

Package ‘stm insights’

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Type Package

Title A 'Shiny' Application for Inspecting Structural Topic Models

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URL <https://github.com/cschwem2er/stminights>

BugReports <https://github.com/cschwem2er/stminights/issues>

Description

This app enables interactive validation, interpretation and visualization of structural topic models from the 'stm' package by Roberts and others (2014) <doi:10.1111/ajps.12103>. It also includes helper functions for model diagnostics and extracting data from effect estimates.

Imports stm (>= 1.3.3), tidygraph (>= 1.1.0), ggraph (>= 1.0.0),
igraph (>= 1.2.0), ggrepel (>= 0.8.0), shiny (>= 1.1.0),
shinyBS (>= 0.6.0), shinydashboard (>= 0.7.0), shinyjs (>= 1.0.0),
ggplot2 (>= 3.0.0), purrr (>= 0.2.0), stringr (>= 1.3.0), dplyr (>= 0.7.0),
tibble (>= 1.4.0), readr (>= 1.1.0), huge (>= 1.2.0), stats, scales

Suggests quanteda(>= 1.3.0), knitr, rmarkdown

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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get_diag	<i>computes stm model diagnostics</i>
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Description

get_diag() is a helper function to compute average and median [semanticCoherence](#) and [exclusivity](#) for a number of [stm](#) models. The function does not work for models with content covariates.

Usage

```
get_diag(models, outobj)
```

Arguments

models	A list of stm models.
outobj	The out object containing documents for all stm models.

Value

Returns model diagnostics in a tidy data frame.

Examples

```
library(stm)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)
library(quanteda)

# prepare data
data <- corpus(gadarian, text_field = 'open.ended.response')
docvars(data)$text <- texts(data)
data <- dfm(data, stem = TRUE, remove = stopwords('english'),
            remove_punct = TRUE)
out <- convert(data, to = 'stm')

# fit models
gadarian_3 <- stm(documents = out$documents,
                  vocab = out$vocab,
                  data = out$meta,
                  prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
```

```

      K = 3,
      max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
      verbose = FALSE)

gadarian_5 <- stm(documents = out$documents,
                 vocab = out$vocab,
                 data = out$meta,
                 prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                 K = 5,
                 max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                 verbose = FALSE)

# get diagnostics
diag <- get_diag(models = list(
  model_3 = gadarian_3,
  model_5 = gadarian_5),
  outobj = out)

## Not run:
# plot diagnostics
diag %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = coherence, y = exclusivity, color = statistic)) +
  geom_text(aes(label = name), nudge_x = 5) + geom_point() +
  labs(x = 'Semantic Coherence', y = 'Exclusivity') + theme_light()

## End(Not run)

```

get_effects

extract stm effect estimates

Description

get_effects() is a helper function to store effect estimates from stm in a data frame.

Usage

```
get_effects(estimates, variable, type, ci = 0.95, moderator = NULL,
           modval = NULL, cov_val1 = NULL, cov_val2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

estimates	The object containing estimates calculated with estimateEffect .
variable	The variable for which estimates should be extracted.
type	The estimate type. Must be either 'pointestimate', 'continuous', or 'difference'.
ci	The confidence interval for uncertainty estimates. Defaults to 0.95.
moderator	The moderator variable in case you want to include an interaction effect.
modval	The value of the moderator variable for an interaction effect. See examples for combining data for multiple values.

cov_val1 The first value of a covariate for type 'difference'.

cov_val2 The second value of a covariate for type 'difference'. The topic proportion of 'cov_val2' will be subtracted from the proportion of 'cov_val1'.

Value

Returns effect estimates in a tidy data frame.

Examples

```
library(stm)
library(dplyr)
library(ggplot2)

# store effects
prep <- estimateEffect(1:3 ~ treatment + pid_rep, gadarianFit, gadarian)

effects <- get_effects(estimates = prep,
                      variable = 'treatment',
                      type = 'pointestimate')

# plot effects
effects %>% filter(topic == 3) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = value, y = proportion)) +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = lower, ymax = upper), width = 0.1, size = 1) +
  coord_flip() + theme_light() + labs(x = 'Treatment', y = 'Topic Proportion')

# combine estimates for interaction effects
prep_int <- estimateEffect(1:3 ~ treatment * s(pid_rep),
                          gadarianFit, gadarian)

effects_int <- get_effects(estimates = prep_int,
                          variable = 'pid_rep',
                          type = 'continuous',
                          moderator = 'treatment',
                          modval = 1) %>%

  bind_rows(
    get_effects(estimates = prep_int,
                variable = 'pid_rep',
                type = 'continuous',
                moderator = 'treatment',
                modval = 0)
  )

# plot interaction effects
effects_int %>% filter(topic == 2) %>%
  mutate(moderator = as.factor(moderator)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = value, y = proportion, color = moderator,
            group = moderator, fill = moderator)) +
```

```
geom_line() +
geom_ribbon(aes(ymin = lower, ymax = upper), alpha = 0.2) +
theme_light() + labs(x = 'PID Rep.', y = 'Topic Proportion',
color = 'Treatment', group = 'Treatment', fill = 'Treatment')
```

get_network	<i>extract topic correlation network</i>
-------------	--

Description

get_network() is a helper function to extract stm topic correlation networks as tidygraph objects and add labels and topic proportions.

Arguments

model	The stm model for computing the correlation network.
method	The method for determining edges. Can be either 'simple' or 'huge'.
cutoff	The correlation cutoff criterion for method = 'cutoff'. Defaults to 0.05.
labels	An optional vector of topic labels. Must include a label for each topic of the model.
cutiso	Remove isolated nodes without any edges from the network. Defaults to FALSE.

Value

Returns tidygraph network of topic correlations.

Examples

```
library(stm)
library(ggraph)
library(quanteda)

# prepare data
data <- corpus(gadarian, text_field = 'open.ended.response')
docvars(data)$text <- texts(data)
data <- dfm(data, stem = TRUE, remove = stopwords('english'),
            remove_punct = TRUE)
out <- convert(data, to = 'stm')

# fit model
gadarian_10 <- stm(documents = out$documents,
                  vocab = out$vocab,
                  data = out$meta,
                  prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                  K = 10,
```

```
max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
verbose = FALSE)

# extract network
stm_corrs <- get_network(model = gadarian_10,
                        method = 'simple',
                        labels = paste('Topic', 1:10),
                        cutoff = 0.001,
                        cutiso = TRUE)

## Not run:
# plot network
ggraph(stm_corrs, layout = 'fr') +
  geom_edge_link(
    aes(edge_width = weight),
    label_colour = '#fc8d62',
    edge_colour = '#377eb8') +
  geom_node_point(size = 4, colour = 'black') +
  geom_node_label(
    aes(label = name, size = props),
    colour = 'black', repel = TRUE, alpha = 0.85) +
  scale_size(range = c(2, 10), labels = scales::percent) +
  labs(size = 'Topic Proportion', edge_width = 'Topic Correlation') +
  scale_edge_width(range = c(1, 3)) +
  theme_graph()

## End(Not run)
```

run_stminsights *launch the stminsights shiny app*

Description

run_stminsights launches the app to analyze Structural Topic models. It requires an .RData file with stm objects as illustrated in the example below.

Usage

```
run_stminsights(use_browser = TRUE)
```

Arguments

use_browser Choose whether you want to launch the shiny app in your browser. Defaults to TRUE.

Examples

```
## Not run:

library(stm)
library(quanteda)

# prepare data
data <- corpus(gadarian, text_field = 'open.ended.response')
docvars(data)$text <- texts(data)
data <- dfm(data, stem = TRUE, remove = stopwords('english'),
            remove_punct = TRUE) %>% dfm_trim(min_count = 2)
out <- convert(data, to = 'stm')

# fit models and effect estimates
gadarian_3 <- stm(documents = out$documents,
                 vocab = out$vocab,
                 data = out$meta,
                 prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                 K = 3,
                 max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                 verbose = FALSE)

prep_3 <- estimateEffect(1:3 ~ treatment + s(pid_rep), gadarian_3,
                       meta = out$meta)

gadarian_5 <- stm(documents = out$documents,
                 vocab = out$vocab,
                 data = out$meta,
                 prevalence = ~ treatment + s(pid_rep),
                 K = 5,
                 max.em.its = 1, # reduce computation time for example
                 verbose = FALSE)

prep_5 <- estimateEffect(1:5 ~ treatment + s(pid_rep), gadarian_5,
                       meta = out$meta)

# save objects in .RData file
save.image(paste0(tempdir(), '/stm_gadarian.RData'))

# launch the app
if(interactive()){
  run_stminsights()
}

## End(Not run)
```

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