
      function(di) {
        mi <- lm(as.formula(formula_str), data = di)
        ci <- as.data.frame(summary(mi)$coefficients)
        ci$Variable <- rownames(ci)
        rownames(ci) <- NULL
        ci[[group_col]] <- di[[group_col]][[1]]
        ci
      })
    data.table::rbindlist(clist)
  }
  columns_produced =
    c("Variable", "Estimate", "Std. Error", "t value", "Pr(>|t|)", group_col)
  rq_df_funciton_node(
    ., f,
    columns_produced = columns_produced,
    display_form = paste0(yvar, "~", xvar, " grouped by ", group_col))
}

# work an example
```



```

set.seed(3265)
d <- data.frame(x = rnorm(1000),
               y = rnorm(1000),
               group = sample(letters[1:5], 1000, replace = TRUE),
               stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

rquery_pipeline <- local_td(d) %.>%
  grouped_regression_node(.)

cat(format(rquery_pipeline))

d %.>% rquery_pipeline

```

```
rq_df_grouped_funciton_node
```

Helper to build data.table capable non-sql nodes.

Description

Helper to build data.table capable non-sql nodes.

Usage

```

rq_df_grouped_funciton_node(
  .,
  f,
  ...,
  f_db = NULL,
  columns_produced,
  group_col,
  display_form
)

```

Arguments

.	or data.frame input.
f	function that takes a data.table to a data.frame (or data.table).
...	force later arguments to bind by name.
f_db	implementation signature: f_db(db, incoming_table_name, outgoing_table_name) (db being a database handle). NULL defaults to using f.
columns_produced	character columns produces by f.
group_col	character, column to split by.
display_form	display form for node.

Value

relop non-sql node implementation.

See Also

[ex_data_table_step.relop_non_sql](#), [rq_df_funciton_node](#)

Examples

```
# a node generator is something an expert can
# write and part-time R users can use.
grouped_regression_node <- function(., group_col = "group", xvar = "x", yvar = "y") {
  force(group_col)
  formula_str <- paste(yvar, "~", xvar)
  f <- function(di) {
    mi <- lm(as.formula(formula_str), data = di)
    ci <- as.data.frame(summary(mi)$coefficients)
    ci$Variable <- rownames(ci)
    rownames(ci) <- NULL
    colnames(ci) <- c("Estimate", "Std_Error", "t_value", "p_value", "Variable")
    ci
  }
  columns_produced =
    c("Estimate", "Std_Error", "t_value", "p_value", "Variable", group_col)
  rq_df_grouped_funciton_node(
    ., f,
    columns_produced = columns_produced,
    group_col = group_col,
    display_form = paste0(yvar, "~", xvar, " grouped by ", group_col))
}

# work an example
set.seed(3265)
d <- data.frame(x = rnorm(1000),
                y = rnorm(1000),
                group = sample(letters[1:5], 1000, replace = TRUE),
                stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

rquery_pipeline <- local_td(d) %.>%
  grouped_regression_node(.)

cat(format(rquery_pipeline))

d %.>% rquery_pipeline
```

run_rqdatatable_tests *Run rqdatatable package tests.*

Description

For all files with names of the form "`^test_+\.R$`" in the package directory `unit_tests` run all functions with names of the form "`^test_+.$`" as RUnit tests. Attaches RUnit and `pkg`, requires RUnit. Stops on error.

Usage

```
run_rqdatatable_tests(
  ...,
  verbose = TRUE,
  package_test_dirs = "unit_tests",
  test_dirs = character(0),
  stop_on_issue = TRUE,
  stop_if_no_tests = TRUE,
  require_RUnit_attached = FALSE,
  require_pkg_attached = TRUE,
  rngKind = "Mersenne-Twister",
  rngNormalKind = "Inversion"
)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
<code>verbose</code>	logical, if TRUE print more.
<code>package_test_dirs</code>	directory names to look for in the installed package.
<code>test_dirs</code>	paths to look for tests in.
<code>stop_on_issue</code>	logical, if TRUE stop after errors or failures.
<code>stop_if_no_tests</code>	logical, if TRUE stop if no tests were found.
<code>require_RUnit_attached</code>	logical, if TRUE require RUnit be attached before testing.
<code>require_pkg_attached</code>	logical, if TRUE require <code>pkg</code> be attached before testing.
<code>rngKind</code>	pseudo-random number generator method name.
<code>rngNormalKind</code>	pseudo-random normal generator method name.

Value

RUnit test results (invisible).

`set_rqdatatable_as_executor`*Set rqdatatable package as default rquery executor*

Description

Sets rqdatatable (and hence data.table) as the default executor for rquery).

Usage`set_rqdatatable_as_executor()`

Index

`ex_data_table`, [2](#)
`ex_data_table_parallel`, [4](#)
`ex_data_table_step.default`, [5](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_drop_columns`,
[3, 5](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_extend`, [3, 6](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_natural_join`,
[3, 7](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_non_sql`, [3, 9,](#)
[24, 26](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_null_replace`,
[3, 10](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_order_expr`,
[12](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_orderby`, [3, 11](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_project`, [3, 13](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_rename_columns`,
[3, 14](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_select_columns`,
[3, 15](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_select_rows`,
[3, 16](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_set_indicator`,
[17](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_sql`, [3, 18](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_table_source`,
[3, 19](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_theta_join`, [3,](#)
[20](#)
`ex_data_table_step.relop_unionall`, [3,](#)
[21](#)

`make_dt_lookup_by_column`, [22](#)

`rq_df_funciton_node`, [9, 23, 26](#)
`rq_df_grouped_funciton_node`, [9, 24, 25](#)
`rqdatatable`, [23](#)
`run_rqdatatable_tests`, [27](#)

`set_rqdatatable_as_executor`, [28](#)